

# Pass Guaranteed Quiz 2026 ZDTE: Unparalleled Zscaler Digital Transformation Engineer Test Dumps Demo

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## Zscaler Digital Transformation Administrator (ZDTA) Certification Questions with Correct Answers

1. Primary use of policies based on file types in Zscaler DLP - CORRECT ANSWER -To protect data by allowing or blocking specific file types and activities.
2. Three levels of inspection used by Zscaler DLP for file type enforcement - CORRECT ANSWER -Magic Bytes, Mime Type, and File Extension.
3. Reason for multiple levels of inspection for file types in Zscaler - CORRECT ANSWER -To prevent users from bypassing policies by changing file extensions.
4. Predefined dictionaries in Zscaler DLP - CORRECT ANSWER -Classifiers used to identify sensitive data like PCI, PII, and PHI data.
5. Example of a predefined dictionary used in Zscaler DLP - CORRECT ANSWER -A credit card number dictionary.
6. Custom dictionary in Zscaler DLP - CORRECT ANSWER -A dictionary created by customers using specific phrases, keywords, patterns, and regular expressions.
7. Use of custom dictionaries in Zscaler DLP - CORRECT ANSWER -To protect documents with specific headers and footers like 'company-confidential' or 'internal-use only'.
8. Exact Data Match (EDM) in Zscaler DLP - CORRECT ANSWER -A feature that matches specific data elements from a customer's structured data to trigger DLP policies.
9. How sensitive data is fed to Zscaler's EDM engine - CORRECT ANSWER -By using an on-premises VM that indexes the data and sends hashes to the Zscaler cloud.

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## Zscaler Digital Transformation Engineer Sample Questions (Q54-Q59):

### NEW QUESTION # 54

What are common use cases of Zscaler OneAPI automation?

- A. Creating URL filtering rules and accessing ZDX Copilot.
- B. Enrolling users' device information and installing antivirus features in Zscaler Client Connector (ZCC).
- **C. Creating App Connector Groups and enrolling users' device information.**
- D. Creating App Connector Groups and accessing ZDX Copilot.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Zscaler OneAPI is designed as a unified, modern API layer that exposes core objects and workflows from ZIA, ZPA, and Zscaler Client Connector in a consistent way. In the Digital Transformation Engineer and Zero Trust Automation material, common and recommended use cases focus on automating tasks that are frequently repeated, error-prone, or need to scale across large environments.

For ZPA, a typical automation scenario is the creation and lifecycle management of App Connectors and App Connector Groups. These components provide the inside-out connectivity from private applications to the Zscaler cloud. Using OneAPI, administrators can programmatically create, update, and organize App Connector Groups, allowing infrastructure-as-code style deployment and rapid scaling of private access environments.

On the endpoint side, OneAPI also integrates with Zscaler Client Connector and identity-related services to enroll or update device information programmatically. This enables workflows such as onboarding new devices, synchronizing device attributes from external systems, and tying device identity to access policy without manual portal operations.

By contrast, installing "antivirus features" in ZCC or "accessing ZDX Copilot" are not highlighted as core OneAPI automation use cases in the referenced curriculum, which makes option B the correct choice.

### NEW QUESTION # 55

What is the primary function of ZIA Public Service Edges in the Cloud Firewall architecture?

- A. Load balancing internet traffic
- **B. Acting as key policy enforcement engines**
- C. Managing endpoint security updates
- D. Providing cloud storage services

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Within the ZIA Cloud Firewall and broader Zscaler Internet Access architecture, Public Service Edges (PSEs) are the core policy enforcement points. User traffic is steered (via tunnels, PAC files, or agents) to the nearest PSE, where Zscaler performs security inspection and policy evaluation. At this point, the Cloud Firewall, URL filtering, SSL inspection, IPS, sandboxing, and other security engines are applied according to the user's identity, group, location, and defined policies.

Although the PSEs naturally participate in traffic distribution across the global Zscaler cloud, their primary purpose is not generic load balancing or network transit; rather, they host the full security stack and make real-time allow/deny/log decisions. They also enforce bandwidth controls, application rules, and advanced threat protections before forwarding allowed traffic to the internet.

