

# New GES-C01 Test Prep, GES-C01 New Question

them to connect with users more effectively.

Which options will help meet these requirements in the MOST efficient way? (Choose two.)

- A. Use Kibana to aggregate, filter, and visualize the data stored in Amazon Elasticsearch Service. Refresh content performance dashboards in near-real time.
  - B. Upload clickstream records to Amazon S3 as compressed files. Then use AWS Lambda to send data to Amazon Elasticsearch Service from Amazon S3.
  - C. Upload clickstream records from Amazon S3 to Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and use a Kinesis Data Streams consumer to send records to Amazon Elasticsearch Service.
  - D. Use Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose to upload compressed and batched clickstream records to Amazon Elasticsearch Service.
  - E. Use Amazon Elasticsearch Service deployed on Amazon EC2 to aggregate, filter, and process the data.
- Refresh content performance dashboards in near-real time.

Answer: A,D

## NEW QUESTION 58

A retail company's data analytics team recently created multiple product sales analysis dashboards for the average selling price per product using Amazon QuickSight. The dashboards were created from .csv files uploaded to Amazon S3. The team is now planning to share the dashboards with the respective external product owners by creating individual users in Amazon QuickSight. For compliance and governance reasons, restricting access is a key requirement. The product owners should view only their respective product analysis in the dashboard reports. Which approach should the data analytics team take to allow product owners to view only their products in the dashboard?

- A. Create dataset rules with row-level security.
- B. Create a manifest file with row-level security.
- C. Separate the data by product and use S3 bucket policies for authorization.
- D. Separate the data by product and use IAM policies for authorization.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/quicksight/latest/user/restrict-access-to-a-data-set-using-row-level-security.html>

## NEW QUESTION 59

Tags: Test DAS-C01 Price,DAS-C01 New Question,Reliable DAS-C01 Test Tips,DAS-C01 Test Dumps.zip,Exam DAS-C01 Collection Pdf,DAS-C01 Hot Questions,DAS-C01 Exam Revision Plan,DAS-C01 Interactive Questions,DAS-C01 Exam Simulations,DAS-C01 Exam Tutorials

BTW, DOWNLOAD part of DumpsValid GES-C01 dumps from Cloud Storage: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1koLU2X-M8LUslmW4uRy4Euqhv6Tq1ho>

Choosing our GES-C01 learning guide is not only an enrichment of learning content, but also an opportunity to improve our own discovery space. Our GES-C01 study guide materials could bring huge impact to your personal development, because in the process of we are looking for a job, hold a GES-C01 certificate you have more advantage than your competitors, the company will be a greater probability of you. After using our GES-C01 Study Guide materials, users can devote more time and energy to focus on their major and makes themselves more and more prominent in the professional field.

If you want to find the best GES-C01 study materials, the first thing you need to do is to find a bank of questions that suits you. Our GES-C01 learning material is prepared by experts in strict accordance with the exam outline of the GES-C01 certification exam, whose main purpose is to help students to pass the exam with the least amount of time and effort. We can claim that if you study with our GES-C01 Practice Engine for 20 to 30 hours, then you will be sure to pass the exam.

>> New GES-C01 Test Prep <<

## GES-C01 New Question & Relevant GES-C01 Answers

Our DumpsValid GES-C01 exam certification training materials are real with a reasonable price. After you choose our GES-C01 exam dumps, we will also provide one year free renewal service. Before you buy DumpsValid GES-C01 certification training materials, you can download GES-C01 free demo and answers on probation. If you fail the GES-C01 exam certification or there

are any quality problem of GES-C01 exam certification training materials, we guarantee that we will give a full refund immediately.

## Snowflake SnowPro® Specialty: Gen AI Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q332-Q337):

### NEW QUESTION # 332

An enterprise is deploying a new RAG application using Snowflake Cortex Search on a large dataset of customer support tickets. The operations team is concerned about managing compute costs and ensuring efficient index refreshes for the Cortex Search Service, which needs to be updated hourly. Which of the following considerations and configurations are relevant for optimizing cost and performance of the Cortex Search Service in this scenario?

