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#### NEW QUESTION 44

Which three statements are true about time zones, date data types, and timestamp data types in an Oracle database? (Choose three.)

- A. The SESSIONTIMEZONE function can return an offset from Universal Coordinated Time (UTC)
- B. A TIMESTAMP data type column contains information about year, month, and day
- C. The DBTIMEZONE function can return an offset from Universal Coordinated Time (UTC)
- D. The CURRENT\_TIMESTAMP function returns data without time zone information
- E. A TIMESTAMP WITH LOCAL TIMEZONE data type column is stored in the database using the time zone of the session that inserted the row

Answer: A,C,E

#### NEW QUESTION 45

Table EMPLOYEES contains columns including EMPLOYEE\_ID, JOB\_ID and SALARY. Only the EMPLOYEE\_ID column is indexed. Rows exist for employees 100 and 200. Examine this statement:

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## Oracle Database Administration I Sample Questions (Q85-Q90):

### NEW QUESTION # 85

The sales table has columns prod\_id and quantity\_sold of data type number. In two queries execute successfully? x

- A. SELECT COUNT(prod\_id) FROM sales GROUP BY prod\_id WHERE quantity\_sold > 55000;
- B. SELECT prod\_id FROM sales WHERE quantity\_sold > 55000 AND COUNT(\*) > 10 GROUP BY prod\_id HAVING COUNT(\*) > 10;
- C. SELECT prod\_id FROM sales WHERE quantity\_sold > 55000 GROUP BY prod\_id HAVING COUNT(\*) > 10;
- D. SELECT COUNT(prod\_id) FROM sales WHERE quantity\_sold > 55000 GROUP BY prod\_id;
- E. SELECT prod\_id FROM sales WHERE quantity\_sold > 55000 AND COUNT(\*) > 10 GROUP BY prod\_id HAVING COUNT(\*) > 10;

Answer: C,D

### NEW QUESTION # 86

In the SALES database, DEFERRED\_SEGMENT\_CREATION is TRUE.

Examine this command:

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE T1(c1 INT PRIMARY KEY, c2 CLOB);
```

Which segment or segments, if any, are created as a result of executing the command?

- A. T1, an index segment for the primary key, a LOB segment, and a lobindex segment
- B. T1 only
- C. no segments are created
- D. T1, an index segment for the primary key, and a LOB segment only
- E. T1 and an index segment created for the primary key only

Answer: B

### NEW QUESTION # 87

The customers table has a cust\_last\_name column of data type varchar2.

The table has two rows whose cust\_last\_name values are Andersen and Ausson.

Which query produces output for cust\_last\_name containing Oder for the first row and Aus for the second?

- A. SELECT REPLACE(REPLACE(cust\_last\_name, 'son', ''), 'An', 'O') FROM customers;
- B. SELECT REPLACE(SUBSTR(cust\_last\_name, -3), 'An', 'O') FROM customers;
- C. SELECT INITCAP (REPLACE(TRIM('son' FROM cust\_last\_name), 'An', 'O\*)) FROM customers;
- D. SELECT REPLACE(TRIM(TRAILING 'son' FROM cust\_last\_name), 'An', 'O') FROM customers;

Answer: D

### NEW QUESTION # 88

Which three statements are true regarding indexes? (Choose three.)

- A. An update to a table can result in no updates to any of the table's indexes
- B. When a table is dropped and is moved to the RECYCLE BIN, all indexes built on that table are permanently dropped
- C. A UNIQUE index can be altered to be non-unique
- D. A SELECT statement can access one or more indices without accessing any tables
- E. A table belonging to one user can have an index that belongs to a different user
- F. An update to a table can result in updates to any or all of the table's indexes

Answer: B,C,F

