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FREE Dumps for Oracle 1Z0-071 Exam

1. Which two tasks can be performed by using Oracle SQL statements?

- A. changing the password for an existing database
- B. connecting to a database instance
- C. querying data from tables across databases
- D. starting up a database instance
- E. executing operating system (OS) commands in a session

Answer: C,E

2. Evaluate the following two queries:

```
SQL> SELECT cust_last_name, cust_city
FROM customers
WHERE cust_credit_limit IN (1000, 2000, 3000);

SQL> SELECT cust_last_name, cust_city
FROM customers
WHERE cust_credit_limit = 1000 OR cust_credit_limit = 2000 OR
cust_credit_limit = 3000;
```

Which statement is true regarding the above two queries?

- A. Performance would improve query 2 only if there are null values in the CUST_CREDIT_LIMIT column.
- B. There would be no change in performance.
- C. Performance would degrade in query 2.
- D. Performance would improve in query 2.

Answer: B

3. Which statement is true regarding external tables?

- A. The default REJECT LIMIT for external tables is UNLIMITED.
- B. The data and metadata for an external table are stored outside the database.
- C. ORACLE_LOADER and ORACLE_DATAPUMP have exactly the same functionality when used with an external table.
- D. The CREATE TABLE AS SELECT statement can be used to unload data into regular table in the database from an external table.

Answer: D

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How would a company head know that you have sufficient knowledge to work in the company? The answer is by certification. Certificates are the label for a human to have much knowledge and skills.

Oracle Database SQL Sample Questions (Q107-Q112):

NEW QUESTION # 107

View the Exhibit and examine the structure of the ORDER_ITEMS table.

ORDER_ITEMS				
ORDER_ID	LINE_ITEM_ID	PRODUCT_ID	UNIT_PRICE	QUANTITY
2355	4	2322	19	188
2355	5	2323	17	190
2355	9	2359	226.6	204
2355	1	2289	46	200
2356	5	2308	58	47
2356	6	2311	95	51
2356	1	2264	199.1	38
2356	2	2274	148.5	34
2356	3	2293	98	40
2356	4	2299	72	44
2357	2	2245	462	26
2357	3	2252	788.7	26
2357	4	2257	371.8	29
2357	5	2262	95	29

You must select the ORDER_ID of the order that has the highest total value among all the orders in the ORDER_ITEMS table. Which query would produce the desired result?

- A. `SELECT order_id
FROM order_items`

GROUP BY order_id
HAVING SUM(unit_price*quantity) = (SELECT MAX(SUM(unit_price*quantity)) FROM order_items GROUP BY order_id);

- B. SELECT order_id
FROM order_items
WHERE(unit_price*quantity) = MAX(unit_price*quantity)
GROUP BY order_id;
- C. SELECT order_id
FROM order_items
WHERE (unit_price*quantity) = (SELECT MAX(unit_price*quantity)
FROM order_items
GROUP BY order_id)
- D. SELECT order_id
FROM order_items
WHERE(unit_price*quantity) = (SELECT MAX(unit_price*quantity)
FROM order_items)
GROUP BY order_id;

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 108

Examine this SQL statement

```
DELETE FROM employees e  
WHERE EXISTS  
(SELECT 'dummy'  
FROM emp_history  
WHERE employee_id= e.employee_id);  
Which two are true?
```

- A. The subquery is not a correlated subquery.
- B. The subquery is executed for every row in the EMPLOYEES table.
- C. The subquery is executed before the DELETE statement is executed.
- D. The DELETE statement executes successfully even if the subquery selects multiple rows.
- E. All existing rows in the EMPLOYEES table are deleted,

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

For the provided DELETE statement with an EXISTS clause:

* Option B: The subquery is executed before the DELETE statement is executed.

* Subqueries with EXISTS are typically executed before the outer DELETE statement to determine which rows of the outer query satisfy the condition.

* Option D: The DELETE statement executes successfully even if the subquery selects multiple rows.

* The EXISTS condition is used to check for the existence of rows returned by the subquery, regardless of how many rows there are. It returns TRUE if the subquery returns at least one row.

Options A, C, and E are incorrect because:

* Option A: This statement is incorrect; the subquery is indeed a correlated subquery because it references the employee_id from the outer query (employees).

* Option C: This is incorrect because not all existing rows in the EMPLOYEES table will be deleted, only those for which an associated record exists in the emp_history table.

* Option E: While technically the subquery may be evaluated multiple times, it is only executed for those rows in EMPLOYEES that satisfy the condition of the EXISTS clause.

NEW QUESTION # 109

View the exhibit and examine the structures of the EMPLOYEES and DEPARTMENTS tables.

EMPLOYEES

NameNull?Type

EMPLOYEE_ID NOT NULL NUMBER(6)
 FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2(20)
 LAST_NAME NOT NULL VARCHAR2(25)
 HIRE_DATE NOT NULL DATE
 JOB_ID NOT NULL VARCHAR2(10)
 SALARY NUMBER(10,2)
 COMMISSION NUMBER(6,2)
 MANAGER_ID NUMBER(6)
 DEPARTMENT_ID NUMBER(4)
 DEPARTMENTS
 Name Null? Type

 DEPARTMENT_ID NOT NULL NUMBER(4)
 DEPARTMENT_NAME NOT NULL VARCHAR2(30)
 MANAGER_ID NUMBER(6)
 LOCATION_ID NUMBER(4)

You want to update EMPLOYEES table as follows:

You issue the following command:

```
SQL> UPDATE employees
SET department_id
(SELECT department_id
FROM departments
WHERE location_id = 2100),
(salary, commission)
(SELECT 1.1*AVG(salary), 1.5*AVG(commission)
FROM employees, departments
WHERE departments.location_id IN(2900, 2700, 2100))
WHERE department_id IN
(SELECT department_id
FROM departments
WHERE location_id = 2900
OR location_id = 2700);
What is outcome?
```

- A. It generates an error because a subquery cannot have a join condition in a UPDATE statement.
- B. It generates an error because multiple columns (SALARY, COMMISSION) cannot be specified together in an UPDATE statement.
- C. It executes successfully but does not give the desired update
- D. It executes successfully and gives the desired update

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 110

Which two statements are true regarding the COUNT function? (Choose two.)

- A. COUNT(*) returns the number of rows including duplicate rows and rows containing NULL value in any column.
- B. A SELECT statement using the COUNT function with a DISTINCT keyword cannot have a WHERE clause.
- C. The COUNT function can be used only for CHAR, VARCHAR2, and NUMBER data types.
- D. COUNT(DISTINCT inv_amt) returns the number of rows excluding rows containing duplicates and NULLs in the INV_AMT column.
- E. COUNT(cust_id) returns the number of rows including rows with duplicate customer IDs and NULLs in the CUST_ID column.

Answer: A,D

NEW QUESTION # 111

In the PROMOTIONS table, the PROMO_BEGIN_DATE column is of data type DATE and the default date format is DD-MON-RR.

Which two statements are true about expressions using PROMO_BEGIN_DATE contained a query? (Choose two.)

- A. TO_DATE(PROMO_BEGIN_DATE * 5) will return a date.
- B. TO_NUMBER(PROMO_BEGIN_DATE) - 5 will return a number.
- C. PROMO_BEGIN_DATE - SYSDATE will return an error.
- D. PROMO_BEGIN_DATE - 5 will return a date.
- E. PROMO_BEGIN_DATE - SYSDATE will return a number.

Answer: D,E

NEW QUESTION # 112

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