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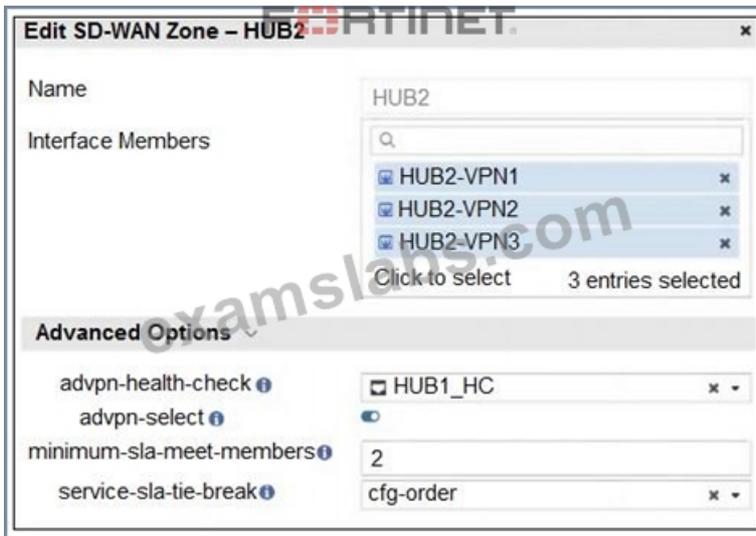
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Fortinet FCSS - SD-WAN 7.6 Architect Sample Questions (Q18-Q23):

NEW QUESTION # 18

Refer to the exhibit that shows an SD-WAN zone configuration on the FortiManager GUI.



Based on the exhibit, how will the FortiGate device behave after it receives this configuration?

- A. The configuration instructs FortiGate to establish shortcuts only for overlay interfaces that meet the SLA target HUB1_HC.
- B. The configuration instructs FortiGate to allow ADVPN shortcuts for the tunnels of this SD-WAN zone.
- **C. The configuration instructs FortiGate to establish shortcuts only when at least two members meet the SLA target.**
- D. The configuration instructs FortiGate to choose an ADVPN shortcut based on SD-WAN information.

Answer: C

Explanation:

This is because the setting `minimum-sla-meet-members = 2` requires at least two SD-WAN zone members (in this case, HUB2-VPN1, HUB2-VPN2, and HUB2-VPN3) to pass the defined SLA health check (HUB1_HC) before the FortiGate will establish ADVPN shortcuts. If fewer than two members meet the SLA, shortcuts will not be created.

NEW QUESTION # 19

The administrator uses the FortiManager SD-WAN overlay template to prepare an SD-WAN deployment. Using information provided through the SD-WAN overlay template wizard, FortiManager creates templates ready to install on the spoke and hub devices.

What are the three templates created by the SD-WAN overlay template for a spoke device? (Choose three.)

- **A. BGP template**
- B. CLI template
- **C. Rules template**
- D. Static route template
- **E. IPsec tunnel template**

Answer: A,C,E

Explanation:

Rules template → Defines the SD-WAN rules for traffic steering.

BGP template → Configures dynamic routing for overlay tunnels.

IPsec tunnel template → Builds the IPsec VPN tunnels from the spoke to the hubs.

NEW QUESTION # 20

You have configured the performance SLA with the probe mode as Prefer Passive.

What are two observable impacts of this configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. After FortiGate switches to active mode, the SLA performance rule falls back to passive monitoring after 3 minutes.
- B. FortiGate can offload the traffic that is subject to passive monitoring to hardware.
- **C. FortiGate passively monitors the member if TCP traffic is passing through the member.**
- D. FortiGate passively monitors the member if ICMP traffic is passing through the member.

- E. During passive monitoring, the SLA performance rule cannot detect dead members.

Answer: C,E

Explanation:

In FortiOS 7.6, when a Performance SLA probe mode is set to Prefer Passive, FortiGate attempts to measure link performance using passive monitoring first, based on real user traffic. Only when passive monitoring is not possible does FortiGate temporarily fall back to active probing.

With Prefer Passive, FortiGate passively monitors TCP traffic flowing through the SD-WAN member to calculate SLA metrics such as latency, jitter, and packet loss. This behavior directly matches option A.

During passive monitoring, FortiGate relies on observed traffic to infer link health. Because no synthetic probes are sent, a completely dead link (with no traffic passing) cannot be detected by the SLA during passive mode. As a result, dead members may not be immediately detected, which makes option D correct.

