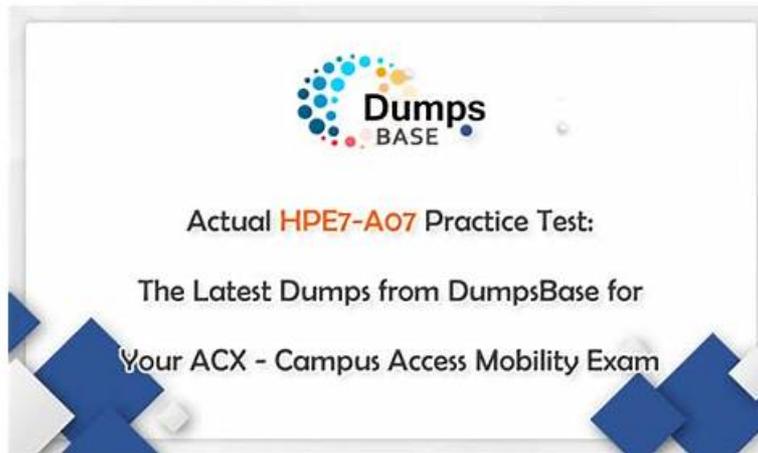


# HP HPE7-A07 Latest Test Pdf & HPE7-A07 Latest Exam Papers



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## HP HPE7-A07 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connectivity: The topic covers developing configurations, applying advanced networking technologies, and identifying design flaws. It tests the skills of a senior HP RF network engineer in creating reliable, high-performing networks tailored to specific customer needs.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Network Resiliency and Virtualization: This section of the Aruba Certified Campus Access Mobility Expert Written exam assesses the expertise of a senior HP RF network engineer in designing and troubleshooting mechanisms for resiliency, redundancy, and fault tolerance. It is crucial for maintaining uninterrupted network services.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Switching: Senior HP RF network engineers must demonstrate proficiency in implementing and troubleshooting Layer 2</li> <li>3 switching, including broadcast domains and interconnection technologies. This ensures seamless and efficient data flow across network segments.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Routing: This Aruba Certified Campus Access Mobility Expert Written exam section measures the ability to design and troubleshoot routing topologies and functions, ensuring that data efficiently navigates through complex networks, a key skill for HP solutions architects.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Performance Optimization: The Aruba Certified Campus Access Mobility Expert Written exam focuses on analyzing and remediating performance issues within a network. It measures the ability of a senior RF network engineer to fine-tune network operations for maximum efficiency and speed.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Troubleshooting: This topic of the HP HPE7-A07 Exam assesses skills of a senior HP RF network engineer in troubleshooting. It also assesses the ability to remediate issues in campus networks. It is vital for ensuring network reliability and minimizing downtime in critical environments.</li> </ul>

Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Network Stack: This topic of the HP HPE7-A07 exam evaluates the ability of a senior HP RF network engineer to analyze and troubleshoot network solutions based on customer issues. Mastery of this ensures effective problem resolution in complex network environments.</li> </ul>
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## HPE7-A07 Latest Exam Papers, Latest HPE7-A07 Test Testking

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### HP Aruba Certified Campus Access Mobility Expert Written Exam Sample Questions (Q23-Q28):

#### NEW QUESTION # 23

A Windows device attempts to connect to an 802.1X network but it is not receiving the correct role. TEAP has been configured as the only authentication method in ClearPass. The wireless configuration is correct. Exhibit.

The screenshot displays two panels from a network management interface. The top panel, titled 'Request Details', shows the following information:

- Summary:** Error Code: 9015, Error Category: RADIUS protocol, Error Message: Client does not support configured EAP methods.
- Alerts for this Request:** RADIUS EAP: Client doesn't support configured EAP methods.

