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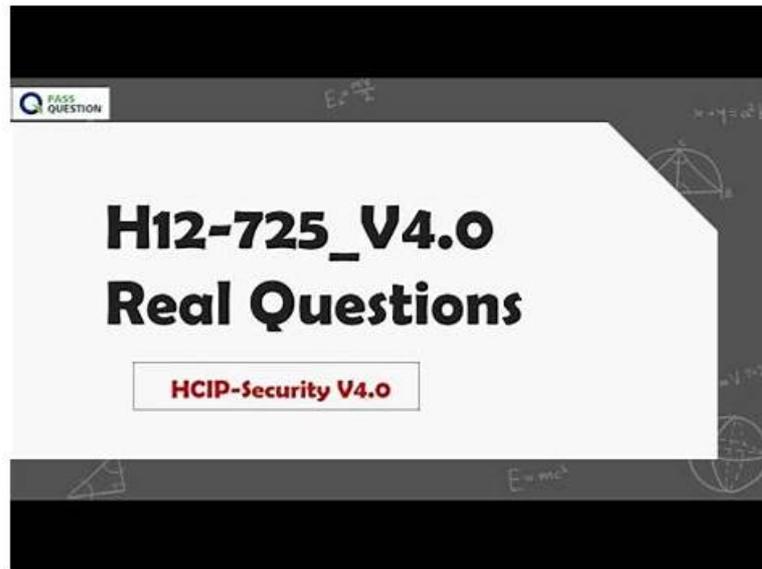

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The HCIP-Security V4.0 certification exam is a computer-based exam that consists of 60 multiple-choice questions. H12-725_V4.0 exam duration is 90 minutes, and the passing score is 60 out of 100. H12-725_V4.0 Exam is available in English and Chinese languages. H12-725_V4.0 exam fee varies by region, and candidates can register for the exam through the Huawei certification website.

Huawei HCIP-Security V4.0 Sample Questions (Q32-Q37):

NEW QUESTION # 32
The figure shows the defense mechanism of an HTTP flood attack. Which source IP detection technology is displayed in the figure?
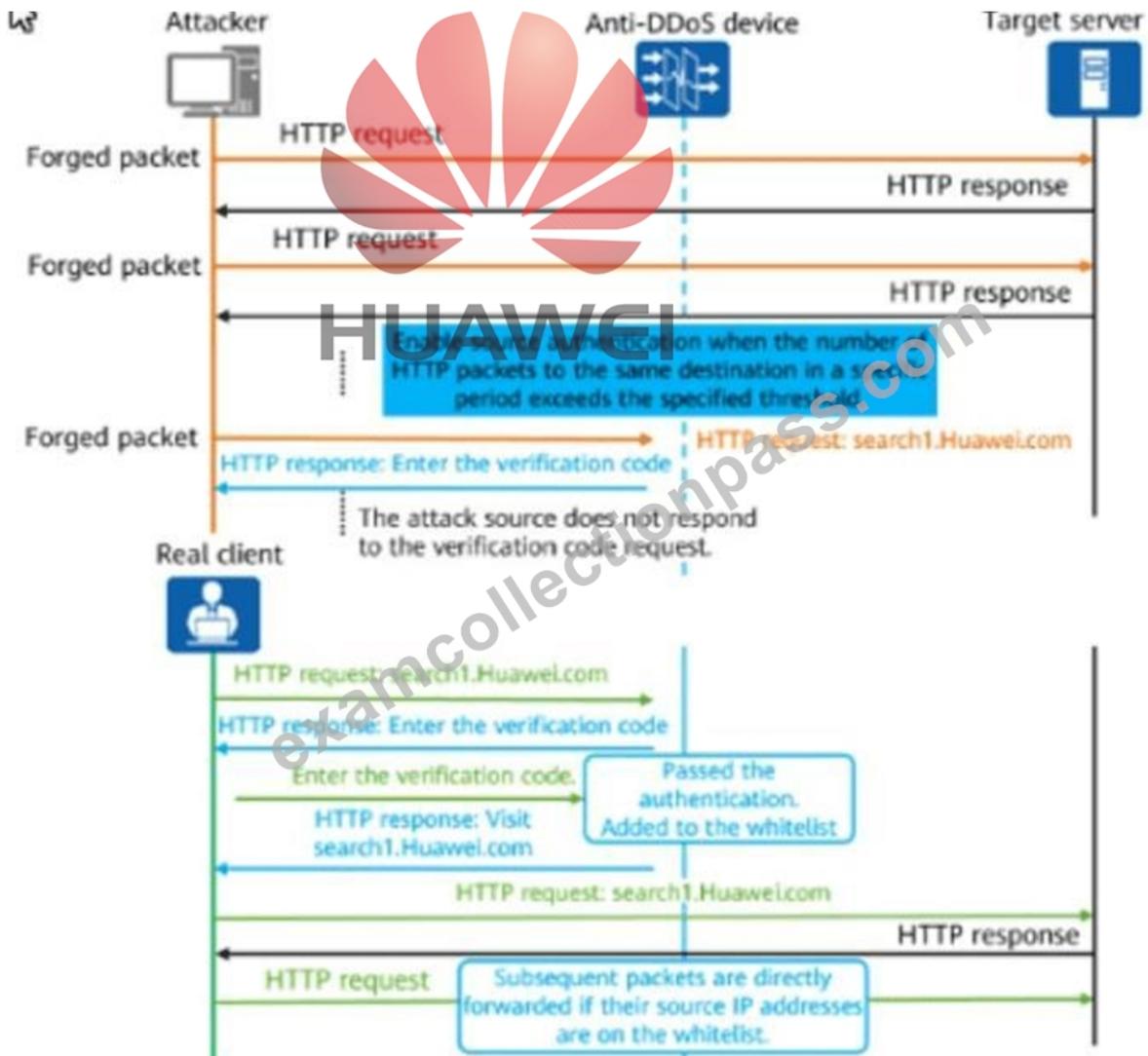
- A. 302 redirect mode
- B. Basic mode
- C. URI monitoring
- D. Enhanced mode

Answer: D

Explanation:

1##Understanding HTTP Flood Attacks:

* An HTTP flood attackis a type of DDoS attack where an attacker sendsa large number of HTTP requeststo a target server, overloading its resources.

