

Quiz 2026 H20-923_V1.0: Reliable Online HCSP-Field-Data Center Facility V1.0 Bootcamps



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Huawei H20-923_V1.0 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SmartLi 3.0 (Short-Term Backup Power) Installation: This topic covers the installation procedures for the SmartLi 3.0 system, including hardware setup, cabling requirements, and commissioning steps.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction to the Modular Data Center FusionModule2000: This topic introduces the FusionModule2000 modular data center, covering its design concepts, components, and the scenarios in which it is deployed.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> iManager NetEco 6000 Product Introduction: This topic covers the iManager NetEco 6000 platform, explaining its capabilities as a network and infrastructure management tool used within Huawei data center environments.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Huawei FusionCol8000-A Lab Guide: This is a heavily weighted practical lab section focused on the hands-on deployment, configuration, commissioning, and maintenance of the FusionCol8000-A cooling system in a field-representative setting.

Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to Huawei DCIM Controller ECC800-Pro: This topic introduces the ECC800-Pro Data Center Infrastructure Management controller, covering its architecture, core functions, and role in monitoring and managing data center facility equipment.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training on FusionDC1000A: This topic focuses on the FusionDC1000A prefabricated data center solution, covering its product features, deployment methods, and operational maintenance requirements.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UPS Basic Knowledge: This topic introduces the foundational concepts of Uninterruptible Power Supply systems, including operating modes, topology types, and their role in ensuring power continuity for data center loads.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Huawei DCIM Installation and Deployment Lab Guide: This topic is a guided hands-on section covering the step-by-step installation and initial deployment procedures for Huawei DCIM systems in a lab environment.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to Huawei Precision Air Conditioners: This topic introduces Huawei's precision air conditioning product line, covering unit types, operating principles, key components, and their role in maintaining optimal data center temperatures.
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Knowledge of Power Distribution: This topic covers the fundamental concepts of power distribution within a data center, including electrical principles, distribution topologies, and key components such as switchgear and PDUs.
Topic 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SmartLi 3.0 (Short-Term Backup Power) Product Introduction: This topic introduces Huawei's SmartLi 3.0 lithium-based short-term backup power solution, covering its product architecture, key features, and application scenarios.
Topic 12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UPS5000H Product Training: This topic provides in-depth product training on the Huawei UPS5000H, covering its technical specifications, system architecture, operating modes, and configuration options.
Topic 13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data Center Cooling Solutions: This topic provides an overview of cooling technologies and strategies used in data centers, including air-side and water-side cooling architectures and Huawei's approach to thermal management.
Topic 14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FusionCol8000-A230 In-Room Air Cooled (Air-Cooled Fan Wall) Smart Cooling Product: This topic addresses the FusionCol8000-A230 air-cooled fan wall solution, covering its working principles, product specifications, installation considerations, and smart cooling management capabilities.
Topic 15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training on FusionModule2000 Deployment and Maintenance: This topic covers the practical aspects of setting up and maintaining the FusionModule2000, including installation procedures, configuration steps, and routine maintenance tasks.

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Huawei HCSP-Field-Data Center Facility V1.0 Sample Questions (Q10-Q15):

NEW QUESTION # 10

The frequency of power supply equipment can be 50 Hz, 60 Hz, or 70 Hz.

- A. False
- B. True

Answer: A

Explanation:

In data center power systems, the utility grid frequency standard is either 50 Hz or 60 Hz, depending on the country/region. Data center facility equipment—such as UPS systems, power distribution units, switchgear, and monitoring components—is designed to operate reliably under these standardized grid frequencies, with acceptable tolerance ranges around the nominal value. While some power conversion equipment can adapt between 50/60 Hz (for example, via frequency tracking or double-conversion), 70 Hz is not a standard utility frequency used for data center facility power supply, and it is not treated as a normal operating frequency in typical design, acceptance testing, or O&M procedures. From an operations perspective, maintaining correct frequency is critical because abnormal frequency can trigger UPS transfer logic, increase losses, create synchronization issues with bypass sources, and negatively affect downstream IT loads. Therefore, stating that power supply equipment frequency "can be 50 Hz, 60 Hz, or 70 Hz" is incorrect for standard data center infrastructure practice.

NEW QUESTION # 11

Which of the following control modes can be used for temperature and humidity control of smart cooling products?