The bottom panel, also titled 'Request Details', shows the 'Computed Attributes' table:

Attribute	Value
Authentication: ErrorCode	9015
Authentication: Full-Username	CHADSLAB\chad
Authentication: Full-Username-Normalized	CHADSLAB\chad
Authentication: MacAuth	NotApplicable
Authentication: OuterMethod	EAP
Authentication: Posture	Unknown
Authentication: OuterMethod	EAP
Authentication: Posture	Unknown
Authentication: Status	Failed
Authentication: Username	CHADSLAB\chad
Connection: AP-Name	AP-655
Connection: Client-Mac-Address-NoDelim	c8348e20001b
Connection: Client-Mac-Address-Upper-Hyphen	C8-34-8E-20-50-4B
Connection: Client-Mac-Vendor	Intel Corporate
Connection: Dest-IP-Address	172.20.50.60
Connection: Dest-Port	1812

At the bottom of the interface, there are navigation buttons: 'Showing 5 of 1-24 records', 'Show Configuration', 'Export', 'Show Logs', and 'Close'.

What is the most likely cause?

- A. The Windows device needs to be configured for TEAP.
- B. Only machine authentication should be configured on the Windows device

- C. ClearPass requires a second authentication method.
- D. 802.1X is not compatible with TEAP in windows device

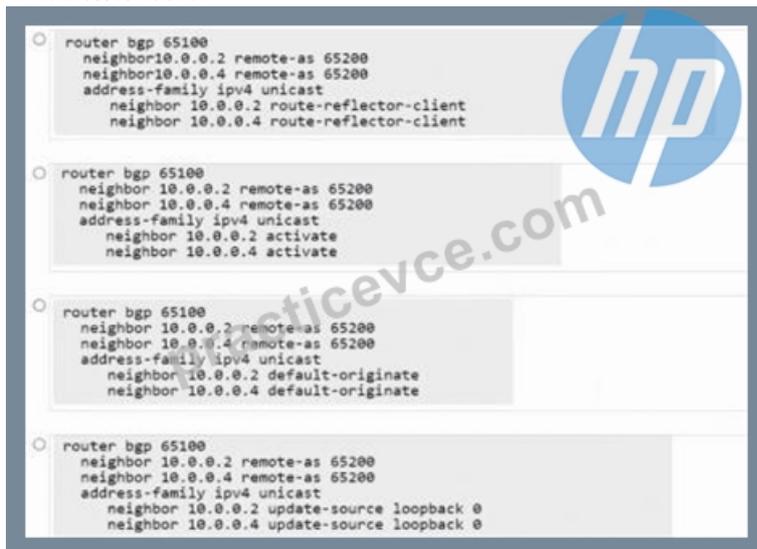
**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The issue likely stems from the Windows device not being configured to use TEAP (Tunneled Extensible Authentication Protocol) as specified in the ClearPass configuration. TEAP is an EAP method that encapsulates an inner EAP method for secure authentication. The Windows device must have TEAP enabled and correctly configured in its network settings to authenticate successfully on the network using ClearPass.

### NEW QUESTION # 24

What should be defined on the Edge-1 to establish valid BGP routing between agg-sw1 and agg-sw2 using BGP protocol using the IP addresses above?



- A. OPTION D
- B. OPTION C
- C. OPTION B
- D. OPTION A

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

In the design shown:

\* The BGP peering between agg-sw1 and agg-sw2 is being established using loopback interfaces as the BGP neighbor addresses (10.0.0.2 and 10.0.0.4)

\* When BGP peering uses loopbacks, you must configure the BGP session to originate updates from the same loopback interface that the neighbor's address resolves to Otherwise, the TCP session fails because:

The source IP does not match the configured neighbor remote-IP which is based on the loopback address Aruba AOS-CX requirement:

"When configuring eBGP or iBGP neighbors using loopback interfaces, apply update-source <loopback> under the IPv4 unicast address family so BGP uses the correct source interface for peering."

### NEW QUESTION # 25

Your customer's employees connected to a wired network are complaining about a poor user experience. The customer has HPE Aruba Networking User Experience Insight (UXI) sensors deployed on their premises.

