

ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor Test Dump | Customizable ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor Exam Mode



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For starters and professionals PECB Certified ISO 45001 Lead Auditor Exam play a significant role to verify skills, experience, and knowledge in a specific technology. Enrollment in the PECB Certified ISO 45001 Lead Auditor Exam ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor is open to everyone. Upon completion of PECB Certified ISO 45001 Lead Auditor Exam ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor Exam Questions' particular criteria. Participants in the ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor Questions come from all over the world and receive the credentials for the PECB Certified ISO 45001 Lead Auditor Exam ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor Questions. They can quickly advance their careers in the fiercely competitive market and benefit from certification after earning the ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor Questions badge. However, passing the PECB Certified ISO 45001 Lead Auditor Exam ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor is the primary concern.

PECB ISO-45001-Lead-Auditor Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing an ISO 45001 audit program: This section of the exam measures the skills of Audit Managers and covers the management of an ongoing ISO 45001 audit program. It focuses on scheduling audits, maintaining auditor competency, and ensuring continuous improvement within the auditing process. One skill to be measured is implementing strategies for effective audit program management.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conducting an ISO 45001 audit: This section of the exam measures the skills of Lead Auditors and covers the execution of an ISO 45001 audit. It focuses on gathering evidence, interviewing personnel, and assessing compliance with OHSMS requirements during the audit process.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Closing an ISO 45001 audit: This section of the exam measures the skills of Audit Consultants and covers the procedures for concluding an ISO 45001 audit. It emphasizes reporting results, discussing findings with stakeholders, and ensuring follow-up actions are planned.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Domain 4: Preparing for an ISO 45001 audit: This section of the exam measures the skills of Audit Consultants and covers the preparation process for conducting an ISO 45001 audit. It emphasizes planning, resource allocation, and establishing audit objectives to ensure a thorough evaluation.
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PECB Certified ISO 45001 Lead Auditor Exam Sample Questions (Q73-Q78):

NEW QUESTION # 73

ISO 45001 requires the organisation to maintain and retain documented OH&SMS information. Check each statement and determine which two are true:

- A. Industry-specific standards provided by the client should be maintained.
- B. The results of emergency drills should be kept.
- C. The terms "maintain" and "retain" can be used interchangeably."
- D. A documented plan for achieving occupational health and safety objectives should be maintained.
- E. Documented information to be retained includes material safety data sheets.
- F. The occupational health and safety policy is an example of a document to be kept.

Answer: D,F

NEW QUESTION # 74

You are an audit team leader overseeing the activity of a trainee auditor. Your team has just completed a surveillance audit and is assembling the final report.

The trainee has not contributed to a final report before and is clearly struggling with what she should provide to you for inclusion. Which three of her following statements would be appropriate?

- A. The guide was trying to be helpful and would not stop talking during the audit.
- B. The maintenance team could not replace a lightbulb, let alone an air conditioning unit.
- C. The Sales Manager said he had forgotten the password to the Sales Ordering system and so too had everyone else In his department
- D. The audit client's objectives for this audit were never realistic. That's why we were unable to complete the audit plan.
- E. The OHS Manager disagreed with me In respect of all of the nonconformances I raised. He still does not accept any of them.
- F. The Sales Manager was kind and seems to be a nice person.
- G. The OHS Management team were extremely helpful and went out of their way to facilitate access to required records.
- H. The Production Manager is kicky to have a job as he does not appear to understand how anything works around here.

Answer: C,D,G

Explanation:

Audit reports should focus on objective evidence, observations, and findings relevant to the management system and the audit process. Personal opinions, unrelated remarks, or derogatory comments are inappropriate.

Analysis of Statements:

A. The guide was trying to be helpful and would not stop talking during the audit:

Incorrect. This is irrelevant to the audit findings or conclusions.

B. The Sales Manager was kind and seems to be a nice person:

Incorrect. Personal opinions about individuals are not appropriate in audit reports.

C . The audit client's objectives for this audit were never realistic. That's why we were unable to complete the audit plan:

Correct. This is relevant as it relates to the audit process and highlights challenges in meeting objectives.

D . The maintenance team could not replace a lightbulb, let alone an air conditioning unit:

Incorrect. This is derogatory and irrelevant to the audit report.

E . The OHS Management team were extremely helpful and went out of their way to facilitate access to required records:

Correct. This is a valid observation about cooperation during the audit process.

F . The OHS Manager disagreed with me in respect of all of the nonconformances I raised. He still does not accept any of them:

Incorrect. While disagreements may occur, this statement is overly subjective and not constructive.

G . The Production Manager is lucky to have a job as he does not appear to understand how anything works around here:

Incorrect. Personal attacks or irrelevant judgments have no place in the report.

H . The Sales Manager said he had forgotten the password to the Sales Ordering system and so too had everyone else in his department:

Correct. This relates to system access and could indicate a nonconformance or an opportunity for improvement.