Option B is incorrect because there is no fixed 3-minute timer defined in FortiOS 7.6 that forces a return from active probing back to passive monitoring.

Option C is incorrect because passive SLA monitoring is based on TCP traffic, not ICMP traffic. ICMP is used for active probing, not passive monitoring.

Option E is incorrect because traffic subject to passive SLA monitoring cannot be offloaded to hardware. Passive SLA measurement requires software inspection of packets, which prevents NPU offloading.

Therefore, the two correct observable impacts of configuring the probe mode as Prefer Passive are A and D.

NEW QUESTION # 21

Refer to the exhibit. An administrator configures SD-WAN rules for a DIA setup using the FortiGate GUI. The page to configure the source and destination part of the rule looks as shown in the exhibit. The GUI page shows no option to configure an application as the destination of the SD-WAN rule. Why?

The screenshot shows the 'Priority Rule' configuration page in the FortiGate GUI. It includes the following sections:

- Name:** A text input field.
- Status:** Radio buttons for 'Enabled' (selected) and 'Disabled'.
- Source:**
 - Address:** A text input field.
 - User group:** A dropdown menu with a '+' icon.
- Destination:**
 - Address:** A text input field with a '+' icon.
 - Internet service:** A text input field with a '+' icon.
- Outgoing Interfaces:** A section with a '+' icon and the text 'RTINET'.

- A. You must enable the feature on the CLI.
- B. You cannot use applications as the destination when FortiGate is used for a DIA setup.
- C. You must enable the feature first using the GUI menu System > Feature Visibility.
- D. FortiGate allows the configuration of applications as the destination of SD-WAN rules only on the CLI.

Answer: C

Explanation:

To configure applications as destinations in SD-WAN rules via the GUI, the Application Control feature must be enabled in System > Feature Visibility. Once enabled, the GUI displays the application-based options.

NEW QUESTION # 22

Refer to the exhibits.

SD-WAN zone HUB1 and SD-WAN member configuration

ID	Interface	Gateway	Cost	Priority	Status	Installation Target
4	HUB1-VPN1	0.0.0.0	0	1	Enable	
5	HUB1-VPN2	0.0.0.0	0	1	Enable	3 Devices in Total branch1_fgt[root] branch2_fgt[root] branch3_fgt[root]
6	HUB1-VPN3	0.0.0.0	0	1	Enable	2 Devices in Total branch2_fgt[root] branch3_fgt[root]

SD-WAN zone HUB2 and SD-WAN member configuration

7	HUB2-VPN1	0.0.0.0	10	1	Enable	3 Devices in Total branch1_fgt[root] branch2_fgt[root] branch3_fgt[root]
8	HUB2-VPN2	0.0.0.0	10	1	Enable	
9	HUB2-VPN3	0.0.0.0	10	1	Enable	

Output of command diagnose sys sdwan member

```

_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member
Member(4): transport-group: 0, interface: HUB1-VPN1, flags=0xd
Member(5): transport-group: 0, interface: HUB1-VPN2, flags=0xd
Member(7): transport-group: 0, interface: HUB2-VPN1, flags=0xd
Member(8): transport-group: 0, interface: HUB2-VPN2, flags=0xd
Member(9): transport-group: 0, interface: HUB2-VPN3, flags=0xd
    
```

The first exhibit shows the SD-WAN zone HUB1 and SD-WAN member configuration from an SD-WAN template, and the second exhibit shows the output of command `diagnose sys sdwan member` collected on a FortiGate device. Which statement best describes what the diagnose output shows?

- A. The diagnose output was collected on the device `branch1_fgt`.
- B. The diagnose output does not correspond to a device configured with the SD-WAN template shown in the exhibit.
- C. The diagnose output shows that HUB1-VPN1 and all HUBx-VPNy members are dead.
- D. The diagnose output was collected on the device `branch2_fgt`.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The diagnose output lists SD-WAN members 4(HUB1-VPN1), 5(HUB1-VPN2), 7(HUB2-VPN1), 8(HUB2-VPN2), and 9(HUB2-VPN3). It does not include member 6 (HUB1-VPN3). From the template, HUB1-VPN3 is installed only on `branch2_fgt` and `branch3_fgt` - not on `branch1_fgt`. Therefore, the output must be from `branch1_fgt`.

NEW QUESTION # 23

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