

CTFL-UT자격증참고서시험최신덤프



BONUS!!! Fast2test CTFL-UT 시험 문제집 전체 버전을 무료로 다운로드하세요: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1FmE9fbKcTx_LVu04TGlcE7L3ySEU3auK

ISQI인증 CTFL-UT시험을 등록했는데 마땅한 공부자료가 없어 고민중이시라면Fast2test의ISQI인증 CTFL-UT덤프를 추천해드립니다. Fast2test의ISQI인증 CTFL-UT덤프는 거의 모든 시험문제를 커버하고 있어 시험패스율이 100%입니다. Fast2test제품을 선택하시면 어려운 시험공부도 한결 가벼워집니다.

만약 아직도ISQI CTFL-UT인증시험 위하여 많은 시간과 정력을 소모하며 열심히 공부하고 있습니까? 아직도 어떻게하면ISQI CTFL-UT인증시험을 빠르게 취득할 수 있는 방법을 못하고 계십니까? 지금Fast2test에서ISQI CTFL-UT인증시험을 안전하게 넘을 수 있도록 대책을 내드리겠습니다. 아주 신기한 효과가 있을 것입니다.

>> CTFL-UT자격증참고서 <<

최근 인기시험 CTFL-UT자격증참고서 덤프데모문제

최근 ISQI인증 CTFL-UT시험이 IT업계에서 제일 높은 인지도를 가지고 있습니다.바라만 보지 마시고ISQI인증 CTFL-UT시험에 도전해보세요. Fast2test 의 ISQI인증 CTFL-UT덤프로 시험준비공부를 하시면 한방에 시험패스가 가능합니다. ISQI인증 CTFL-UT덤프로 자격증취득에 가까워지고 나아가서는 IT업계에서 인정을 받는 열쇠를 소유한 것과 같다고 할 수 있습니다.

ISQI CTFL-UT 자격증 시험은 국제 소프트웨어 테스팅 자격 인증 위원회 (ISTQB)에서 개발한 강의 계획을 기반으로 합니다. ISTQB는 소프트웨어 품질 및 테스팅 표준을 촉진하는 글로벌 기관으로, CTFL-UT를 포함한 포괄적인 자격증 시험을 개발했습니다. CTFL-UT는 전 세계적으로 사용성 테스트 능력의 기준으로 인정됩니다.

CTFL-UT 인증을 받으면 소프트웨어 테스트 분야의 개인에게 많은 이점이 있습니다. 신뢰성을 높이고 유용성 테스트에 대한 전문 지식을 보여줄 수 있습니다. 이 인증은 또한 새로운 경력 기회를 열고 수입 잠재력을 높일 수 있습니다. 또한 인증 프로세스를 통해 얻은 지식과 기술은 소프트웨어 제품의 품질을 향상시켜 고객 만족도를 높이고 비즈니스 결과를 향상시킬 수 있습니다.

최신 iSQI Software Testing & Quality CTFL-UT 무료샘플문제 (Q33-Q38):

질문 # 33

What is good accessibility?

- A. Good usability regardless of disturbances like bright sunlight, noise or wind
- **B. Good usability of a software product by people with limited vision, hearing, dexterity, cognition or physical mobility**
- C. Good usability of a software product by people with limited knowledge of the software
- D. Good usability of a software product on all devices (smart phone, computer, etc.)

정답: B

설명:

Accessibility refers to designing products so that people with disabilities or limitations (permanent or temporary) can use them

effectively. According to the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) and ISO standards, accessibility focuses on ensuring that users with vision, hearing, cognitive, or mobility impairments can access digital interfaces. Option D captures this intent accurately. The other options relate to general usability or responsiveness (e.g., device adaptability or user experience in noisy environments) but do not address the inclusive nature of accessibility as defined by official guidelines.

References:

WCAG 2.1 Guidelines - W3C

ISO 9241-171:2008 - Guidance on software accessibility

Usability.gov: Accessibility Basics

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질문 # 34

What does the Equality Act address?

- A. It states that websites have to adhere to the WCAG conformity level AA
- **B. It protects people from discrimination in the workplace and in wider society**
- C. It states that websites have to adhere to the WCAG conformity level A
- D. It obligates organizations to make sites accessible at all costs

정답: B

설명:

The Equality Act 2010 (UK) is legislation designed to protect individuals from discrimination in various areas, including employment and access to goods and services-this includes digital products like websites.

