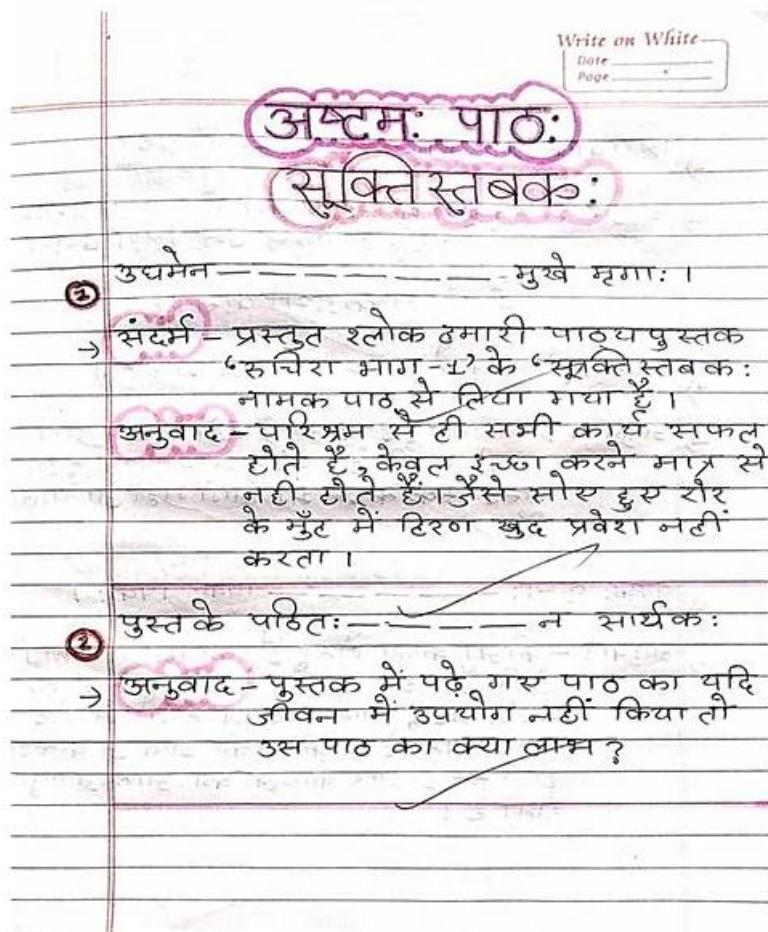


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Juniper JN0-224 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Junos Automation Stack and DevOps Concepts: This domain covers fundamental automation tools, frameworks, APIs, and DevOps culture applicable to Junos platform operations and network management.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">NETCONFXML API: This domain focuses on XML syntax, XPath expressions, NETCONF protocol, and XML API functionality for programmatic device configuration and communication.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data Serialization: This domain addresses YAML and JSON formats used for structured data representation and exchange in network automation workflows.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Rest API: This domain covers Junos REST API implementation, REST API Explorer tool, and cURL usage for HTTP-based device management and configuration.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">PythonPyEZ: This domain examines Python programming with PyEZ library for Junos automation, including JSONAPy, Jinja2 templates, RPC calls, exception handling, and device configuration management.

Juniper Automation and DevOps, Associate (JNCIA-DevOps) Sample Questions (Q59-Q64):

NEW QUESTION # 59

Which two programming languages have a NETCONF library supported by Juniper Networks? (Choose two.)

- A. Python
- B. SLAX
- C. Ruby
- D. Go

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Juniper Networks supports NETCONF libraries for several programming languages, including:

Python (B): Python has a well-supported NETCONF library called ncclient, which is widely used for automating network configurations across Junos devices.

Go (C): Go also has a NETCONF library (go-netconf), which provides similar functionalities for managing Junos devices.

Ruby (A) and SLAX (D) do not have widely recognized or supported NETCONF libraries directly from Juniper Networks, making Python and Go the correct choices.

Reference:

Juniper Networks NETCONF Documentation: Lists supported programming languages and libraries for interacting with NETCONF on Junos devices.

ncclient Documentation: The primary Python library for working with NETCONF.

NEW QUESTION # 60

Which two statements are correct about a Python dictionary data type? (Choose two.)

- A. The data contained in a dictionary data type is a key/value pair.
- B. The data stored in a dictionary data type is sequenced and indexed.
- C. The data contained in a dictionary data type cannot be removed once the dictionary has been created.
- D. The data stored in a dictionary data type is not sequenced or indexed.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

A Python dictionary is a data type that stores data in the form of key/value pairs. It has the following characteristics:
Key/Value Pair (C): Each entry in a dictionary is a pair consisting of a unique key and a value. The key is used to access the corresponding value.

Not Sequenced or Indexed (D): Unlike lists or tuples, dictionaries do not maintain order for their entries (in versions prior to Python 3.7). Even though Python 3.7+ maintains insertion order, dictionaries are not considered indexed or sequenced in the traditional sense like lists, where elements are accessed via positional index.

Option A is incorrect because dictionary entries can be added, modified, or removed after the dictionary is created. Option B is incorrect because dictionaries are not accessed by a numeric index but rather by their keys.

Reference:

Python Official Documentation: Details the nature of dictionaries, including their mutability and key/value structure.

Python Data Structures Guide: Explains dictionary operations and characteristics.

NEW QUESTION # 61

Which statement is correct about Ansible playbooks?

- A. A playbook contains one or more tasks written in XML
- B. A playbook is a configuration file that defines the Ansible related parameters
- C. A playbook is a specific Python module that is executed on a host
- D. A playbook can contain multiple tasks and execute multiple Python modules

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 62

Which two statements are correct about a Python list data type? (Choose two.)

- A. The data contained in a list data type is not sequenced or indexed.
- B. The data contained in a list data type is sequenced and indexed starting from 0.
- C. The data contained in a list data type can be modified.
- D. The data contained in a list data type cannot be modified.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

Python lists have the following characteristics:

Modifiable Data (A): Lists are mutable, meaning you can change, add, or remove elements after the list has been created.

Sequenced and Indexed (B): Lists maintain the order of their elements and are indexed starting from 0. This means you can access elements by their position in the list.

Option C is incorrect because lists are mutable, allowing modifications. Option D is incorrect because lists are indeed sequenced and indexed, unlike dictionaries.

Reference:

Python Official Documentation: Covers the properties of lists, including mutability and indexing.

Python Data Structures Guide: Explains list operations and how to manipulate them.

NEW QUESTION # 63

What is an example of correct XML syntax?

- A. <Device3><ho3tname>vMX1</hostname><Devices/>
- B. <Devices><hostname>vMX1<Devices/>
- C. <Devices><hostname>vMX1</ho3tname><Device3>
- D. <Devices><hostname>vMX1<De vices/X/hostname>

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 64

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