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Python Institute PCEP - Certified Entry-Level Python Programmer Sample Questions (Q42-Q47):

NEW QUESTION # 42

Which of the following functions can be invoked with two arguments?

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The code snippets that you have sent are defining four different functions in Python. A function is a block of code that performs a specific task and can be reused in the program. A function can take zero or more arguments, which are values that are passed to the function when it is called. A function can also return a value or None, which is the default return value in Python.

To define a function in Python, you use the `def` keyword, followed by the name of the function and parentheses. Inside the parentheses, you can specify the names of the parameters that the function will accept.

After the parentheses, you use a colon and then indent the code block that contains the statements of the function. For example:
`def function_name(parameter1, parameter2): # statements of the function`

To call a function in Python, you use the name of the function followed by parentheses. Inside the parentheses, you can pass the values for the arguments that the function expects. The number and order of the arguments must match the number and order of the parameters in the function definition, unless you use keyword arguments or default values. For example:

`function_name(argument1, argument2)`

The code snippets that you have sent are as follows:

- A) `def my_function(): print("Hello")`
- B) `def my_function(a, b): return a + b`
- C) `def my_function(a, b, c): return a * b * c`
- D) `def my_function(a, b=0): return a - b`

The question is asking which of these functions can be invoked with two arguments. This means that the function must have two parameters in its definition, or one parameter with a default value and one without.

The default value is a value that is assigned to a parameter if no argument is given for it when the function is called. For example, in option D, the parameter `b` has a default value of 0, so the function can be called with one or two arguments.

The only option that meets this criterion is option B. The function in option B has two parameters, `a` and `b`, and returns the sum of them. This function can be invoked with two arguments, such as `my_function(2, 3)`, which will return 5.

The other options cannot be invoked with two arguments. Option A has no parameters, so it can only be called with no arguments, such as `my_function()`, which will print "Hello". Option C has three parameters, `a`, `b`, and `c`, and returns the product of them. This function can only be called with three arguments, such as `my_function(2, 3, 4)`, which will return 24. Option D has one parameter with a default value, `b`, and one without, `a`, and returns the difference of them. This function can be called with one or two arguments, such as `my_function(2)` or `my_function(2, 3)`, which will return 2 or -1, respectively.

Therefore, the correct answer is B. Option B.

NEW QUESTION # 43

A set of rules which defines the ways in which words can be coupled in sentences is called:

- A. syntax
- B. lexis
- C. dictionary
- D. semantics

Answer: A

Explanation:

Syntax is the branch of linguistics that studies the structure and rules of sentences in natural languages. Lexis is the vocabulary of a language. Semantics is the study of meaning in language. A dictionary is a collection of words and their definitions, synonyms, pronunciations, etc.

Reference: [Python Institute - Entry-Level Python Programmer Certification]

NEW QUESTION # 44

Assuming that the `phone_dir` dictionary contains name:number pairs, arrange the code boxes to create a valid line of code which adds Oliver Twist's phone number (5551122333) to the directory.

Answer:

Explanation:

`phone_dir["Oliver Twist"] = ["5551122333"]`

Explanation:

To correctly add Oliver Twist's phone number to the `phone_dir` dictionary, the code must follow this `phone_dir["Oliver Twist"] =`

["5551122333"] Now, let's match that with your code boxes and arrange them

```
* phone_dir
* [
* "Oliver Twist"
* ]
* =
* [
* "5551122333"
* ]
Final Order: phone_dir # [ # "Oliver Twist" # ] # = # [ # "5551122333" # ]
```

NEW QUESTION # 45

Which of the following expressions evaluate to a non-zero result? (Select two answers.)

- A. $2^{**} 3 / A - 2$
- B. $1 * 4 // 2^{**} 3$
- C. $1^{**} 3 / 4 - 1$
- D. $4 / 2^{**} 3 - 2$

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Explanation

In Python, the ** operator is used for exponentiation, the $/$ operator is used for floating-point division, and the $//$ operator is used for integer division. The order of operations is parentheses, exponentiation, multiplication/division, and addition/subtraction. Therefore, the expressions can be evaluated as follows:

A). $2^{**} 3 / A - 2 = 8 / A - 2$ (assuming A is a variable that is not zero or undefined)
B). $4 / 2^{**} 3 - 2 = 4 / 8 - 2 = 0.5 - 2 = -1.5$ C. $1^{**} 3 / 4 - 1 = 1 / 4 - 1 = 0.25 - 1 = -0.75$ D. $1 * 4 // 2^{**} 3 = 4 // 8 = 0$ Only expressions A and B evaluate to non-zero results.

NEW QUESTION # 46

What is the expected output of the following code?

□

- A. 0
- B. pizzapastafolpetti
- C. The code is erroneous and cannot be run.
- D. ppt

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

The code snippet that you have sent is using the slicing operation to get parts of a string and concatenate them together. The code is as follows:

```
pizza = "pizza"
pasta = "pasta"
folpetti = "folpetti"
print(pizza[0] + pasta[0] + folpetti[0])
```

The code starts with assigning the strings "pizza", "pasta", and "folpetti" to the variables pizza, pasta, and folpetti respectively. Then, it uses the print function to display the result of concatenating the first characters of each string. The first character of a string can be accessed by using the index 0 inside square brackets. For example, pizza[0] returns "p". The concatenation operation is used to join two or more strings together by using the $+$ operator. For example, "a" + "b" returns "ab". The code prints the result of pizza[0] + pasta[0] + folpetti[0], which is "p" + "p" + "f", which is "ppt".

The expected output of the code is ppt, because the code prints the first characters of each string. Therefore, the correct answer is B. ppt.

NEW QUESTION # 47

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