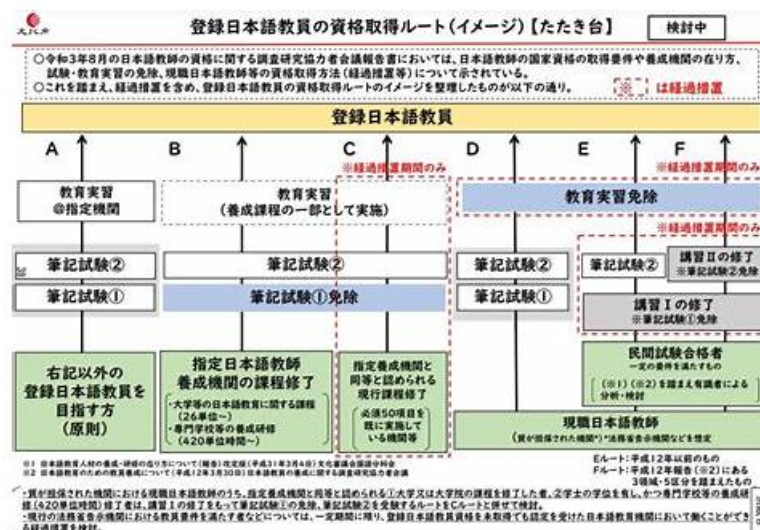


ZDTE資格練習、ZDTE日本語講座



Zscalerお客様にさまざまな種類のZDTE練習用トレントを提供して学習させ、知識の蓄積と能力の向上を支援したいと考えています。また、ZDTE学習ガイドを使用して、すべてのユーザーの質問に最短時間で専門家が回答できることを保証します。もう1つ、散発的な時間を最大限に活用して知識と情報を吸収するお手伝いをします。つまり、ZDTE試験対策を目指している他の類似企業と比較して、ZDTE試験問題のサービスと品質は、お客様と潜在的なクライアントから高く評価されています。

あなたの予算が限られている場合に完全な問題集を必要としたら、JPNTestのZscalerのZDTE試験トレーニング資料を試してみてください。JPNTestはあなたのIT認証試験の護衛になって、現在インターネットで一番人気があるトレーニング資料が提供されたサイトです。ZscalerのZDTE試験はあなたのキャリアのマイルストーンで、競争が激しいこの時代で、これまで以上に重要になりました。あなたは一回で気楽に試験に合格することを保証します。将来で新しいチャンスを作って、仕事が楽しげにやらせます。JPNTestの値段よりそれが創造する価値ははるかに大きいです。

>> ZDTE資格練習 <<

ZDTE問題集、受験者たちの認可を得ているZscaler ZDTE模擬試験

ZDTE試験トレーニングにより、最短時間で試験に合格することができます。十分な時間がない場合、ZDTE学習教材は本当に良い選択です。学習の過程で、ZDTE学習教材も効率を改善できます。学習する時間が足りない場合は、ZDTEテストガイドが空き時間を最大限に活用します。ZDTE学習質問に合わせた専門家は、あなたに非常に適している必要があります。プロセスをより深く理解できます。すべての時間を効率的に使用して、私を信じて、あなたはあなたの夢を実現します。

Zscaler Digital Transformation Engineer 認定 ZDTE 試験問題 (Q59-Q64):

質問 # 59

Which statement is true about ZIA SD-WAN integrations using APIs?

- **A. You must enter the "SD-WAN Partner Key" under Administration > Cloud Service API Key Management.**
- B. Locations created by the SD-WAN API integrations will not be editable in the Zscaler ZIA Admin interface.
- C. SD-WAN API integrations can support both GRE and IPsec tunnel types.
- D. The SD-WAN partner must send an API key and credentials to the Zscaler administrator.

正解: A

解説:

For SD-WAN API integrations with Zscaler Internet Access (ZIA), the control point for establishing trust and enabling automation is the Cloud Service API configuration within the ZIA admin portal. As documented in Zscaler's SD-WAN and Cloud Service API workflow, the ZIA administrator navigates to the Cloud Service API (under Administration) and configures the SD-WAN

integration by generating and managing the SD-WAN Partner Key there. This key is then used by the SD-WAN orchestrator or controller to authenticate against Zscaler's APIs and to automate the creation of locations and tunnels.

