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## Snowflake SnowPro Advanced Architect Certification Sample Questions (Q205-Q210):

### NEW QUESTION # 205

A user named USER\_01 needs access to create a materialized view on a schema EDW.STG\_SCHEMA. How can this access be provided?

- **A. GRANT CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW ON SCHEMA EDW.STG\_SCHEMA TO USER USER\_01;**
- B. GRANT ROLE NEW\_ROLE TO USER USER\_01;  
GRANT CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW ON SCHEMA ECW.STG\_SCHEKA TO NEW\_ROLE;
- C. GRANT CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW ON DATABASE EDW TO USER USERJDI;
- D. GRANT ROLE NEW\_ROLE TO USER\_01;  
GRANT CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW ON EDW.STG\_SCHEMA TO NEW\_ROLE;

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

\* The correct answer is A because it grants the specific privilege to create a materialized view on the schema EDW.STG\_SCHEMA to the user USER\_01 directly.

\* Option B is incorrect because it grants the privilege to create a materialized view on the entire database EDW, which is too broad and unnecessary. Also, there is a typo in the user name (USERJDI instead of USER\_01).

\* Option C is incorrect because it grants the privilege to create a materialized view on a different schema (ECW.STG\_SCHEKA instead of EDW.STG\_SCHEMA). Also, there is no need to create a new role for this purpose.

\* Option D is incorrect because it grants the privilege to create a materialized view on an invalid object (EDW.STG\_SCHEMA is not a valid schema name, it should be EDW.STG\_SCHEMA). Also, there is no need to create a new role for this purpose.

References:

- \* Snowflake Documentation: CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW
- \* Snowflake Documentation: Working with Materialized Views
- \* [Snowflake Documentation: GRANT Privileges on a Schema]

### NEW QUESTION # 206

Which steps are recommended best practices for prioritizing cluster keys in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

- A. Choose cluster columns that are actively used in the GROUP BY clauses.
- B. Choose TIMESTAMP columns with nanoseconds for the highest number of unique rows.
- **C. Choose cluster columns that are most actively used in selective filters.**
- **D. Choose columns that are frequently used in join predicates.**
- E. Choose lower cardinality columns to support clustering keys and cost effectiveness.

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

According to the Snowflake documentation, the best practices for choosing clustering keys are:

\* Choose columns that are frequently used in join predicates. This can improve the join performance by reducing the number of micro-partitions that need to be scanned and joined.

\* Choose columns that are most actively used in selective filters. This can improve the scan efficiency by skipping micro-partitions that do not match the filter predicates.

\* Avoid using low cardinality columns, such as gender or country, as clustering keys. This can result in poor clustering and high maintenance costs.

\* Avoid using TIMESTAMP columns with nanoseconds, as they tend to have very high cardinality and low correlation with other columns. This can also result in poor clustering and high maintenance costs.

\* Avoid using columns with duplicate values or NULLs, as they can cause skew in the clustering and reduce the benefits of pruning.

\* Cluster on multiple columns if the queries use multiple filters or join predicates. This can increase the chances of pruning more micro-partitions and improve the compression ratio.

\* Clustering is not always useful, especially for small or medium-sized tables, or tables that are not frequently queried or updated. Clustering can incur additional costs for initially clustering the data and maintaining the clustering over time.  
Clustering Keys & Clustered Tables | Snowflake Documentation  
[Considerations for Choosing Clustering for a Table | Snowflake Documentation]

### NEW QUESTION # 207

Which organization-related tasks can be performed by the ORGADMIN role? (Choose three.)

- A. Changing the name of the organization
- B. Viewing a list of organization accounts
- C. Deleting an account
- D. Changing the name of an account
- E. Enabling the replication of a database
- F. Creating an account

**Answer: B,E,F**

Explanation:

Explanation

According to the SnowPro Advanced: Architect documents and learning resources, the organization-related tasks that can be performed by the ORGADMIN role are:

\* Creating an account in the organization. A user with the ORGADMIN role can use the CREATE ACCOUNT command to create a new account that belongs to the same organization as the current account<sup>1</sup>.

\* Viewing a list of organization accounts. A user with the ORGADMIN role can use the SHOW ORGANIZATION ACCOUNTS command to view the names and properties of all accounts in the organization<sup>2</sup>. Alternatively, the user can use the Admin a Accounts page in the web interface to view the organization name and account names<sup>3</sup>.

\* Enabling the replication of a database. A user with the ORGADMIN role can use the SYSTEM\$GLOBAL\_ACCOUNT\_SET\_PARAMETER function to enable database replication for an account in the organization. This allows the user to replicate databases across accounts in different regions and cloud platforms for data availability and durability<sup>4</sup>.

The other options are incorrect because they are not organization-related tasks that can be performed by the ORGADMIN role.

Option A is incorrect because changing the name of the organization is not a task that can be performed by the ORGADMIN role.

To change the name of an organization, the user must contact Snowflake Support<sup>3</sup>. Option D is incorrect because changing the name of an account is not a task that can be performed by the ORGADMIN role.

To change the name of an account, the user must contact Snowflake Support<sup>5</sup>. Option E is incorrect because deleting an account is not a task that can be performed by the ORGADMIN role. To delete an account, the user must contact Snowflake Support. References: CREATE ACCOUNT | Snowflake Documentation, SHOW ORGANIZATION ACCOUNTS | Snowflake Documentation, Getting Started with Organizations | Snowflake Documentation, SYSTEM\$GLOBAL\_ACCOUNT\_SET\_PARAMETER | Snowflake Documentation, ALTER ACCOUNT | Snowflake Documentation, [DROP ACCOUNT | Snowflake Documentation]

### NEW QUESTION # 208

Which query will identify the specific days and virtual warehouses that would benefit from a multi-cluster warehouse to improve the performance of a particular workload?

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

A multi-cluster warehouse is a virtual warehouse that can scale compute resources by adding or removing clusters based on the workload demand. A multi-cluster warehouse can improve the performance of a particular workload by reducing the query queue time and the data spillage to local storage. To identify the specific days and virtual warehouses that would benefit from a multi-cluster warehouse, you need to analyze the query history and look for the following indicators:

High average queued load: This metric shows the average number of queries waiting in the queue for each warehouse cluster. A high value indicates that the warehouse is overloaded and cannot handle the concurrency demand.

High bytes spilled to local storage: This metric shows the amount of data that was spilled from memory to local disk during query



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