

Most Probable Real Guidewire Exam Questions in Guidewire InsuranceSuite-Developer PDF Format

Guidewire Associate Exam EXAM (QUESTIONS WITH 100% CORRECT ANSWERS) (2024 / 2025)

(Verified by Experts)

What are the four main areas of configuration in a Guidewire application? - ANSWER 1. User Interface
2. Data Model
3. Application Logic
4. Integration

What are some of the technologies used in InsuranceSuite applications? - ANSWER Page Configuration Format (PCF) files
Gosu (programming language)

What are some reasons for a non-developer to understand the technology stack? - ANSWER To determine what data is stored and if new requirements need additional data elements.

To know how and where data is used.
To communicate what data may be needed beyond what is in the base configuration.
To determine valid values or circumstances for the new data.

What are some examples of what can be configured in the User Interface? - ANSWER The order of fields, change labels, regroup fields (simple change).
Fields on a screen (moderate change).
Screens (complex change).
Screen-based logic (complex change).

What are some examples of what can be configured in the Data Model? - ANSWER Information that the base application does not store (add passport number).
Values for a Typelist (add valid values for AddressType or PhoneType).
Data to support regulatory requirements.

Why is it important for non-developers to understand the basics of the UI architecture and components? - ANSWER So that they can request changes to the UI that are consistent with the base product architecture and communicate effectively with developers.

What are five common areas of the UI architecture? - ANSWER 1. The Screen Area
2. The Sidebar
3. The Tab Bar
4. The Info Bar
5. The Workspace

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Guidewire Associate Certification - InsuranceSuite Developer - Mammoth Proctored Exam Sample Questions (Q97-Q102):

NEW QUESTION # 97

An insurer plans to offer coverage for pets on homeowners policies. Whenever the covered pet is displayed in the user interface, it should consist of the pet's name and breed. For example:

□ How can a developer satisfy this requirement following best practices?

- A. Define an entity name that concatenates the pet's name and breed fields
- B. Create a display key that concatenates the pet's name and breed
- C. Enable Post On Change for the pet name field to modify how it displays when referenced
- D. Create a setter property in a Pet enhancement class

Answer: A

Explanation:

In Guidewire InsuranceSuite, the global representation of a data object in the user interface is controlled by its Entity Name configuration. This configuration, stored in .en files within the metadata, defines how an instance of an entity is converted into a string whenever it is referenced in a widget like a RangeInput (dropdown), a TextCell in a list, or a read-only view.

According to the InsuranceSuite Developer Fundamentals course, the best practice for a requirement that applies "whenever the entity is displayed" is to define an Entity Name (Option B). This approach allows the developer to specify a template—often involving multiple fields—that the application server uses automatically. In this scenario, the developer would configure the Pet_Ext entity name to return a string like this: Name + " - " + this.Breed.

This method is superior to other options for several reasons:

* Centralization: You define the display logic once. If the business later decides to include the pet's age or color, you only update the .en file, and the change propagates across the entire application instantly.

* Performance: The Guidewire platform caches these display names efficiently. Using logic in every PCF (Option A) or creating manual display keys (Option D) increases the maintenance burden and can lead to inconsistent UI if a developer misses a specific screen.

* Declarative Nature: It follows the Guidewire philosophy of using metadata for structural and identity-related logic, keeping Gosu code reserved for complex business processes.

Options like Post On Change (Option A) are designed for UI refreshes and cannot change the underlying string representation of an object. A Setter (Option C) is used for writing data to the database and is irrelevant to how data is formatted for viewing.

NEW QUESTION # 98

The Panel Ref in the screenshot below displays a List View with a toolbar. Add and Remove buttons have been added to the toolbar, but they appear in red, indicating an error. The Row Iterator has toAdd and toRemove buttons correctly defined.

□ What needs to be configured to fix the error?

- A. Set the Visible property of the row iterator
- B. Set the addVisible and removeVisible properties of the Add and Remove buttons
- C. Set the iterator property of the Add and Remove buttons
- D. Set the toCreateAndAdd property of the row iterator

Answer: C

Explanation:

In the Guidewire Page Configuration Framework (PCF), there is a strict functional relationship between toolbar buttons and the data they manipulate. When dealing with List Views (LVs), the "Add" and "Remove" buttons are specialized widgets known as Iterator Buttons.

According to the InsuranceSuite Developer Fundamentals curriculum, placing an Iterator Button in a toolbar is only the first step. For the button to be valid, it must be linked to a specific Row Iterator located within the List View. This is accomplished by setting the iterator property on the Add or Remove button to the ID of the target Row Iterator.

The red error in Guidewire Studio signifies a metadata validation failure. Even if the Row Iterator has the correct toAdd and toRemove logic defined (the "how" of the operation), the buttons themselves do not yet know "where" that logic resides. By setting the iterator property, you create a direct reference that tells the button which array of objects it is responsible for managing. Why other options are incorrect:

* Option A: toCreateAndAdd is an optional property of the Row Iterator used for overriding the default object creation logic; it does not resolve the connection error between the button and the iterator.

* Option B: addVisible and removeVisible are boolean expressions used to hide buttons based on user permissions or object state; they do not fix structural metadata errors.

* Option D: The Visible property on an iterator affects whether the list is rendered, not whether the toolbar buttons are correctly linked.

Linking the button to the iterator ID is a fundamental best practice that ensures the UI remains synchronized with the underlying data bundle.

