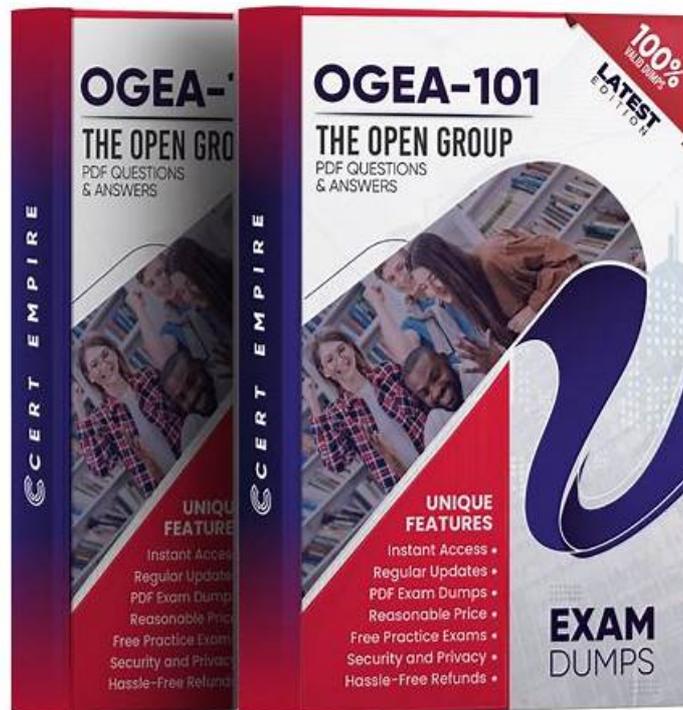


# OGEA-101 Reliable Test Prep & Valid OGEA-101 Exam Dumps



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## The Open Group OGEA-101 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic   | Details   |
|---------|---|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Business Architecture: This topic of The Open Group OGEA-101 exam emphasizes the development of business architecture, including baseline and target architectures. It measures the understanding of TOGAF practitioners about business capabilities and processes.</li> </ul>                   |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Architecture Change Management: Focusing on managing architecture changes, this topic of the TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 exam assesses skills of practitioners in handling change requests and maintaining architecture repositories.</li> </ul>  |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Information Systems Architecture: Focusing on data and application architectures, this topic of the OGEA-101 exam assesses ability of TOGAF practitioners to define and manage information systems. It measures their skills in identifying data entities and application components.</li> </ul> |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Architecture Content Framework: Candidates learn about the TOGAF content metamodel and architecture artifacts. This topic of the OGEA-101 Exam measures their understanding of content organization and documentation.</li> </ul>  |

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| Topic 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Implementation Governance:</b> This topic of The Open Group OGEA-101 exam emphasizes the governance framework for architecture implementation, including compliance processes. It measures the understanding of TOGAF practitioners about governance principles, a key competency for the OGEA-101 exam.</li> </ul>                             |
| Topic 6 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>ADM Phase Requirements:</b> This topic of the TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 exam focuses on the specific requirements for each ADM phase, including stakeholder identification and architecture scope definition. It measures the ability of aspiring TOGAF Practitioner to apply these requirements in real-world scenarios.</li> </ul> |

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### The Open Group TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 Exam Sample Questions (Q26-Q31):

#### NEW QUESTION # 26

Consider the following ADM phases objectives.

Objective

- 1- Determine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value
- 2- Generate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D
- 3- Finalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan
- 4- Ensure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders Which phase does each objective match?

- A. 1F-2E-3F-4G
- B. 1E-2F-3E-4F
- **C. 1G-2E-3F-4F**
- D. 1E-2E-3F-4F

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

According to the TOGAF standard, the objectives of each ADM phase are as follows1:

\* Phase E: Opportunities and Solutions

- o Determine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value
- o Identify and group major work packages within the Architecture Roadmap
- o Identify and group major implementation projects to realize the Architecture Roadmap
- o Identify dependencies between increments and projects
- o Estimate cost, benefit, and risk at a high level for each increment and project
- o Conduct initial prioritization and sequencing of the Architecture Roadmap and projects

\* Phase F: Migration Planning

- o Generate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D
- o Confirm the Transition Architectures with relevant stakeholders
- o Create the Implementation and Migration Plan, including Transition Architectures, work packages, projects, and other activities
- o Confirm and agree the Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan with relevant stakeholders

\* Phase G: Implementation Governance

- o Finalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan
- o Ensure conformance with the Target Architecture by implementation projects
- o Perform appropriate Architecture Governance functions for the solution and any

implementation-driven architecture Change Requests o Ensure that the architecture lifecycle is maintained o Ensure that the Architecture Governance Framework is executed

\* Phase H: Architecture Change Management

o Ensure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders o Manage risks and issues related to the Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan o Monitor the implementation projects and Transition Architectures o Manage changes to the architecture baseline o Manage changes to the Architecture Capability Therefore, the correct matching of the objectives and the phases is:

\* 1G: Determine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value

\* 2E: Generate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D

\* 3F: Finalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan

\* 4F: Ensure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders

### NEW QUESTION # 27

Which statement about Requirements Management is most correct?

