XDR-Analyst Zertifikatsfragen & XDR-Analyst Prüfungsunterlagen

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Wenn Sie einen Traum haben, dann sollen Sie Ihren Traum verteidigen. Gorki hat einmal gesagt, dass der Glaube ist ein großes Gefühl und eine kreative Kraft ist. MeinTraum ist es, ein Top-IT-Experte zu werden. Ich denke, dass es für mich nirgends in Sicht ist. Aber Erfolg können Sie per eine Abkürzung gelingen, solange Sie die richtige Wahl treffen. Ich benutzte die ZertFragen Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst Prüfung Fragenkataloge, und habe die Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst Zertifizierungsprüfung bestanden. Die Fragenkataloge zur Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst Prüfung von ZertFragen sind die besten Lernhilfe. Wenn Sie wie ich einen IT-Traum haben. Dann kaufen Sie Prüfungsfragen und Antworten von ZertFragen. ZertFragenes wird Ihnen helfen, Ihren Traum zu verwirklichen.

Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	• Incident Handling and Response: This domain focuses on investigating alerts using forensics, causality chains and timelines, analyzing security incidents, executing response actions including automated remediation, and managing exclusions.
Thema 2	• Alerting and Detection Processes: This domain covers identifying alert types and sources, prioritizing alerts through scoring and custom configurations, creating incidents, and grouping alerts with data stitching techniques.
Thema 3	• This domain addresses managing endpoint prevention profiles and policies, validating agent operational states, and assessing the impact of agent versions and content updates.
Thema 4	• Data Analysis: This domain encompasses querying data with XQL language, utilizing query templates and libraries, working with lookup tables, hunting for IOCs, using Cortex XDR dashboards, and understanding data retention and Host Insights.
Thema 5	• Endpoint Security Management:

>> XDR-Analyst Zertifikatsfragen <<

Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst Fragen und Antworten, Palo Alto Networks XDR Analyst Prüfungsfragen

Wir wissen, wie bedeutend die Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst Prüfung für die in der IT-Branche angestellte Leute ist. Deshalb

entwickeln wir die Prüfungssoftware für Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst, die Ihnen große Hilfe leisten können. Die Prüfungsunterlagen, die Sie brauchen, haben unser Team schon gesammelt. Außerdem haben wir die Unterlagen wissenschaftlich analysiert und geordnet. Wir tun dies alles, um Ihr Stress und Belastung der Vorbereitung auf Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst zu erleichtern.

Palo Alto Networks XDR Analyst XDR-Analyst Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q83-Q88):

83. Frage
Which statement regarding scripts in Cortex XDR is true?

- A. The level of risk is assigned to the script upon import.
- B. The script is run on the machine uploading the script to ensure that it is operational.
- C. Any version of Python script can be run.
- D. Any script can be imported including Visual Basic (VB) scripts.

Antwort: A

Begründung:
The correct answer is B, the level of risk is assigned to the script upon import. When you import a script to the Agent Script Library in Cortex XDR, you need to specify the level of risk associated with the script. The level of risk determines the permissions and restrictions for running the script on endpoints. The levels of risk are:
Low: The script can be run on any endpoint without requiring approval from the Cortex XDR administrator. The script can also be used in remediation suggestions or automation actions.
Medium: The script can be run on any endpoint, but requires approval from the Cortex XDR administrator. The script can also be used in remediation suggestions or automation actions.
High: The script can only be run on isolated endpoints, and requires approval from the Cortex XDR administrator. The script cannot be used in remediation suggestions or automation actions.
The other options are incorrect for the following reasons:
A is incorrect because not any version of Python script can be run in Cortex XDR. The scripts must be written in Python 2.7, and must follow the guidelines and limitations described in the Cortex XDR documentation. For example, the scripts must not exceed 64 KB in size, must not use external libraries or modules, and must not contain malicious or harmful code.
C is incorrect because not any script can be imported to Cortex XDR, including Visual Basic (VB) scripts. The scripts must be written in Python 2.7, and must follow the guidelines and limitations described in the Cortex XDR documentation. VB scripts are not supported by Cortex XDR, and will not run on the endpoints.
D is incorrect because the script is not run on the machine uploading the script to ensure that it is operational. The script is only validated for syntax errors and size limitations when it is imported to the Agent Script Library. The script is not executed or tested on the machine uploading the script, and the script may still fail or cause errors when it is run on the endpoints.
Reference:
Agent Script Library
Import a Script
Run Scripts on an Endpoint

84. Frage
What kind of malware uses encryption, data theft, denial of service, and possibly harassment to take advantage of a victim?

- A. Keylogger
- B. Ransomware
- C. Worm
- D. Rootkit

Antwort: B

Begründung:
The kind of malware that uses encryption, data theft, denial of service, and possibly harassment to take advantage of a victim is ransomware. Ransomware is a type of malware that encrypts the victim's files or blocks access to their system, and then demands a ransom for the decryption key or the restoration of access. Ransomware can also threaten to expose or delete the victim's data if the ransom is not paid. Ransomware can cause significant damage and disruption to individuals, businesses, and organizations, and can be difficult to remove or recover from. Some examples of ransomware are CryptoLocker, WannaCry, Ryuk, and REvil.
Reference:

12 Types of Malware + Examples That You Should Know - CrowdStrike
What is Malware? Malware Definition, Types and Protection
12+ Types of Malware Explained with Examples (Complete List)

85. Frage
Cortex XDR is deployed in the enterprise and you notice a cobalt strike attack via an ongoing supply chain compromise was prevented on 1 server. What steps can you take to ensure the same protection is extended to all your servers?

