

# ACNS인기자격증 & ACNS적중율높은시험덤프공부



그리고 Itcertkr ACNS 시험 문제집의 전체 버전을 클라우드 저장소에서 다운로드할 수 있습니다:  
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1RGKSoU1gOd7PKZTps4AcrU7WrB5fSV-W>

Nursing인증 ACNS시험은 IT인증시험중 가장 인기있는 시험입니다. Nursing인증 ACNS시험패스는 모든 IT인사들의 로망입니다. Itcertkr의 완벽한 Nursing인증 ACNS덤프로 시험준비하여 고득점으로 자격증을 따보세요.

## Nursing ACNS Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Section                                       | Weight | Objectives                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Topic 1: Health Care Systems and Policy       | 5%     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Healthcare Delivery Models</li><li>- Resource Management</li><li>- Regulatory and Policy Frameworks</li></ul>                                                                                                    |
| Topic 2: APRN Core Competencies               | 16%    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Advanced Health Assessment</li><li>- Advanced Pharmacology</li><li>- Advanced Pathophysiology</li><li>- Clinical Leadership and Consultation</li><li>- Quality Improvement and Safety</li></ul>                  |
| Topic 3: Role and Professional Responsibility | 33%    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Ethics and Legal Aspects</li><li>- Evidence-Based Practice and Research</li><li>- Education and Mentorship</li><li>- Health Promotion and Disease Prevention</li><li>- Health Assessment and Diagnosis</li></ul> |
| Topic 4: Clinical Practice                    | 46%    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Pharmacologic and Nonpharmacologic Management</li><li>- Care Planning and Implementation</li><li>- Evaluation of Outcomes</li></ul>                                                                              |

>> ACNS인기자격증 <<

## ACNS인기자격증 100% 유효한 시험자료

많은 사이트에서 Nursing 인증 ACNS 인증시험대비자료를 제공하고 있습니다. 그중에서 Itcertkr를 선택한 분들은 Nursing 인증 ACNS 시험통과의 지름길에 오른것과 같습니다. Itcertkr는 시험에서 불합격성적표를 받으시면 덤프비용을 환불하는 서

## 최신 Nursing ANCC ACNS 무료샘플문제 (Q28-Q33):

### 질문 # 28

When communicating with a Native American patient, the Adult Clinical Nurse Specialist knows that:

- A. Eye contact is viewed as a sign of respect.
- B. Body language is not important.

- C. Silence indicates respect for the speaker.
- D. Members speak in a loud tone of voice.

정답: C

설명:

When communicating with a Native American patient, the Adult Clinical Nurse Specialist understands that silence is a significant aspect of respectful interaction. In many Native American cultures, silence is valued both as a form of respect and a means of thoughtful communication. It allows the speaker to think and reflect without pressure, ensuring that the communication is meaningful and considerate.

This understanding contrasts sharply with some other cultural contexts where constant dialogue and immediate responses are often expected and valued. In Native American communities, however, taking time to respond is seen as a sign of having considered the information carefully, rather than a sign of disinterest or disrespect.

Moreover, communication styles among Native American groups often emphasize a lower tone of voice. Speaking softly is not only a sign of politeness but also an indication of attentiveness and respect toward the listener. High volume can be perceived as aggressive or rude, so maintaining a gentle tone is crucial in fostering a respectful conversation.

Additionally, while eye contact is commonly regarded as a sign of honesty and engagement in many Western cultures, this is not always the case in Native American cultural contexts. Prolonged eye contact might be perceived as inappropriate or even confrontational. Therefore, understanding and adapting to these nuances is vital for health professionals to avoid miscommunication and to show respect for their patient's cultural values.

Body language also plays an essential role in communication with Native American patients. Subtle gestures, the use of space, and even the posture during conversation can convey volumes. Being sensitive to nonverbal cues is as important as the spoken word, if not more so. Health professionals need to be observant and responsive to these non-verbal signals to communicate effectively and respectfully.

In summary, when interacting with a Native American patient, a healthcare provider like an Adult Clinical Nurse Specialist must be aware of the cultural nuances that govern communication. Respectful silence, moderated tone of voice, limited eye contact, and attentive body language are all crucial elements to facilitate effective and respectful communication in a clinical setting. This cultural competence not only helps in delivering better healthcare but also builds trust and rapport with the patient.