- A. The purpose of Requirements Management is to process change requests
- B. Requirements Management is a step of all ADM Phases
- C. Stakeholder requirements are captured once in Phase A and managed throughout the ADM cycle
- **D. Requirements Management and stakeholder engagement are placed at the center of architecture development**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

This statement about Requirements Management is most correct because it reflects the central role of Requirements Management and stakeholder engagement in the ADM cycle. Requirements Management is not a step of all ADM Phases, but rather an ongoing process that ensures that all relevant requirements are elicited, analyzed, prioritized, and addressed throughout the architecture development and transition.

Stakeholder engagement is also a continuous activity that involves identifying, communicating, and managing stakeholder expectations and concerns. Reference: The TOGAF Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 3.1 Introduction to the ADM.

### NEW QUESTION # 28

Consider the image showing basic architectural concepts.

What are items A and B?

- A. A-Architecture Board, B-Architecture Capability
- B. A-Candidate Architecture, B-Trade-off
- C. A-Requirement, B-Candidate Architecture
- **D. A-Architecture Viewpoint, B-Architecture View**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

\* The image shows a diagram that illustrates the basic concepts of architecture description as defined by the ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011 standard<sup>1</sup>, which is also adopted by the TOGAF standard<sup>2</sup>.

\* According to the ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011 standard, an architecture description is a work product used to express an architecture, and it consists of one or more architecture views<sup>1</sup>.

\* An architecture view is a representation of a system from the perspective of a related set of concerns, and it conforms to an architecture viewpoint<sup>1</sup>.

\* An architecture viewpoint is a specification of the conventions for constructing and using an architecture view to address specific stakeholder concerns<sup>1</sup>.

\* Therefore, the correct answer is option A, which identifies the items labeled as "A" and "B" in the image as an architecture viewpoint and an architecture view, respectively. Reference:

\* 1: ISO/IEC/IEEE 42010:2011 - Systems and software engineering - Architecture description<sup>1</sup>

\* 2: TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2 - Part IV: Architecture Content Framework - 31. Architectural Artifacts<sup>2</sup>

### NEW QUESTION # 29

What are the four dimensions used to scope an architecture?

- A. Strategy Segment Capability Budget
- **B. Breadth Depth Time Period Architecture Domains**
- C. Strategy Portfolio Project Solution Delivery
- D. Business Data Application Technology

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

\* The four dimensions used to scope an architecture are Breadth, Depth, Time Period, and Architecture Domains<sup>1</sup>, p. 8.

\* Breadth refers to the extent of the enterprise covered by the architecture, which can range from a specific business unit to the entire organization<sup>1</sup>, p. 8.

\* Depth refers to the level of detail and completeness of the architecture, which can vary depending on the purpose, scope, and stakeholders of the architecture<sup>1</sup>, p. 8.

\* Time Period refers to the temporal aspects of the architecture, such as the current state, the target state, and the transition plan<sup>1</sup>, p. 8.

\* Architecture Domains refers to the classification of the architecture into four domains: Business, Data, Application, and Technology<sup>1</sup>, p. 8.

\* These four dimensions help define the scope and boundaries of the architecture and ensure that it meets the needs and expectations of the stakeholders.

Reference:

\* 1: The Open Group (2018). The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2. 1

### NEW QUESTION # 30

Consider the following descriptions of deliverables consumed and produced across the TOGAF ADM cycle.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 | General rules and guidelines, intended to be enduring and seldom amended, that inform and support the way in which an organization sets about fulfilling its mission |
| 2 | A set of quantitative statements that outline what an implementation project must do in order to comply with the architecture.                                       |
| 3 | A document that is sent from the sponsoring organization to the architecture organization to trigger the start of an architecture development cycle                  |
| 4 | The scope and approach that will be used to complete an architecture development cycle   |

Which deliverables match these descriptions?

- A. 1 Architecture Requirements Specification - 2 Request for Architecture Work - 3 Statement of Architecture Work - 4 Architecture Principles
- **B. 1 Request for Architecture Work - 2 Statement of Architecture Work - 3 Architecture Principles - 4 Architecture Requirements Specification**
- C. 1 Architecture Principles - 2 Architecture Requirements Specification - 3 Request for Architecture Work - 4 Statement of Architecture Work
- D. 1 Statement of Architecture Work - 2 Architecture Principles - 3 Architecture Requirements Specification - 4 Request for Architecture Work

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The Request for Architecture Work is a deliverable that is sent from the sponsor and triggers the start of an architecture development cycle. It defines the scope, budget, schedule, and deliverables for a specific architecture project. The Statement of Architecture Work is a deliverable that is produced by the architect and defines the approach and resources needed to complete an architecture project. It forms the basis of a contractual agreement between the sponsor and the architecture organization. The Architecture Principles are a deliverable that is produced by the architect and defines the general rules and guidelines for the