While it does not directly mandate WCAG compliance levels (A or AA), it implies that digital services must be accessible to users with disabilities. Organizations are required to make "reasonable adjustments" to avoid discrimination. Therefore, the most accurate and comprehensive answer is B.

References:

UK Equality Act 2010 - Legislation.gov.uk

GOV.UK: Accessibility Requirements for Public Sector Bodies

질문 # 35

Which of the following statements about usability test plans is true?

- A. It should contain the briefing instructions
- B. It should be very elaborate and at least 10 pages
- C. It contains the results of the test sessions
- **D. It contains a schedule**

정답: D

설명:

A usability test plan is a foundational document created before conducting usability testing. It outlines the objectives, scope, methodology, participants, tasks, and schedule for the testing activities. One of its essential components is the schedule, which details when and how test sessions will occur to ensure proper resource allocation and time management. Including a schedule helps coordinate between test moderators, participants, observers, and stakeholders, making the testing process organized and efficient.

While briefing instructions (Option B) may be related to the usability test, they are typically documented separately or included in participant materials rather than the formal test plan itself. The test plan should be concise and focused; it need not be overly elaborate or lengthy (Option C), as clarity and usability of the plan are more important than length. The results of the test sessions (Option D) are not included in the test plan but rather compiled afterward in a test report or analysis document.

Therefore, the correct statement is that the usability test plan contains a schedule, ensuring a structured timeline for the usability testing activities.

References:

Usability.gov, Usability Testing Plan Template

Nielsen Norman Group, Usability Test Planning

ISO 9241-210:2019 Ergonomics of human-system interaction - Usability testing process

질문 # 36

Which of the following statements about usability testing is true?

- A. A usability test consists of one usability test session
- **B. Before the usability test sessions, a pilot usability test session can be conducted**
- C. The preparation of a usability test is optional
- D. The conditions under which a usability test is done are irrelevant

정답: B

설명:

A pilot usability test session is a critical step prior to conducting the actual usability test. Its purpose is to ensure that the test setup, task design, and moderator instructions are clear and function as expected.

According to ISO 9241-210 and the Nielsen Norman Group's best practices, pilot testing helps detect unforeseen issues and fine-tune the process. Options A and B are incorrect because testing conditions must reflect realistic scenarios, and thorough preparation is essential to gather meaningful usability data. Option D is also incorrect; a usability test typically consists of multiple sessions with different users to gather sufficient data for analysis. The pilot session ensures everything works smoothly before involving real participants.

References:

ISO 9241-210:2019, Ergonomics of human-system interaction - Human-centred design Nielsen Norman Group: Usability Testing 101 Usability.gov: Pilot Testing

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질문 # 37

Which of the following are common mistakes made in usability testing?

- i. The user is too active
- ii. Critical results are ignored
- iii. No observers involved
- iv. Scheduling too late
- v. Incorrect focus

- A. i, ii & iii are true, iv & v are false
- B. i & iii are true, ii, iv & v are false
- **C. ii, iv & v are true, i & iii are false**
- D. ii & iv are true, i, iii & v are false

정답: C

설명:

Common mistakes in usability testing include:

Ignoring critical results (ii): A significant issue if findings are not acted upon.

Scheduling the test too late (iv): This can lead to usability problems being discovered too late to be addressed effectively.

Having the wrong focus (v): For instance, focusing on aesthetics instead of usability goals.

Option i ("user is too active") is not a problem-active participation is necessary. Option iii ("no observers involved") is not a typical mistake, since tests can still be valid even with recorded sessions and later review.

Hence, the correct answer is A: ii, iv & v are true.

References:

Nielsen Norman Group: Common Mistakes in Usability Testing

ISO 9241-210:2019 - Human-Centered Design

Usability.gov: Planning and Conducting Usability Testing

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질문 # 38

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우리Fast2test 에서는 여러분들한테 아주 편리하고 시간 절약함과 바꿀 수 있는 좋은 대책을 마련하였습니다. Fast2test에서는ISQI CTFL-UT인증 시험관련가이드로 효과적으로ISQI CTFL-UT시험을 패스하도록 도와드리겠습니다. 만약 여러분이 다른 사이트에서도 관련덤프자료를 보셨을 경우 페이지 아래를 보시면 자료출처는 당연히 Fast2test 일 것입니다. Fast2test의 자료만의 제일 전문적이고 또 최신 업데이트일것입니다.