They are not responsible for managing endpoint security updates or providing general cloud storage. Instead, they serve as inline security gateways that enforce Zero Trust access and granular firewall rules at scale.

Therefore, the correct description of their role in the Cloud Firewall architecture is that they act as key policy enforcement engines.

### NEW QUESTION # 56

Which protocol allows users to configure a passwordless authentication method for their ZIdentity account?

- A. OIDC
- **B. FIDO2**
- C. SAML
- D. SCIM

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Zscaler Identity (ZIdentity) supports modern, phishing-resistant passwordless authentication using the FIDO2 standard. FIDO2 combines Web Authentication (WebAuthn) and the Client to Authenticator Protocol (CTAP2) to enable users to authenticate with security keys or built-in platform authenticators (such as biometric sensors) without transmitting or storing a reusable password. The Digital Transformation Engineer documentation explains that when a user registers a FIDO2 authenticator with ZIdentity, the service stores a public key tied to that device and account. Future logins are validated using a cryptographic challenge-response, providing strong protection against credential theft and replay attacks.

By contrast, SAML (option B) and OIDC (option C) are federation protocols used for single sign-on (SSO) and identity delegation between an identity provider and service providers; they do not themselves define how passwordless authentication is performed. They can carry assertions from an IdP that might use FIDO2 behind the scenes, but SAML and OIDC are not the passwordless method. SCIM (option D) is a provisioning standard for creating, updating, and deprovisioning identities and groups, not an authentication protocol.

Therefore, the only option that directly represents the protocol enabling passwordless login to a ZIdentity account is FIDO2.

### NEW QUESTION # 57

How many rounds of analysis are performed on a sandboxed sample to determine its characteristics?

- A. As many rounds of analysis as the policy is configured to perform.
- **B. One static analysis, one dynamic analysis, and a second static analysis of all dropped files and artifacts from the dynamic analysis.**
- C. Only one static and one dynamic analysis is performed.
- D. Only a static analysis is performed.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Zscaler Cloud Sandbox is designed to detect advanced and previously unknown threats by deeply analyzing suspicious files in an isolated environment. According to Zscaler's documented analysis pipeline, every sandboxed sample goes through a structured, multi-stage process rather than a single pass.

First, the file undergoes static analysis, where the system inspects the file without executing it. This phase looks at elements such as structure, headers, embedded resources, and known malicious patterns or indicators.

Next, the file is executed in a dynamic analysis environment (a sandbox) where Zscaler observes runtime behavior such as process creation, registry modifications, file system changes, network connections, and attempts at evasion or privilege escalation.

During this dynamic phase, the file may drop or create additional files and artifacts. Zscaler then performs a second round of static analysis on those dropped components. This secondary static analysis is crucial because many sophisticated threats unpack or download their real payload only at runtime; analyzing those artifacts provides a much clearer view of the full attack chain.

Because of this defined three-step approach—static, dynamic, then secondary static analysis on dropped artifacts—option A is the correct description of how many rounds of analysis are performed on a sandboxed sample.

### NEW QUESTION # 58

An IT administrator is reviewing the recently configured ZDX module in their environment and checks the performance data on the dashboard. The administrator notices that no software inventory has populated. What could be a probable reason?

- A. ZDX license doesn't have inventory collection entitlement
- **B. ZDX client is not configured to collect inventory data**
- C. ZDX client version being used is 4.3
- D. Zscaler Client Connector needs to be whitelisted on the EDR tool

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Zscaler Digital Experience (ZDX) relies on Zscaler Client Connector to collect device and application telemetry from endpoints. Performance metrics (such as device, network, and application scores) are enabled as part of the core ZDX deployment, which explains why the administrator can already see performance data on the dashboard. However, software inventory is an additional inventory feature that must be explicitly enabled in the ZDX administration settings.

ZDX documentation describes an "Inventory Settings" page where administrators must turn on a setting such as "Collect Software Inventory Data." When this option is enabled and the minimum supported versions of Client Connector and the ZDX module are