#### 질문 # 29

Which of the following is a sign?

- A. Patient reports night sweats.
- B. Patient reports feeling chills.
- C. Patient reports difficulty sleeping.
- D. Patient's skin is cool and clammy to the touch.

정답: D

설명:

In medical practice, distinguishing between a "sign" and a "symptom" is crucial for diagnosis and treatment planning. A "sign" is an objective indication of a disease or a patient's condition that can be observed or measured by a clinician or healthcare provider. This means that a sign is tangible evidence of an ailment that does not rely on patient feelings or reports, but rather on physical examination, lab results, or other diagnostic tools. The correct answer to the given question, "Patient's skin is cool and clammy to the touch," represents a sign. Here's why: 1. **Objective Observation**: The condition of the patient's skin being "cool and clammy" can be physically felt by a healthcare provider. This observation does not depend on the patient's subjective report but is directly measurable through touch. 2. **Verifiable by Medical Examination**: Any healthcare provider can verify the same condition independently by touching the patient's skin, making it a reproducible and confirmable finding. 3. **Indicator of Physiological State**: Cool and clammy skin can indicate various underlying conditions such as shock, hypoperfusion, anxiety, or hypoglycemia, among others. The presence of such a sign is crucial for diagnosis as it provides concrete evidence that can guide further testing or immediate therapeutic interventions. On the other hand, a "symptom" is a subjective experience or change in condition as reported by the patient that indicates a disease or a change in condition. Symptoms are not directly observable by a healthcare provider but are reported by the patient, such as pain, fatigue, or nausea. These are subjective because they are experiences felt by the patient, which may not be directly measurable and can vary in perception between different individuals. For example, if the question were about a patient reporting difficulty sleeping or feeling chills, these would be considered symptoms. They rely on the patient's personal experience and reporting, and cannot be objectively confirmed just by observation or physical examination without further investigative tools. Understanding the distinction between signs and symptoms is fundamental in clinical practice as it influences the approach to further diagnostic testing and management strategies. Signs allow healthcare providers to apply their clinical skills in observing and noting aspects of the patient's health that are critical for forming a diagnosis and deciding on an appropriate course of treatment.

**질문 # 30**

Normal HCO<sub>3</sub> is which of the following?

- A. 15 - 22 mEq/L
- B. 22 - 26 mEq/L
- C. 37 - 44 mEq/L
- D. 10 - 17 mEq/L

**정답: B**

**설명:**

The correct answer to the question of normal bicarbonate (HCO<sub>3</sub>) levels in arterial blood gases is 22 - 26 mEq/L. This range is critical to understanding the body's acid-base balance, which is essential for maintaining homeostasis and proper physiological function.

Bicarbonate acts as a buffer in the blood to help maintain the pH within a very narrow range of 7.35 - 7.45. This buffer system primarily involves the dynamic balance between carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), a byproduct of cellular metabolism which is acidic, and bicarbonate, which is basic. The kidneys and lungs regulate these levels through various mechanisms.

For instance, when CO<sub>2</sub> levels in the blood increase due to hypoventilation or increased metabolic activity, the pH may drop, making the blood more acidic. The kidneys respond by reabsorbing more bicarbonate from the urine, or the lungs may increase breathing rate to expel more CO<sub>2</sub>, both of which help return the pH to normal.

Conversely, if too much bicarbonate is present, or CO<sub>2</sub> levels are too low due to hyperventilation, the blood becomes too alkaline, and the body must adjust accordingly. The kidneys may excrete more bicarbonate or decrease breathing rate to retain CO<sub>2</sub>, normalizing the pH.

Understanding these normal values and how they interact is essential for diagnosing and managing various health conditions, particularly those involving respiratory, renal, or metabolic components. For example, deviations from the normal bicarbonate range can indicate conditions like metabolic acidosis or alkalosis, which require medical attention to address underlying causes and restore balance.

Thus, maintaining the bicarbonate level within the normal range of 22 - 26 mEq/L is crucial for the body's overall health, ensuring that all cells function optimally in a stable internal environment. This balance is assessed using arterial blood gas (ABG) tests, which provide valuable information about the respiratory and metabolic status of a patient.