- A. Enable DLL Protection on all servers but there might be some false positives.
- B. Create IOCs of the malicious files you have found to prevent their execution.
- C. Conduct a thorough Endpoint Malware scan.
- D. Enable Behavioral Threat Protection (BTP) with cytool to prevent the attack from spreading.

Antwort: B

Begründung:
The best step to ensure the same protection is extended to all your servers is to create indicators of compromise (IOCs) of the malicious files you have found to prevent their execution. IOCs are pieces of information that indicate a potential threat or compromise on an endpoint, such as file hashes, IP addresses, domain names, or registry keys. You can create IOCs in Cortex XDR to block or alert on any file or network activity that matches the IOCs. By creating IOCs of the malicious files involved in the cobalt strike attack, you can prevent them from running or spreading on any of your servers.
The other options are not the best steps for the following reasons:
A is not the best step because conducting a thorough Endpoint Malware scan may not detect or prevent the cobalt strike attack if the malicious files are obfuscated, encrypted, or hidden. Endpoint Malware scan is a feature of Cortex XDR that allows you to scan endpoints for known malware and quarantine any malicious files found. However, Endpoint Malware scan may not be effective against unknown or advanced threats that use evasion techniques to avoid detection.
B is not the best step because enabling DLL Protection on all servers may cause some false positives and disrupt legitimate applications. DLL Protection is a feature of Cortex XDR that allows you to block or alert on any DLL loading activity that matches certain criteria, such as unsigned DLLs, DLLs loaded from network locations, or DLLs loaded by specific processes. However, DLL Protection may also block or alert on benign DLL loading activity that is part of normal system or application operations, resulting in false positives and performance issues.
C is not the best step because enabling Behavioral Threat Protection (BTP) with cytool may not prevent the attack from spreading if the malicious files are already on the endpoints or if the attack uses other methods to evade detection. Behavioral Threat Protection is a feature of Cortex XDR that allows you to block or alert on any endpoint behavior that matches certain patterns, such as ransomware, credential theft, or lateral movement. Cytool is a command-line tool that allows you to configure and manage the Cortex XDR agent on the endpoint. However, Behavioral Threat Protection may not prevent the attack from spreading if the malicious files are already on the endpoints or if the attack uses other methods to evade detection, such as encryption, obfuscation, or proxy servers.
Reference:
Create IOCs
Scan an Endpoint for Malware
DLL Protection
Behavioral Threat Protection
Cytool for Windows

86. Frage
Which Exploit Protection Module (EPM) can be used to prevent attacks based on OS function?

- A. DLL Security
- B. Memory Limit Heap Spray Check
- C. UASLR
- D. JIT Mitigation

Antwort: D

Begründung:
JIT Mitigation is an Exploit Protection Module (EPM) that can be used to prevent attacks based on OS function. JIT Mitigation protects against exploits that use the Just-In-Time (JIT) compiler of the OS to execute malicious code. JIT Mitigation monitors the memory pages that are allocated by the JIT compiler and blocks any attempts to execute code from those pages. This prevents

attackers from using the JIT compiler as a way to bypass other security mechanisms such as Data Execution Prevention (DEP) and Address Space Layout Randomization (ASLR). Reference:
Palo Alto Networks. (2023). PCDRA Study Guide. PDF file. Retrieved from https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/content/dam/pan/en_US/assets/pdf/datasheets/education/pcdra-study-guide.pdf Palo Alto Networks. (2021). Exploit Protection Modules. Web page. Retrieved from https://docs.paloaltonetworks.com/traps/6-0/traps-endpoint-security-manager-admin/traps-endpoint-security-policies/exploit-protection-modules.html

87. Frage
Which of the following is NOT a precanned script provided by Palo Alto Networks?

- A. process_kill_name
- B. list_directories
- C. delete_file
- D. quarantine_file

Antwort: B

Begründung:
Palo Alto Networks provides a set of precanned scripts that you can use to perform various actions on your endpoints, such as deleting files, killing processes, or quarantining malware. The precanned scripts are written in Python and are available in the Agent Script Library in the Cortex XDR console. You can use the precanned scripts as they are, or you can customize them to suit your needs. The precanned scripts are:
delete_file: Deletes a specific file from a local or removable drive.
quarantine_file: Moves a specific file from its location on a local or removable drive to a protected folder and prevents it from being executed.
process_kill_name: Kills a process by its name on the endpoint.
process_kill_pid: Kills a process by its process ID (PID) on the endpoint.
process_kill_tree: Kills a process and all its child processes by its name on the endpoint.
process_kill_tree_pid: Kills a process and all its child processes by its PID on the endpoint.
process_list: Lists all the processes running on the endpoint, along with their names, PIDs, and command lines.
process_list_tree: Lists all the processes running on the endpoint, along with their names, PIDs, command lines, and parent processes.
process_start: Starts a process on the endpoint by its name or path.
registry_delete_key: Deletes a registry key and all its subkeys and values from the Windows registry.
registry_delete_value: Deletes a registry value from the Windows registry.
registry_list_key: Lists all the subkeys and values under a registry key in the Windows registry.
registry_list_value: Lists the value and data of a registry value in the Windows registry.
registry_set_value: Sets the value and data of a registry value in the Windows registry.
The script list_directories is not a precanned script provided by Palo Alto Networks. It is a custom script that you can write yourself using Python commands.
Reference:
Run Scripts on an Endpoint
Agent Script Library
Precanned Scripts

88. Frage
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