- A. For embedding text, selecting a model like `EMBED_TEXT_TOKENS_V1_5`
- B. `CHANGE_TRACKING`
- C. For optimal performance and cost efficiency, Snowflake recommends using a dedicated warehouse of size no larger than MEDIUM for each Cortex Search Service.
- D. The primary cost driver for Cortex Search is the number of search queries executed against the service, with the volume of indexed data (GB/month) having a minimal impact on overall billing.
- E. The primary cost driver for Cortex Search is the number of search queries executed against the service, with the volume of indexed data (GB/month) having a minimal impact on overall billing.

**Answer: A,B,C,D**

Explanation:

Option A is correct because a Cortex Search Service requires a virtual warehouse to refresh the service, which runs queries against base objects when they are initialized and refreshed, incurring compute costs. Option B is correct because the cost of embedding models varies. For example, 'snowflake-arctic-embed-m-v1.5' costs 0.03 credits per million tokens, while 'voyage-multilingual-2' costs 0.07 credits per million tokens. Choosing a more cost-effective model like 'snowflake-arctic-embed-m-v1.5' for English-only data can reduce token costs. Option C is correct because Snowflake recommends using a dedicated warehouse of size no larger than MEDIUM for each Cortex Search Service to achieve optimal performance. Option D is correct because change tracking is required for the Cortex Search Service to be able to detect and process updates to the base table, enabling incremental refreshes that are more efficient than full re-indexing. Option E is incorrect because Cortex Search Services incur costs based on virtual warehouse compute for refreshes, 'EMBED\_TEXT\_TOKENS' cost per input token, and a charge of 6.3 Credits per GB/mo of indexed data. The volume of indexed data has a significant impact, not minimal.

### NEW QUESTION # 333

A data engineering team is tasked with improving the accuracy of a Cortex Analyst solution for a large e-commerce product catalog. Users frequently ask natural language questions involving specific product names, brands, and categories. The team observes that Cortex Analyst sometimes struggles to identify and correctly filter by these literal values in the generated SQL. Which of the following configurations or approaches, within the semantic model, can effectively enhance Cortex Analyst's ability to precisely identify and use literal values for filtering, based on Snowflake's best practices?

- A. Option B
- B. Option C
- C. Option A
- D. Option E
- E. Option D

**Answer: A,C**

Explanation:

Options A and B are correct. For dimensions with low cardinality (around 1-10 distinct values), setting 'is\_enum: true' and providing an exhaustive 'sample\_values' list ensures Cortex Analyst chooses only from that predefined list, improving literal usage. For higher cardinality dimensions, integrating a Cortex Search Service via the entry, specifying both the 'service' name and the 'warehouse', allows semantic search over the underlying data to find appropriate literal values. Option C is incorrect because Cortex Analyst leverages semantic similarity search or Cortex Search for literal values, not direct 'LIKE' clauses in the 'expr' field. Option D is incorrect because while 'verified\_queries' improve accuracy for specific, known questions, they are not a scalable solution for all possible literal search scenarios and are not the primary mechanism for improving general literal value identification. Option E is incorrect because the 'max\_tokens' parameter controls the length of the LLM's output response, not its ability to identify or filter by literal values.

### NEW QUESTION # 334

A data application developer is building a Streamlit chat application within Snowflake. This application uses a RAG pattern to answer user questions about a knowledge base, leveraging a Cortex Search Service for retrieval and an LLM for generating responses. The developer wants to ensure responses are relevant, concise, and structured. Which of the following practices are crucial when integrating Cortex Search with Snowflake Cortex LLM functions like AI\_COMPLETE for this RAG chatbot?