ISO Reference:

ISO 19011:2018, Clause 6.7: Reporting audit results.

NEW QUESTION # 75

According to ISO 45001, who should participate in the continuous improvement of the health and safety management system?

- A. Everyone, at all levels of the company
- B. Top management only
- C. Top management, senior officers and designated safety representatives only
- D. Top management and senior officers only

Answer: A

Explanation:

ISO 45001 emphasizes worker participation and engagement at all levels of the organization to support continuous improvement (Clause 5.4 and Clause 10.3). Continuous improvement requires input from everyone, including workers who identify hazards, report incidents, and contribute to safety enhancements.

Analysis of Options:

* A. Everyone, at all levels of the company:Correct. Clause 5.4 explicitly includes all levels of the organization in consultation and participation, fostering continuous improvement.

* B. Top management and senior officers only:Incorrect. While top management plays a crucial role in leadership, ISO 45001 extends the responsibility for participation to all levels.

* C. Top management, senior officers, and designated safety representatives only:Incorrect. Limiting participation to designated representatives excludes a significant portion of the workforce from the improvement process.

* D. Top management only:Incorrect. While top management must lead and commit to continuous improvement, their involvement alone is insufficient under ISO 45001.

ISO References:

* Clause 5.4: Worker consultation and participation.

* Clause 10.3: Continual improvement.

NEW QUESTION # 76

An auditor 's personal behaviour during an audit is key to ensuring that the audit objectives are achieved.

Match each of the descriptions to the correct type of behaviour.

To complete the table click on the blank section you want to complete so it is highlighted in red and then click on the applicable text from the options below. Alternatively, drag and drop each of the following descriptions.

□

Answer:

Explanation:

□ Explanation:

Ethical - C

Diplomatic - F

Open to improvement - B

Perceptive - E

These behaviours are standard auditor personal attributes used in lead auditor training and are aligned with audit competence guidance.

Ethical - C. Fair, truthful, sincere, honest, discreet

An ethical auditor acts with integrity. This includes honesty, truthfulness, sincerity, fairness, and discretion when handling audit evidence, findings, and confidential information. Ethical behaviour is essential because audit conclusions must be trusted and based on professional conduct.

Diplomatic - F. Tactful in dealing with individuals

A diplomatic auditor interacts with people carefully and respectfully. During audits, questions may be sensitive, findings may be difficult to communicate, and interviewees may feel pressure. Being tactful helps maintain cooperation and supports effective evidence gathering.

Open to improvement - B. Willing to learn from situations

An auditor who is open to improvement learns from audit experience, changing conditions, and new information. This behaviour supports continual development and better audit effectiveness over time.

Perceptive - E. Aware of and able to understand situations

A perceptive auditor recognizes what is happening in the audit environment and understands the significance of what is seen, heard, and observed. This helps the auditor detect inconsistencies, identify risks, and understand process realities beyond prepared answers.

Why the other options are not used here:

* A. Persistent and focused on objectives describes tenacious behaviour.

* D. Actively observing surroundings/activities describes observant behaviour.

So the correct matching is:

Ethical - C

Diplomatic - F

Open to improvement - B

Perceptive - E

NEW QUESTION # 77

When calculating an ISO 45001 third party initial audit duration, which two of the following statements are false?

- A. Consider the number of sites to be sampled
- B. Think about the complexity of the organization's business
- C. Consider the number of functions related to OHS management
- D. Include outsourced processes
- E. Incorporate the time taken to travel to/from the audit location
- F. Include the time allocated for lunch breaks

Answer: E,F

Explanation:

Comprehensive Detailed Explanation along with All ISO 45001 Audit Reference Analysis of Each Option:

A . Consider the number of functions related to OHS management.

True.

The number of functions related to OHS management directly impacts the audit duration. More functions require additional time for the auditor to review documentation, processes, and implementation across those areas.

Reference: IAF MD 5:2020, Clause 2.3.1 (factors affecting audit time).

B . Consider the number of sites to be sampled.

True.

For multi-site organizations, the number of sites to be sampled is critical in calculating audit duration. Sampling requirements are determined using guidelines such as IAF MD 1:2022 and depend on the complexity, size, and risks associated with each site.

Reference: IAF MD 1:2022, Clause 4.2.

C . Include outsourced processes.

True.

Outsourced processes that affect the OHS management system must be evaluated as part of the audit. This includes reviewing the organization's control over such processes. Auditing these aspects impacts the audit duration.

Reference: ISO 45001:2018, Clause 8.1.4 and IAF MD 5:2020, Clause 2.3.1.

D . Include the time allocated for lunch breaks.

False.

Lunch breaks are not considered part of the audit duration as they do not contribute to the assessment of the management system. Audit time calculations exclude non-working hours, including breaks.

Reference: IAF MD 5:2020, Clause 2.5.