NEW QUESTION # 99

An insurer ran the DBCC checks against a copy of their production database and found three errors with high counts in the categoryData update and reconciliation. What are two best practices for resolving the errors?

(Select two)

- A. Identify any bad data and write a SQL script to correct the data; run the script immediately
- **B. Search the Knowledge Base on the Guidewire Community for solutions to the problems found**
- **C. Analyze the errors to determine the root cause and correct the code responsible for the errors**
- D. Promote the code to production and run the DBCCs again
- E. Wait to see if error counts increase; if they increase by more than 10%, fix the errors

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

Database Consistency Checks (DBCCs) are the "canary in the coal mine" for data integrity. When high error counts appear in theData update and reconciliationcategory, it usually implies that recent configuration changes (Gosu rules, enhancements, or batch processes) are generating data that violates the underlying metadata constraints.

The first best practice isRoot Cause Analysis(Option A). Simply fixing the data in the database is a "band- aid" solution; if the underlying Gosu code that created the bad data is not fixed, the errors will immediately return. Developers must trace the lifecycle of the affected entities to find where the logic is failing.

The second best practice is to leverage theGuidewire Community Knowledge Base(Option E). Many DBCC errors, especially those following a version upgrade or a major configuration change, have been encountered by other insurers. The Knowledge Base often provides specific SQL patterns or Gosu fixes tailored to known platform behaviors.

Why other options are incorrect:

* Option B is dangerous; never promote code known to cause database inconsistencies to a production environment.

* Option C is irresponsible; data corruption should be addressed as soon as it is detected.

* Option D is a partial fix, but "running the script immediately" without a code fix or support review (as discussed in Question 61) is high-risk and violates Cloud Assurance standards.

NEW QUESTION # 100

An insurance carrier plans to launch a new product for various types ofRecreational Vehicles (RVs)-such as motorhomes, boats, motorcycles, and jet skis. When collecting information to quote a policy, all RVs share some common details (like purchase date, price, year, make, and model), but each type also has its own unique properties. According to best practices, what should be done to configure the User Interface so that only the relevant RV details are shown when creating a policy quote? Select Two

- A. Create a Modal Input Set for each RV type.
- B. Create separate inline Input Sets for each RV type and set the visibility on each Input Set
- C. Define a Location Group to allow the user to choose the page for each RV type.
- **D. Place an Input Set Ref on the Detail View and configure the RV type as the Mode.**
- **E. Create a Detail View that includes the properties that are common to all of the RV types.**
- F. Create a separate page for each type of RV.

Answer: D,E

Explanation:

In the Guidewire Page Configuration Framework (PCF), the primary goal for handling polymorphic data- such as a base

Recreational Vehicle entity with various subtypes-is to maximize code reuse while providing a dynamic user experience. According to the InsuranceSuite Developer Fundamentals course, the best practice for this scenario involves a "Master-Detail" design pattern utilizing Modal PCFs.

The first step (Option D) is to create a primary Detail View (DV). This DV acts as the foundation for the UI and contains all the fields that are shared across all RV types, such as PurchaseDate, Price, and Model. By centralizing these common fields, the developer ensures that any global changes to RV data (like adding a "Condition" field) only need to be made in one place, rather than across multiple fragmented pages.

The second step (Option E) addresses the unique properties of each RV type. Rather than cluttering the main DV with every possible field and using complex "visible" expressions (which is what Option C suggests and is discouraged due to performance and maintenance overhead), developers should use an Input Set Ref with the Mode property set. Each specific RV type (e.g., Boat, Motorcycle) has its own separate Input Set. At runtime, the Guidewire application looks at the RV type of the current object and automatically renders the corresponding Input Set. This "Modal" approach is the standard architectural way to handle subtypes in PolicyCenter and ClaimCenter. Options A, B, and F are incorrect because they either introduce unnecessary navigation complexity or fail to leverage the built-in dynamic rendering capabilities of the PCF framework.

NEW QUESTION # 101

Succeed Insurance has a page in PolicyCenter with a large fleet of vehicles. They want multiple filters to show only a subset of vehicles. Which methods follow best practices?

- A. Retrieve all policies and filter them in the application server layer.
- B. Implement filtering logic in the list view PCF using visible properties.
- C. Add a ListView Filter widget to the ListView.
- D. Use Gosu's where method on the retrieved collection in memory.
- E. Add multiple Filter Options using Gosu Standard Query Filters.
- F. Apply the filter using the Row Iterator configuration in the PCF.

Answer: E

Explanation:

When dealing with a large fleet of vehicles, performance is the primary concern. Retrieving thousands of vehicle records and filtering them in the application server's memory (Options E and F) is a high-risk anti-pattern that leads to latency and high memory consumption.

The best practice for implementing efficient UI filters on large datasets is to use Gosu Standard Query Filters (Option C). These filters are added to the ListView's toolbar. When a user selects a filter (e.g., "Only Heavy Trucks"), the Guidewire platform translates that filter into a SQL WHERE clause. This allows the database to do the work, returning only the specific subset of vehicles requested. This "Database-First" approach ensures that the application server remains responsive and that the network traffic between the database and the application is kept to a minimum.

Option A (filtering on the Row Iterator) and Option B (using "visible" properties) still require the system to fetch all the data from the database first, which does not solve the underlying performance issue. Using Query Filters is the only scalable solution for InsuranceSuite applications managing high-volume data.

NEW QUESTION # 102

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