* Attackers often use botnets or spoofed IP addressesto send forged HTTP requests, making it difficult to differentiate between legitimate and malicious traffic.

2##What is Happening in the Figure?

* TheAnti-DDoS devicedetects an abnormally high number of HTTP requests fromcertain IPs.

* Itchallenges suspicious clientsby requiring them to complete an authentication step (such as entering a verification code).

* Legitimate users can pass the authentication and get whitelisted, while bots and attackers fail to respond and are blocked.

3##Why is "Enhanced Mode" the Correct Answer?

* Enhanced Modeis an advancedsource IP detection technologythat uses verificationcodes or JavaScript challenges to distinguish real users frombots.

* Key features of Enhanced Mode:

* Verification challenge(e.g., CAPTCHA, JavaScript check).

* Whitelisting of verified usersto prevent further verification delays.

* Blocks attack sources that fail to respond to verification.

* In the figure, the systemprompts suspicious users to enter a verification codebefore allowing further access.

* Attackers typicallydo not respond, while legitimate userscomplete the challenge and continue browsing normally.

HCIP-Security References:

* Huawei HCIP-Security Guide# HTTP Flood Attack Protection
* Huawei Anti-DDoS Solution Guide# Source IP Detection Methods
* Huawei WAF Documentation# Enhanced Mode for Web Attack Mitigation

NEW QUESTION # 33
Which of the following statements is false about Eth-Trunk?(Select All that Apply)

- A. An Eth-Trunk must have at least one active link.
- B. An Eth-Trunk must have at least two member links.
- C. An Eth-Trunk interface is a logical interface.
- D. An Eth-Trunk interface can be a Layer 2 or Layer 3 interface.

Answer: B

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:
* Eth-Trunk can be created with just one member link; it isnot mandatory to have two links.
* At least one active link is requiredfor the Eth-Trunk to function.
* Eth-Trunk is a logical interfacethat can work atLayer 2 or Layer 3.
* Why is A false?
* Whilemultiple links are recommended, an Eth-Trunkcan work with just one active link.
HCIP-Security References:
* Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # Ethernet Trunking
* Huawei USG Firewalls Link Aggregation Guide

NEW QUESTION # 34
Which of the following statements is false about hot standby networking?(Select All that Apply)

- A. In active/standby mode, configuration commands and status information are backed up from the active device to the standby device.
- B. In load-sharing mode, both devices process traffic. Therefore, this mode supports more peak traffic than the active/standby or mirroring mode.
- C. In load-sharing mode, both firewalls are active. Therefore, if both firewalls synchronize commands to each other, commands may be overwritten or conflict with each other.
- D. In load-sharing mode, configuration commands can be backed up only from the configuration standby device to the configuration active device.

Answer: C,D

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:
* Hot standby networkingensureshigh availabilityby keeping a backup firewall ready in case of failure.
* Two main modes exist:
* Active/Standby Mode# One firewall is active, and the other remains standby. Configuration is synchronized fromactive # standby.
* Load-Sharing Mode# Both firewallsprocess traffic simultaneously, improving performance.
* Why is A false?
* InLoad-Sharing Mode, both firewalls are active, butconfiguration synchronization does not cause conflicts. Instead, the firewalls synchronize states properly.
* Why is D false?
* InLoad-Sharing Mode, configuration is always synchronizedfrom the active firewall to the standby firewall, not the other way around.
HCIP-Security References:
* Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # Hot Standby Configuration
* Huawei USG Firewalls High Availability Guide

NEW QUESTION # 35
Before configuring DDoS attack defense, you must configure different thresholds for defense against different types of attacks. Each

threshold can be considered an upper limit for normal network traffic.

When the rate of traffic exceeds the pre-configured threshold, the firewall considers it to be attack traffic and takes a corresponding action to defend against it.

- A. FALSE
- B. TRUE

Answer: B

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:
* DDoS defense mechanisms rely on threshold settings to distinguish between normal and attack traffic.
* Thresholds define:
* Maximum allowed traffic volume.
* When exceeded, firewalls trigger mitigation actions (blocking, rate-limiting, etc.).
* Why is this statement true?
* Threshold-based detection is a fundamental part of DDoS mitigation.
HCIP-Security References:
* Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # DDoS Attack Prevention Thresholds

NEW QUESTION # 36

Which of the following statements is false about web rewriting in web proxy?

- A. Images may be misplaced.
- B. The fonts may be incomplete.
- C. The intranet server addresses can be hidden, ensuring high security.
- D. Internet Explorer controls are required.

Answer: D

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:
* Web rewriting in web proxy modifies web page content for security and access control.
* Issues with web rewriting include:
* A is true# Server addresses can be hidden.
* B is true# Images may be misaligned due to rewriting.
* C is true# Fonts may be incomplete.
* D is false# Web rewriting does not require Internet Explorer controls.
HCIP-Security References:
* Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # Web Proxy and Web Rewriting

NEW QUESTION # 37

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