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GAQM CDCS-001 Certified Data Centre Specialist (CDCS) 2

CDCS-001 Online Tests & CDCS-001 Prüfungen

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GAQM Certified Data Centre Specialist (CDCS) CDCS-001 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q14-Q19):

14. Frage
_____ protects electrical equipment from damage caused by overload or short circuit.

- A. IEC cable
- B. Volt switch
- C. Server
- D. Circuit breaker

Antwort: D

Begründung:
Explanation
A circuit breaker is a device that protects electrical equipment from damage caused by overload or short circuit. It does this by automatically disconnecting the power supply when it detects a surge or drop in voltage, preventing the equipment from being damaged.

15. Frage
Which mounted system can use any of the five heat removal methodologies?

- A. Floor Mounted System
- B. Chilled Mounted System
- C. Air Mounted System
- D. Ceiling Mounted System

Antwort: D

16. Frage
True or False: Human error is a major cause of data center downtime

- A. True
- B. False

Antwort: A

Begründung:
Explanation
Human error is a major cause of data center downtime. Human mistakes are one of the top causes of

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EXIN CDCS Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data Centre Life Cycle and Standards: This section of the exam measures the skills of data center professionals and covers the various stages involved in the life cycle of a data center, from planning and design to implementation and decommissioning.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data Centre Environmental Considerations and Efficiency: This section evaluates the proficiency of data center professionals in addressing environmental factors and promoting efficiency within data center operations. The target audience, including data center managers and engineers, will be tested on their ability to identify and implement measures that enhance energy efficiency, cooling management, and sustainable practices.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Designing and Implementing a Data Centre: In this module, the exam assesses the knowledge of Exin data center professionals tasked with the design and implementation of data centers. Candidates will learn the key principles of creating an efficient data center layout, including considerations for scalability, redundancy, and security.

EXIN EPI Certified Data Centre Specialist Sample Questions (Q98-Q103):

NEW QUESTION # 98

Do you need to consider bullet (ballistics) protection when designing a data center?

- A. Bullet (ballistics) protection is required by ANSI/TIA-942 for data centers Rated 3/4.
- B. Bullet (ballistics) protection is required by ANSI/TIA-942 for all data centers.
- C. Bullet (ballistics) protection is only required when the data center is located in an area with a high crime rate.
- **D. Bullet (ballistics) protection is only required if the facility is a potential target or the building is in the vicinity of a potential target.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Bullet (ballistics) protection is typically considered only for data centers that are potential targets or located near such targets. While ANSI/TIA-942 does not specifically require bulletproofing for all data centers, it is prudent to consider it based on location risk assessments, especially if the facility is in a high-risk area or near critical infrastructure that could attract threats.

Detailed Explanation:

Protective measures like bulletproofing depend on the threat landscape and the data center's exposure to risks such as crime or terrorism. Assessments for physical security are typically customized based on location-specific risks rather than being universally required by data center standards.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI guidelines emphasize customizing physical security measures based on threat assessments, suggesting that bulletproofing is appropriate in specific circumstances where the facility's risk profile justifies additional security measures.

NEW QUESTION # 99

Maximum exposed area of fire-rated glass is 2 m², but the window is 5 m². What is the best option?

- **A. Split into smaller parts within 2 m² using fire-rated frames**
- B. Split into two equal parts with silicone
- C. Split into two equal parts with aluminum frame
- D. Replace with normal glass

Answer: A

Explanation:

Fire-rated glass must be installed within manufacturer's tested maximum exposed area. Oversized panes risk failure under fire conditions. If the window exceeds 2 m², the correct approach is to subdivide it into smaller sections, each #2 m², using approved fire-rated frames.

Options B and C (silicone or aluminum splits) are not certified fire-rated framing methods. Option A is unsafe because normal glass provides no fire protection.

Therefore, option D ensures compliance and safety.

References: EN 1363-1 (Fire Resistance Tests), NFPA 80 (Fire Doors & Windows).

NEW QUESTION # 100

You have three UPS systems connected in parallel. The UPS systems have an imbalance in the load sharing of approximately 20%. What should you recommend?

- A. Nothing, there is no reason for any concern
- **B. Review the cable lengths of each UPS to the common busbar**
- C. Review the harmonics levels within the computer room
- D. Review the common mode noise levels within the computer room

Answer: B

Explanation:

An imbalance in load sharing between UPS systems connected in parallel can often result from unequal cable lengths to the common busbar. If the cabling from each UPS to the busbar varies significantly in length, it can lead to differences in impedance, resulting in uneven load distribution. Ensuring that cable lengths are consistent helps to balance the load sharing across the UPS systems.

Detailed Explanation:

Parallel UPS systems rely on uniform impedance to share loads evenly. Differences in cable lengths cause variations in resistance, leading to one or more UPS units carrying a disproportionate share of the load.

Standardizing cable lengths ensures equal impedance, which promotes balanced load sharing and prevents one UPS from being overburdened, thus maintaining overall system reliability.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI guidelines recommend checking cable lengths when load imbalances occur in parallel UPS configurations. Ensuring equal lengths is a common method to resolve impedance issues that affect load distribution, which is critical for the stable operation of redundant power systems.

NEW QUESTION # 101

You are allowed to use a calculator for this question.

A computer room has a net volume of approximately 2,500 m³ / 88,287 ft³.

The temperature is 20 °C / 68 °F.

The required design concentration is 7%.

The S-Factor is 0.1359 (metric) / 1.885 (imperial).

Calculate the amount of gas required for this computer room based on FM200. What is the correct weight?

- A. Approximately 410 kg / 900 lbs
- B. Approximately 1,640 kg / 3,600 lbs
- C. Approximately 1,390 kg / 3,000 lbs
- **D. Approximately 820 kg / 1,800 lbs**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The amount of FM200 gas required can be calculated using the formula:

Weight of Gas = Net Volume × Design Concentration × S-Factor
$$\text{Weight of Gas} = \text{Net Volume} \times \text{Design Concentration} \times \text{S-Factor}$$

Using metric units:

* Net Volume: 2,500 m³

* Design Concentration: 7% (or 0.07)

* S-Factor: 0.1359

Calculation:

$$2,500 \text{ m}^3 \times 0.07 \times 0.1359 = 821.325 \text{ kg}$$

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