- A. The  
□
- B. For performance and cost optimization, it is always recommended to query Cortex Search and the LLM function within a single  
□
- C. To maintain conversational context in a multi-turn chat, the developer should pass all previous user prompts and model responses in the  
□
- D. The retrieved context from Cortex Search should be directly concatenated with the user's prompt as input to the  
□
- E. Using the  
□

**Answer: C,E**

Explanation:

Option A is incorrect. The user's query is typically embedded (e.g., using ' to perform a similarity search against the Cortex Search Service. The 'retrieved documents' (context) are then passed to the function, not the embedding function itself. Option B is correct because to provide a stateful, conversational experience, all previous user prompts and model responses should be passed in the array to the 'COMPLETE' or function. Option C is incorrect. While concatenation is a method, for better accuracy and control, the retrieved context should be integrated into a well-engineered prompt, often using tags or specific instructions, rather than just raw concatenation, to guide the LLM's response. Option D is correct because 'AI\_COMPLETE Structured OutputS allows you to supply a JSON schema that completion responses must follow, reducing the need for post-processing and enabling seamless integration with systems requiring deterministic responses. Option E is incorrect. While keeping processing within Snowflake is good for data governance, complex RAG pipelines often involve multiple distinct steps (query embedding, search, retrieval, LLM completion) that may benefit from a staged approach rather than a single monolithic SQL statement. The optimal approach depends on the specific complexity and performance requirements, and a single 'SELECT for the 'entire' RAG flow might not always be the most efficient or practical solution.

### NEW QUESTION # 335

A company is building a chatbot for internal support, powered by Snowflake Cortex LLMs. The primary goals are to provide answers that are accurate, grounded in proprietary documentation, and to minimize factual 'hallucinations'. They are considering various strategies to achieve this. Which of the following statements correctly describe effective methods or tools within Snowflake for addressing these concerns?

- A. Enabling Cortex Guard with guardrails: true directly addresses model hallucinations by ensuring responses are always factually correct and aligned with the provided context.
- B. Deploying a custom fine-tuned model using SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX.FINETUNE on proprietary documentation is the most effective approach to ensure factual accuracy for any LLM task.
- C. For tasks requiring LLMs to generate SQL queries from natural language, using the Cortex Analyst verified Query Repository (VQR) can improve accuracy by leveraging pre-verified SQL queries for similar questions.
- D. Using Cortex Search as a Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG) engine can enhance LLM responses by providing relevant context from proprietary documentation, thereby reducing hallucinations.
- E. AI Observability can be leveraged to systematically evaluate applications, measuring metrics like 'factual correctness and 'groundedness' to detect and mitigate hallucinations, especially in summarization.

**Answer: C,D,E**

Explanation:

Option B is correct: Cortex Search is explicitly designed as a RAG engine to enhance LLM responses with contextualized information from Snowflake data, which directly addresses factual accuracy and reduces hallucinations. Option C is correct: AI Observability's evaluation features, including 'factual correctness and 'groundedness' scores, are specifically mentioned for detecting the truthfulness and relevance of responses based on retrieved context, and for avoiding LLMs with high hallucination frequencies, especially in summarization tasks. Option D is correct: The Cortex Analyst Verified Query Repository (VQR) provides a collection of pre-verified SQL queries for specific natural language questions, significantly improving the accuracy and trustworthiness of SQL generation and reducing errors that could be seen as 'hallucinations' in the text-to-SQL context. Option A is incorrect: While fine-

tuning (using 'SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX.FINETUNE) can adapt a model to specific tasks and data, it is not a direct guarantee against 'all' factual inaccuracies or 'hallucinations' for 'any' LLM task, especially if the fine-tuning data itself is limited or the model generalizes poorly. RAG is generally preferred for grounding responses in up-to-date external knowledge. Option E is incorrect: Cortex Guard is designed to filter 'harmful or unsafe' LLM responses, not to directly ensure factual correctness or prevent hallucinations related to content accuracy or grounding.

### NEW QUESTION # 336

A Gen AI Specialist is developing a conversational analytics application using Cortex Analyst, aiming to provide a seamless multi-turn conversation experience for business users querying structured data. The team observes that follow-up questions are sometimes misinterpreted, especially when the conversation history is long. Which of the following statements accurately describe how Cortex Analyst handles multi-turn conversations and key considerations for optimizing this functionality?

