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Salesforce Development-Lifecycle-and-Deployment-Architect Certification Exam is designed for professionals who specialize in managing the development and deployment of applications on the Salesforce platform. Salesforce Certified Development Lifecycle and Deployment Architect certification validates the skills and knowledge required to design, build, and deploy scalable and efficient solutions that meet business requirements. It also focuses on the best practices for managing the entire development lifecycle, from planning and design to testing and deployment.

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Salesforce Development-Lifecycle-and-Deployment-Architect is a certification exam offered by Salesforce, which is designed to test the knowledge and skills of individuals working in the field of Salesforce development and deployment. Development-Lifecycle-and-Deployment-Architect exam is intended for professionals who have experience in designing, developing, and deploying Salesforce applications and solutions.

Earning the Salesforce Certified Development Lifecycle and Deployment Architect certification is a significant achievement and can open up new career opportunities for developers who want to specialize in Salesforce development. It demonstrates a deep understanding of the platform and the ability to design and implement complex solutions that meet the needs of organizations of all sizes and industries.

Salesforce Certified Development Lifecycle and Deployment Architect Sample Questions (Q39-Q44):

NEW QUESTION # 39

Universal Containers (UC) is implementing Service Cloud UC's contact center receives 100 phone calls per hour and operates across North America ,Europe and APAC regions. UC wants the application to be responsive and scalable to support 150 calls considering future growth. what should be recommended test load consideration

- A. Testing load considering 10xthe current call volume.
- B. Testing load considering current call volume.
- **C. Testing load considering 50% more call volume.**
- D. Testing load considering half the call volume.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 40

Universal Containers (UC) has a recruiting application using Metadata API version 35, and deployed it in production last year. The current Salesforce platform is running on API version 36.A new field has been introduced on the object Apex page in API version 36. A UC developer has developed a new Apex page that contains the new field and is trying to deploy the page using the previous deployment script that uses API version 35. What will happen during the deployment?

- **A. The deployment script will fail because the new field is not known for the previous API version 35.**
- B. The deployment script will fail because the platform doesn't support the previous API version 35.
- C. The deployment script will pass because the new field is backward compatible with the previous API version 35.
- D. The deployment script will pass because the new field is supported on the current platform version.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 41

Universal Containers is in the final stages of building a new application to track custom containers. During a review of the application, a business subject Matter Expert mentioned that it would be nice to be able to track additional container types beyond what was originally scoped during the plan and design phase. Which two actions should be performed to mitigate the risk? Choose 2 answers.

- **A. Escalate and communicate to stakeholders the risk and mitigate it by extending the timeline of the project to support the new requirement based on stakeholders' input.**
- **B. Escalate and communicate to stakeholders the risk and mitigate it by allocating additional resources to support the new requirement based on stakeholders' input.**
- C. Have a discussion with the business subject Matter Expert and communicate that anew developer environment will be needed to mitigate the risk.
- D. Have a discussion with the business subject Matter Expert and communicate that the Salesforce has limitations in supporting such a feature to mitigate the risk.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

Explanation

Escalating and communicating to stakeholders the risk and mitigating it by allocating additional resources or extending the timeline of

the project to support the new requirement based on stakeholders' input are two actions that should be performed to mitigate the risk. These actions help to manage the scope change and ensure that the project is delivered with the expected quality and functionality.

NEW QUESTION # 42

Metadata API supports deploy () and retrieve () calls for file-based deployment.

Which two scenarios are the primary use cases for writing code to call retrieve () and deploy () methods directly?

Choose 2 answers

- A. Development of a custom application in a sandbox organization. After completing development and testing, the application is then deployed into a production organization using Metadata API.
- B. Development of a custom application in a scratch org. After completing development and testing, the application is then deployed into an upper sandbox using Salesforce CLI(SFDX)
- C. Team development of an application in a Developer Edition organization. After completing development and testing, the application is Distributed via Lightning Platform AppExchange.
- D. Development of a customization in a sandbox organization. The deployment team then utilize the Ant Migration Tool to deploy the customization to an upper sandbox for testing.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Explanation

The Metadata API is mainly used for file-based deployment, such as deploying an application from a Developer Edition org to the AppExchange, or from a sandbox org to a production org. The Ant Migration Tool is a wrapper around the Metadata API, so it is not a direct use case for writing code to call retrieve() and deploy() methods. The Salesforce CLI (SFDX) uses the Source-Driven Development model, which relies on the source code as the source of truth, rather than the Metadata API.

NEW QUESTION # 43

Universal Containers (UC) environment management architect is using the package development model for deployment to different orgs.

Which metadata changes does the architect need to track manually?

- A. No manual tracking required. All changes are automatically tracked.
- B. Only the changes made via the Setup UI.
- C. All metadata changes for the release.
- D. Changes to components not yet supported by source tracking.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The package development model relies on source tracking to automatically track the metadata changes in the package project. However, not all metadata components are supported by source tracking, and some changes may need to be tracked manually. For example, changes to profiles, permission sets, custom metadata types, and custom settings are not supported by source tracking. You can find the list of unsupported components here1. No manual tracking is required for the changes that are supported by source tracking, nor for the changes made via the Setup UI, as they are automatically captured by the package development model.

NEW QUESTION # 44

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