How to Prepare For SAP C-CPI-2506 Certification Exam?

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SAP C-CPI-2506 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• SAP Event Mesh: This section of the exam measures the skills of Solution Architects and centers on using SAP Event Mesh to support event-driven integration. It highlights the importance of asynchronous communication, event publishing, and subscription models, allowing organizations to build scalable and decoupled systems.
Topic 2	• Implementing Cloud Integration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Integration Consultants and examines how cloud integration flows are designed and deployed. It emphasizes creating integration scenarios, handling connectivity, and applying best practices to build efficient, secure, and reliable integration processes in SAP's cloud environment.
Topic 3	• SAP Integration Suite Overview: This section of the exam measures the skills of Integration Consultants and covers the foundational concepts of the SAP Integration Suite. It provides an understanding of the suite's capabilities, its role in connecting applications, and its relevance in modern cloud-based integration scenarios.
Topic 4	• Managing APIs: This section of the exam measures the skills of Solution Architects and focuses on managing APIs within the SAP ecosystem. It covers topics such as API provisioning, lifecycle management, security policies, and monitoring, ensuring candidates can handle APIs effectively for enterprise integration needs.

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prepare and pass the difficult SAP C-CPI-2506 Exam with good scores.

SAP Certified Associate - Integration Developer Sample Questions (Q53-Q58):

NEW QUESTION # 53
What can you do in the Cloud Integration capability within SAP Integration Suite? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question

- A. Develop custom adapters.
- B. Connect to multiple endpoints.
- C. Connect to different cloud runtime environments.
- D. Develop complex integration scenarios in Python.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:
In the Cloud Integration capability within SAP Integration Suite, you can do the following things:
Connect to multiple endpoints. You can use various adapters and protocols to connect to different systems and applications, such as SAP S/4HANA, Salesforce, SuccessFactors, and more.
Develop custom adapters. You can use the Adapter Development Kit (ADK) to create your own adapters for specific integration scenarios and requirements. Reference: Integration Software | SAP Integration Suite, Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

NEW QUESTION # 54
In an Event-Driven Architecture (EDA), which architectural characteristic best limits the propagation of failure from one service to another?

- A. Robust error handling prevents service disruption.
- B. Loose coupling between services minimizes cascading failures.
- C. Centralized logging facilitates rapid failure identification.
- D. Asynchronous communication buffers immediate failure impact.

Answer: B

Explanation:
In Event-Driven Architecture, resilience is ensured by:
Loose coupling # Services do not depend on each other's runtime availability. A failure in one service does not directly impact others.
This design minimizes cascading failures that can occur in tightly coupled systems.
Asynchronous communication and error handling help further, but loose coupling is the fundamental characteristic that limits failure propagation.
Incorrect options:
A # Robust error handling is important but not the main architectural limiter of cascading failures.
C # Centralized logging helps with troubleshooting, not failure prevention.
D # Asynchronous buffering mitigates impact but loose coupling fundamentally prevents direct propagation.

NEW QUESTION # 55
Why does the API Management capability of the SAP Integration Suite require API providers?

- A. To create APIs
- B. To create authenticated API instances
- C. To incorporate APIs from source systems

Answer: C

Explanation:
The API Management capability of the SAP Integration Suite requires API providers to incorporate APIs from source systems. An API provider is a system or application that exposes the interface and functionality of an API. The API Management capability

allows you to connect to different types of API providers, such as OData, SOAP, REST, or RFC, and manage their lifecycle, security, and consumption. Reference: Integration Software | SAP Integration Suite, Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

NEW QUESTION # 56
Which messaging patterns does SAP Event Mesh support for asynchronous communication?

- A. Request/reply messaging and multicast messaging
- B. Publish/subscribe and request/reply messaging
- C. Publish/subscribe and point-to-point messaging
- D. Point-to-point and multicast messaging

Answer: C

Explanation:
SAP Event Mesh supports two key asynchronous messaging patterns:
Publish/Subscribe # Producers publish an event once, multiple subscribers consume independently.
Point-to-Point (Queue-based) # Messages sent from one producer to a single consumer via a queue.
Other options are incorrect:
Request/Reply # Synchronous pattern, not the focus of Event Mesh.
Multicast messaging # Not explicitly supported; handled through Pub-Sub.
Thus, Event Mesh supports Publish/Subscribe and Point-to-Point messaging patterns.

NEW QUESTION # 57
In your integration flow process, the request reply returns a message with namespaces. What can you do to delete namespaces from this message? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Set up the request reply to delete the namespaces
- B. Use an XSLT mapping.
- C. Set up the namespace mapping in the Runtime Configuration.
- D. Use a Content Modifier

Answer: B,D

Explanation:
A Content Modifier is a step in an integration flow that allows you to modify the message header or body using expressions or constants. You can use a Content Modifier to delete namespaces from a message by using expressions that remove the namespace declarations or prefixes from the XML elements or attributes. For example, you can use the expression replace($body,"xmlns:ns[0-9]+=\"[