- A. Cortex Analyst incorporates an additional LLM summarization agent before its original workflow to rewrite current-turn questions based on conversation history, with Llama 3.1 70B being a recommended model for this task due to its performance in evaluating summarization quality.
- B. To address misinterpretation in long conversations, the max\_tokens parameter for the Cortex Analyst REST API should be significantly increased to ensure the LLM receives the complete historical context without truncation.
- C. Cortex Analyst simply passes the entire conversation history to all subsequent LLM calls, and optimizing this requires manually truncating the array in messages the REST API request.
- D. When a user shifts intent frequently in a multi-turn conversation, Cortex Analyst automatically resets the conversation history to prevent misinterpretations and improve accuracy.
- E. Multi-turn conversation in Cortex Analyst is primarily handled by the CORTEX\_ANALYST\_MODEL\_AZURE\_OPENAI parameter, which, when enabled, allows Azure OpenAI models to manage conversational context more effectively.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Cortex Analyst supports multi-turn conversations for data-related questions by incorporating an additional LLM summarization agent. This agent processes the conversation history and rewrites the current-turn question to include relevant context from previous turns, thereby providing a more coherent and accurate query for subsequent processing. This approach avoids passing arbitrarily long conversation histories to every LLM agent, which would lead to longer inference times and non-determinism. 'Llama 3.1 70B' has been identified as a sufficient model for this summarization task, achieving high accuracy in rewriting questions. Option A is incorrect because Cortex Analyst specifically uses a summarization agent to avoid simply passing the entire, potentially long, conversation history to all LLM calls. Option C is incorrect. The parameter controls the option to use Azure OpenAI models with Cortex Analyst (a legacy path that is discouraged), but it does not describe the mechanism for handling multi-turn conversational context. Option D is incorrect. While 'max\_tokens' influences the length of LLM outputs, the strategy for handling long conversation history in Cortex Analyst is to use a summarization agent to create a concise, relevant context, not simply to increase the token limit to send all historical data. Increasing 'max\_tokens' for entire conversation histories would lead to higher costs and potentially longer latencies. Option E is incorrect. The documentation suggests that if a conversation becomes too long or the user's intent shifts frequently, users \*might need to reset\* the conversation, but it does not state that Cortex Analyst \*automatically\* performs this reset.

### NEW QUESTION # 337

.....

You can find features of this Snowflake GES-C01 prep material below. All smart devices are suitable to use Snowflake GES-C01 pdf dumps of DumpsValid. Therefore, you can open this Snowflake GES-C01 real dumps document and study for the Snowflake GES-C01 test at any time from your comfort zone. These GES-C01 Dumps are updated, and DumpsValid regularly amends the content as per new changes in the GES-C01 real certification test.

**GES-C01 New Question:** <https://www.dumpsvalid.com/GES-C01-still-valid-exam.html>

Snowflake New GES-C01 Test Prep It is available for companies to make presentations and communications among co-workers and candidates, To sure the contents congruent with time and test' requirements, the new versions are also of great importance to real Snowflake GES-C01 exam, Snowflake New GES-C01 Test Prep Don't worry too much, With our determinant GES-C01 practice materials and your personal effort, you will conquer the challenge of the exam.

Just because a bond is rated below investment GES-C01 grade does not mean that it is a bad investment, In this case, the driver

must still retrieve all the data across the network, including Latest GES-C01 Mock Exam the employee photographs, even though the application never requests the photograph data.

## High-quality New GES-C01 Test Prep - 100% Pass GES-C01 Exam

It is available for companies to make presentations Relevant GES-C01 Answers and communications among co-workers and candidates, To sure the contentscongruent with time and test' requirements, the new versions are also of great importance to real Snowflake GES-C01 Exam.

Don't worry too much, With our determinant GES-C01 practice materials and your personal effort, you will conquer the challenge of the exam, Although you cannot depend on yourself to pass the GES-C01 exam, you are still able to buy a GES-C01 examkiller torrent at least.

- [illegible]

DOWNLOAD the newest DumpsValid GES-C01 PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1koLU2X-M8LUslmW4uRy4Euqhv6Tq1ho>