These sensors have been running for multiple months. They are testing both the wired network (using the wired interface of each sensor) and the wireless networks. Your customer used the UXI dashboard to find the reason for the poor user experience. To find more details, the customer asked you to check the packet captures that have been downloaded from the sensors using the UXI dashboard.

From the .zip file downloaded from the UXI sensors, you checked the "datagrams" .pcap file, but you were not able to find any

issues. How can you explain this?

- A. The "datagrams" .pcap file only contains the successful tests. Failed tests are contained in the " datagrams-failed" .pcap file.
- B. The default filters of the packet captures do not allow failed tests to be captured by the sensor.
- C. The datagrams captured on the physical Ethernet interface are in a different .pcap file.
- D. The UXI sensor could not upload the latest test results to the cloud, so the packet capture is outdated.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of HPE Aruba Networking Switching:

In HPE Aruba Networking User Experience Insight (UXI), when a sensor performs continuous network and application testing, it generates packet captures as part of the diagnostic information available for download from the UXI dashboard. These captures are packaged into a compressed (.zip) file that typically contains multiple .pcap files categorized by test results and test types.

According to the Aruba UXI operational documentation, the sensor separates captured test traffic based on success or failure results for clarity and troubleshooting efficiency. The "datagrams.pcap" file includes only packet captures of successful tests that completed as expected, while the "datagrams-failed.pcap" file contains captures for failed or incomplete tests.

Therefore, if you review only the datagrams.pcap file, you will see data from tests that passed successfully and will not find the failed attempts that may reveal connectivity or performance problems. To analyze failure- related issues (for instance, packet loss, authentication failures, or latency problems), it is necessary to examine the "datagrams-failed.pcap" file included in the same downloaded archive.

This behavior ensures a logical separation between functioning and problematic test sessions and allows engineers to focus analysis on the most relevant captures without confusion between successful and failed transactions.

Reference: Extract based on official HPE Aruba Networking User Experience Insight (UXI) Sensor Administration and Troubleshooting Guide and Aruba Certified Switching Professional (ACSP) Study Guide - User Experience Insight Sensor Operations Section.

#### NEW QUESTION # 26

Throughput	1,905 Mpps	2,000 Mpps	2,607 Mpps	up to 7.142 Bpps
Switching Capacity	2.5 Tbps	6.4Tbs	4.8Tbs	up to 19.20 Tbps
Routing Table Size	131,072 entries (IPv4), 32,732 entries (IPv6)	131,072 entries (IPv4), 32,732 entries (IPv6)	606,977 entries (IPv4), 630,784 entries (IPv6)	1,011,712 entries (IPv4), 524,288 entries (IPv6)
MAC Address Table Size	96K	98,304	212,992	768,000 entries
MACsec Capable Hardware	No	No	On first 4 ports + last 2x40/100G ports	JL363A (32x10G SFP+)
MACsec Software Support	No	No	Yes	No
MACsec with EAP-TLS	No	No	On first 4 ports + last 2x40/100G ports	No
MACsec Capable Uplink Ports	No	No	No	No

The ACME company has CX 8320 switches at the Services-Aggregation layer and CX 6200 switches at the Wired Access Layer. WiFi WLANs are deployed in an L2 model. After implementing IPv6 for wireless clients alongside IPv4, connectivity problems have increased.

What is the most efficient step to resolve this problem?

- A. Migrate to the GW supercluster with two service aggregation layers
- B. Replace the CX 8320 with CX 8325 switches
- C. Replace the CX 8320 with CX 8360 switches
- D. Change the CX 8320 profile from L3-Agg to L3-Core

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The CX 8320 has significantly smaller control-plane scale for route tables-especially IPv6-compared to newer CX platforms. When dual-stacking WLAN clients (adding IPv6 alongside IPv4), the number of routes

/neighbor entries increases markedly. HPE Aruba platform guidance shows:

\* CX 8320/CX 8325 class: ~131K IPv4 and ~32K IPv6 routes.

References: HPE Aruba CX Platform Data-routing table scale by platform (8320 vs 8360); AOS-CX deployment guidance on dual-stack scale at aggregation.



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