**질문 # 31**

What is the best measure the Adult Clinical Nurse Specialist can take when communicating with a culturally diverse patient who speaks a different language?

- A. Use gestures and pictures that are available.
- B. Arrange for an interpreter.
- C. Speak to the patient and family together in hopes that some communication will occur.
- D. Speak slowly and loudly.

**정답: B**

**설명:**

When an Adult Clinical Nurse Specialist encounters a patient who speaks a different language, ensuring effective communication is crucial for accurate assessment and providing quality care. The most effective strategy in this scenario is to arrange for an interpreter. This approach respects the patient's cultural and linguistic background and facilitates accurate and efficient communication between the nurse and the patient.

Using an interpreter helps to overcome language barriers that can lead to misunderstandings or misinterpretations of medical information. It ensures that the patient fully understands the health information, diagnoses, and treatment options being discussed. This is vital for gaining informed consent and for the patient's active participation in their care plan.

It is important to note that speaking slowly and loudly to someone who does not understand the language does not improve understanding. Instead, it can cause frustration and may be perceived as patronizing or disrespectful. Similarly, relying on family members to translate can lead to incomplete or incorrect translations due to lack of medical knowledge or emotional bias.

In contrast, professional interpreters are trained to handle medical terminology and sensitive information, maintaining confidentiality and accuracy. They can also help navigate cultural nuances that may impact patient care. Therefore, arranging for an interpreter is not just about language translation but also about ensuring cultural competence in healthcare provision.

Additionally, while using gestures and pictures can be helpful in some situations, they cannot substitute for comprehensive verbal communication facilitated by an interpreter. Visual aids are supplementary tools and should not be the primary method of communication in complex and nuanced medical discussions.

In conclusion, arranging for an interpreter is the best and most respectful approach when dealing with culturally diverse patients who speak a different language. This practice promotes understanding, patient safety, and quality of care, and it upholds the principles of equity and dignity in healthcare settings.

### 질문 # 32

You are providing care to a patient who has undergone heart surgery. He will be discharged soon. Which of the following is NOT appropriate patient education regarding wound care for this patient?

- A. The patient should keep the incision clean and dry.
- B. Some redness, oozing, and swelling around the incision will be normal.
- C. The patient should contact his doctor immediately if there is redness or oozing around the incision.
- D. The patient should wash the incision with warm water and plain soap.

정답: B

설명:

The correct answer for the question on what is NOT appropriate patient education regarding wound care for a patient who has undergone heart surgery is: "Some redness, oozing, and swelling around the incision will be normal." This statement is incorrect because any redness, oozing, or swelling around a surgical incision is potentially indicative of an infection or other complications that should be promptly assessed by a healthcare provider. It is essential to educate patients and their caregivers to recognize these signs early and seek medical advice, rather than assuming they are normal post-surgical reactions.

Post-operative wound care is crucial for the prevention of infection and ensuring proper healing of the surgical site. The key points of proper care should include keeping the incision clean and dry, regularly changing dressings as instructed by the healthcare provider, and monitoring the wound for any signs of infection. These signs can include increased redness, swelling, warmth around the incision, pus or other discharge, worsening pain, or fever.

Instructing a patient to wash the incision with warm water and plain soap can be appropriate if advised by their healthcare provider. However, it is important to follow specific instructions regarding how often to clean the incision and what products to use, as harsh chemicals can irritate the wound.

Furthermore, advising the patient to keep the incision clean and dry is typically appropriate advice, as moisture can be a breeding ground for bacteria that may lead to infection.

In summary, it is not appropriate to educate the patient that some redness, oozing, and swelling around the incision will be normal after heart surgery. Instead, patients should be informed that these are signs of possible complications and should prompt immediate contact with their healthcare provider. Proper wound care education is essential to prevent infection and promote healing following surgery.

### 질문 # 33

.....

많은 시간과 돈이 필요 없습니다. 30분이란 특별학습가이드로 여러분은 Nursing ACNS 인증시험을 한번에 통과할 수 있습니다. Itcertkr에서 Nursing ACNS 시험자료의 문제와 답이 실제시험의 문제와 답과 아주 비슷한 덤프만 제공합니다.