- A. Supply air
- B. Cold aisle
- C. Return air
- D. Hot aisle

Answer: A,B,C

Explanation:

Smart cooling temperature and humidity control is based on where the control "reference point" is measured and regulated. Supply air control uses the unit outlet sensor as the main reference, so the system directly regulates the temperature (and humidity when configured) of the air delivered to the IT area. This provides stable supply conditions and is widely used for predictable airflow organization. Return air control uses the unit inlet/return sensor as the reference, reflecting the heat absorbed from IT loads; it helps the unit respond to real load changes and maintain stable operation when room mixing or load distribution varies. Cold aisle control uses sensors placed in the cold aisle (near rack inlets) as the reference, aligning control with the most critical point for IT reliability—server intake conditions—especially in contained aisle scenarios. Hot aisle is generally not used as a primary temperature-and-humidity control mode because hot aisle conditions are intentionally high and variable (driven by load and containment), and controlling to hot aisle targets can conflict with ensuring stable rack inlet temperature and proper dehumidification behavior. Therefore, A, B, and C are valid control modes.

NEW QUESTION # 12

When a critical alarm is generated in a lithium battery cabinet and the buzzer beeps continuously, the status of the indicator on the MDU is

- A. Steady red
- B. Blinking red fast
- C. Steady yellow
- D. Blinking yellow fast

Answer: B

Explanation:

In Huawei lithium battery cabinet alarm design, the MDU indicator and buzzer are coordinated to help O&M personnel immediately judge alarm severity without logging into a management system. A critical alarm indicates that the battery system may no longer be in a fully safe or supported operating state and requires urgent handling, such as load protection actions, isolation, or immediate inspection. For this highest severity level, the cabinet uses the most prominent visual pattern: red with fast blinking, paired with a continuous buzzer, to ensure the condition cannot be overlooked in an equipment room environment. Yellow indicators are reserved for lower severities such as warnings or minor/major alarms, where the system remains controllable and the required response can be scheduled. A steady red is typically used to indicate a persistent fault state or stop condition, whereas fast blinking red + continuous buzzer is the clear "critical, urgent" combination that triggers immediate on-site response and rapid fault localization (such as checking protection events, contactor status, temperature/voltage exceptions, and isolation conditions).

NEW QUESTION # 13

The UPS5000-H-1200 kVA and UPS5000-H-1600 kVA have two power cabinets and one bypass cabinet, and are equipped with the MDU, ECU, and surge protection box.

- A. False
- B. True

Answer: A

Explanation:

This statement is incorrect because it combines two different frame configurations into one description. In the UPS5000-H family, cabinet composition depends on capacity. For the UPS5000-H-1200 kVA, the user manual's exterior description shows a single power cabinet plus a bypass cabinet, together with the MDU. In other words, 1200 kVA is not described as "two power cabinets + one bypass cabinet" in its standard cabinet topology. By contrast, the UPS5000-H-1600 kVA is a wider frame and its maintenance/structure description explicitly shows Power cabinet 1, Power cabinet 2, and a bypass cabinet, and the product documentation also includes component sections for items like the surge protection box and MDU. Because the 1200 kVA model does not match the "two power cabinets" description, the combined statement (covering both 1200 kVA and 1600 kVA) is false, even though the "two power cabinets + one bypass cabinet" part is valid for 1600 kVA.

NEW QUESTION # 14

Which of the following interfaces is used to connect the controller and the main control module of the unit?

- A. I2C/12v
- B. DP
- C. USB
- D. SW

Answer: A

Explanation:

In Huawei precision cooling units, the LCD controller (human-machine interface) must exchange real-time operating data and commands with the unit's main control module while also receiving a stable low-voltage power supply. This connection is typically implemented as a low-voltage communication bus plus DC power, which is why the interface is identified as I2C/12V. The I2C portion provides the data channel used for status display, parameter viewing/setting (within permission scope), alarm presentation, and command delivery (such as mute, reset, or control enable actions). The 12 V portion supplies power to the controller so it can operate independently of high-voltage power circuits and remain safe to access during routine O&M. Interfaces like DP and USB are not used as the internal control link between the HMI and the main control board in this type of unit, and "SW" is not the designated controller-to-main-board interface in the standard wiring definition. Therefore, I2C/12V is the correct selection.

NEW QUESTION # 15

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