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CBCI ACTUAL EXAM 100 QUESTIONS AND VERIFIED ANSWERS 2024. A+ GRADE

- 1. What does the business continuity policy do:** It sets out the purpose, scope and governance of the business continuity programme
- 2. If an organisation doesn't have any business continuity capacity:** Get an interim structure and plan in place
- 3. The BCP should be what:** Short, precise and to the point
- 4. Business Continuity should include:** Definition for use.
Objectives and scope
Roles and responsibilities
Legals and standards
Identification of interested parties
Measurement and review frequency and methods
Sign off and comms
- 5. The definition of scope should be?:** Which areas of the organisation are included and which aren't.
A grasp of the organisation's strategies, objectives and culture and its risk appetite.
Also list its regulatory constraints
- 6. Business continuity governance focuses on:** Oversight and support.
Monitoring and review.

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Web-based Certificate of the Business Continuity Institute (CBCI) (CBCI) practice exam is a convenient format to evaluate and improve preparation for the exam. It is a CBCI browser-based application, which means you can access it from any operating system with an internet connection and a web browser. Unlike the desktop-based exam simulation software, the Certificate of the Business Continuity Institute (CBCI) (CBCI) browser-based practice test requires no plugins and software installation.

BCI CBCI Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Introduction: This section lays the groundwork for newcomers to business continuity by clarifying what business continuity is, why it matters in organizational resilience, and how its fundamental practices interconnect under the Good Practice Guidelines (GPG) framework.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Analysis This module dives into the analytical stage, focusing on tools such as Business Impact Analysis (BIA) and risk assessment to identify critical functions and vulnerabilities—essential for understanding what the organization must protect and why.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation: This section covers putting the designed continuity strategies into action, including creating and deploying incident response and business continuity plans, structuring effective response teams, and ensuring operational readiness.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Validation: This final module emphasizes testing and verifying the effectiveness of implemented plans through exercises and reviews—ensuring that what was designed and implemented actually performs as intended under real-world conditions.

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Quiz CBCI - Newest Certificate of the Business Continuity Institute (CBCI) Latest Exam Labs

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BCI Certificate of the Business Continuity Institute (CBCI) Sample Questions (Q15-Q20):

NEW QUESTION # 15

Which of the following statements best describes the relationship between Business Continuity strategies and solutions?

- A. Strategies align to the direction set out in the Business Continuity policy whilst solutions address the outlined objectives in the Business Continuity Management System (BCMS)
- B. Strategies are based on the outcomes of the Business Impact Analysis (BIA) whereas solutions are based on the outcomes of the risk assessment
- **C. Strategies are high-level approaches for meeting the organization's Business Continuity requirements whereas solutions detail how the strategies will be implemented**
- D. Strategies focus on the methods and procedures for business as usual activities whereas solutions focus on the treatments and actions to minimize risks

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to CBCI 7.0, strategies represent the high-level approaches that define how the organization will maintain or recover critical operations, aligned with Business Continuity requirements identified through BIAs and risk assessments. Solutions, on the other hand, are the specific, detailed methods and resources deployed to implement these strategies effectively. Strategies set the direction, while solutions translate these into practical capabilities such as alternate site arrangements, backup systems, or communication plans.

Distinguishing strategies from solutions clarifies planning and execution responsibilities within the BCMS.

Reference: CBCI 7.0 Study Guide, Module 5: Solutions Design, pages 88-90.

NEW QUESTION # 16

An effective response structure includes:

- **A. Knowledge of when key suppliers and external stakeholders should be notified and included in the response**
- B. Personnel in place to assess and measure the performance of responders during a disruption
- C. Flexibility to change policies and procedures during a disruption without consulting top management
- D. Unlimited access to financial resources during a disruption

Answer: A

Explanation:

According to the CBCI 7.0 course, an effective response structure must incorporate clear protocols for timely notification of key suppliers and external stakeholders. This ensures coordinated response efforts and mitigates cascading impacts. Unlimited financial access is unrealistic and can lead to mismanagement.

Changes to policies require governance and cannot be unilaterally made during disruptions. While performance measurement is important, notification protocols are fundamental to structured, controlled, and communicative response efforts.

Reference: CBCI 7.0 Study Guide, Module 2: Response Structures, pages 76-78.

NEW QUESTION # 17

Which type of exercise is always carried out in the normal operational environment, alternative premises, or command centres and is designed to include everyone that could be involved in the response if the incident were real?

- A. Scenario
- B. Discussion-based
- C. Simulation
- D. Live

Answer: D

Explanation:

The CBCI 7.0 course describes live exercises as the most comprehensive type of Business Continuity exercise.

These are conducted in actual or alternate operational environments, including command centres, to simulate real incident conditions as closely as possible. Live exercises involve all personnel who would participate in an actual incident response, testing systems, processes, communication, and physical infrastructure. Their scope, realism, and inclusiveness help identify practical issues that other exercise types may miss. They require significant resources and planning but provide critical assurance of organizational preparedness under authentic conditions.

Reference: CBCI 7.0 Study Guide, Module 6: Exercising and Validation, pages 120-122.

NEW QUESTION # 18

Strategies to resume business operations following a disruption are based on the outcomes of the:

- A. Governance structures established for the Business Continuity Management System (BCMS)
- B. Analysis of Maximum Tolerable Period of Disruption (MTPD) and Recovery Time Objectives (RTO)
- C. Collaborations generated by the organization's Business Continuity culture
- D. Negotiations with stakeholders regarding their minimum requirements in a disruption

Answer: B

Explanation:

The CBCI 7.0 course clarifies that strategies for resuming operations are developed primarily based on the analysis of the Maximum Tolerable Period of Disruption (MTPD) and the Recovery Time Objectives (RTO).

The MTPD defines the maximum duration an activity can be disrupted before causing intolerable impact, while the RTO sets the target time to restore that activity. These recovery parameters provide clear, measurable goals for strategy development, ensuring continuity efforts focus on minimizing downtime and impact. Although stakeholder input and organizational culture influence strategy implementation, the technical parameters of MTPD and RTO form the foundational basis for solutions.

Reference: CBCI 7.0 Study Guide, Module 3: Recovery Objectives, pages 56-59.

NEW QUESTION # 19

When coordinating a Business Continuity Management System (BCMS), a steering group should be established to oversee, advise and make recommendations as the BCMS is established. The steering group should comprise:

- A. Multi-disciplinary experts who are familiar with the operation of the organization
- B. Only Business Continuity professionals and any available administrative support
- C. Customers and suppliers that are familiar with the way the organization works and can make recommendations from an external perspective
- D. Only top management

Answer: A