ACNS적중율 높은 시험덤프공부 : [https://www.itcertkr.com/ACNS\\_exam.html](https://www.itcertkr.com/ACNS_exam.html)

- 완벽한 ACNS인기자격증 덤프문제자료 □ ⇒ [www.dumptop.com](http://www.dumptop.com) ⇐의 무료 다운로드☀ ACNS □☀□페이지가 지금 열립니다ACNS높은 통과율 덤프샘플 다운
- 시험패스에 유효한 최신버전 ACNS인기자격증 최신 덤프모음집 □ ⇒ [www.itdumpskr.com](http://www.itdumpskr.com) ⇐의 무료 다운로드▷ ACNS <페이지가 지금 열립니다ACNS시험대비 최신 덤프
- ACNS인기자격증 덤프공부문제 □ ACNS인기자격증 덤프공부문제 □ ACNS인기자격증 최신시험 덤프자료 □ 무료로 쉽게 다운로드하려면 「 [www.pass4test.net](http://www.pass4test.net) 」 에서□ ACNS □를 검색하세요ACNS시험대비 최신 덤프
- 적중율 높은 ACNS인기자격증 덤프 □ □ [www.itdumpskr.com](http://www.itdumpskr.com) □의 무료 다운로드“ACNS”페이지가 지금 열립니다ACNS퍼펙트 최신 덤프
- 시험패스에 유효한 최신버전 ACNS인기자격증 최신 덤프모음집 □ { [www.dumptop.com](http://www.dumptop.com) }에서▶ ACNS □를 검색하고 무료 다운로드 받기ACNS시험대비 인증공부
- ACNS인기자격증 최신 덤프공부자료 □ 《 [www.itdumpskr.com](http://www.itdumpskr.com) 》 웹사이트에서▷ ACNS <를 열고 검색하여 무료 다운로드ACNS최신 시험덤프공부자료
- ACNS인기자격증 시험 덤프자료 □ ACNS시험대비 덤프문제 □ ACNS인증시험 인기 덤프자료 □ 무료로 다운로드를 위해▷ ACNS <를 검색하려면 ( [www.pass4test.net](http://www.pass4test.net) ) 을(를) 입력하십시오ACNS높은 통과율 덤프샘

폴 다운

- ACNS시험대비 인증공부 □ ACNS인기자격증 시험 덤프자료 □ ACNS퍼펙트 덤프 최신 데모문제 □ 무료 다운로드를 위해 지금 { [www.itdumpskr.com](http://www.itdumpskr.com) }에서 ➡ ACNS □ 검색 ACNS최고패스자료
- 최신 업데이트버전 ACNS인기자격증 인증시험자료 □ 지금 > [www.pass4test.net](http://www.pass4test.net) <을(를) 열고 무료 다운로드를 위해 > ACNS <를 검색하십시오 ACNS완벽한 시험공부자료
- 완벽한 ACNS인기자격증 덤프 □ 지금 { [www.itdumpskr.com](http://www.itdumpskr.com) }을(를) 열고 무료 다운로드를 위해 □ ACNS □를 검색하십시오 ACNS인기자격증 최신시험 덤프자료
- 완벽한 ACNS인기자격증 덤프문제자료 □ 무료로 쉽게 다운로드하려면 【 [www.itdumpskr.com](http://www.itdumpskr.com) 】에서 > ACNS <를 검색하세요 ACNS높은 통과율 덤프샘플 다운
- [jobs.electronicweekly.com](http://jobs.electronicweekly.com), [startupxplore.com](http://startupxplore.com), [www.dibiz.com](http://www.dibiz.com), [fortunetelleroracle.com](http://fortunetelleroracle.com), [aprenderfotografia.online](http://aprenderfotografia.online), [www.fundable.com](http://www.fundable.com), [learn.csisafety.com.au](http://learn.csisafety.com.au), [telegra.ph](http://telegra.ph), [wibki.com](http://wibki.com), [aprenderfotografia.online](http://aprenderfotografia.online), Disposable vapes

2026 Itcertkr 최신 ACNS PDF 버전 시험 문제집과 ACNS 시험 문제 및 답변 무료 공유: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1RGKSoU1gOd7PKZTps4AcrU7WrB5fSV-W>