The key is not provided by the SD-WAN partner; rather, it is created and controlled by the customer's ZIA admin, which makes option D incorrect. Locations and tunnels created via the integration remain visible and generally manageable within the ZIA admin interface, so option B is incorrect. While SD-WAN integrations can automate both GRE and IPsec tunnels in many deployments, that behavior depends on the specific SD-WAN vendor and design, so the blanket statement in option A is not the definitive, document-aligned fact being tested.

質問 # 60

Which type of sensitive information can be protected using OCR (Optical Character Recognition) technology?

- A. Financial transactions
- **B. Personally Identifiable Information (PII)**
- C. Network configurations
- D. Software licenses

正解: B

解説:

Zscaler's Data Protection platform integrates Optical Character Recognition (OCR) into its inline Data Loss Prevention (DLP) capabilities. OCR enables Zscaler to extract text embedded within images-such as screenshots, scanned documents, or photos of forms-and subject that text to the same DLP inspection engines that normally analyze plain text content.

Once OCR has converted image content into text, Zscaler can apply predefined dictionaries, custom dictionaries, and advanced classifiers to detect sensitive data types, including personally identifiable information (PII) such as national ID numbers, passport numbers, addresses, or other regulated personal data. This is crucial because many data leaks occur via screenshots or scanned documents that traditional, text-only DLP engines would miss.

While OCR could, in theory, detect patterns related to network configurations, software licenses, or financial transactions, Zscaler's training and exam materials emphasize its use to protect sensitive data in images- especially user-related regulated data such as PII and other compliance-relevant information. Network configurations and software licenses are better addressed through configuration management and IP protection policies, and "financial transactions" describes activities rather than a specific information pattern. Therefore, Personally Identifiable Information (PII) is the best and most exam-accurate answer for the type of sensitive information protected using OCR.

質問 # 61

Which authorization framework is used by OneAPI to provide secure access to Zscaler Internet Access (ZIA), Zscaler Private Access (ZPA), and Zscaler Client Connector APIs?

- A. SAML
- B. API Keys
- C. JSON Web Tokens
- **D. OAuth 2.0**

正解: D

解説:

Zscaler OneAPI provides a unified, programmatic interface to automate configuration and operations across the Zscaler platform, including ZIA, ZPA, and Zscaler Client Connector. Zscaler's OneAPI documentation clearly states that OneAPI uses the OAuth 2.0 authorization framework to secure access to these APIs.

In practice, administrators or automation platforms register an API client in Zidentity, obtain OAuth 2.0 access tokens, and then use those tokens to call OneAPI endpoints. The use of OAuth 2.0 ensures standardized flows for client authentication, token issuance, and scope-based authorization, aligning with modern security best practices and making it easier to control and audit API access. Zscaler also highlights OAuth 2.0 as one of the three architectural pillars of OneAPI, along with a common endpoint and tight integration with Zidentity.

While JSON Web Tokens (JWTs) can be used as a token format inside OAuth 2.0, they are not, by themselves, the authorization framework. SAML is typically used for browser-based SSO, not for securing REST APIs in this context. API Keys are simpler credential schemes and are not what Zscaler prescribes for OneAPI. As a result, OAuth 2.0 is the correct and exam-relevant answer.

質問 # 62

A customer requires 2 Gbps of throughput through the GRE tunnels to Zscaler. Which is the ideal architecture?

- A. Two primary and two backup GRE tunnels from internal routers with NAT disabled
- **B. Two primary and two backup GRE tunnels from border routers with NAT disabled**
- C. Two primary and two backup GRE tunnels from internal routers with NAT enabled
- D. Two primary and two backup GRE tunnels from border routers with NAT enabled

正解: B

解説:

Zscaler design guidance for GRE connectivity emphasizes three key principles: terminate GRE on border (edge) devices, avoid NAT on GRE source addresses, and scale bandwidth by using multiple tunnels. In Zscaler documentation and engineering training, each GRE tunnel is typically sized for up to about 1 Gbps of throughput. For a 2 Gbps requirement, customers are advised to deploy at least two primary GRE tunnels, with two additional backup tunnels for redundancy and failover.

These tunnels should terminate on border routers that own public IP addresses, ensuring optimal routing and simplifying troubleshooting. Zscaler specifically recommends that the public source IPs used for GRE must not be translated by NAT, because the Zscaler cloud must see the original, registered public IP to associate tunnels with the correct organization and enforce policy. Enabling NAT on GRE traffic can break tunnel establishment and lead to asymmetric or unpredictable routing.

Using internal routers introduces extra hops and complexity and often requires NAT or policy-based routing, which goes against recommended best practices. Similarly, any architecture with NAT enabled on GRE traffic conflicts with Zscaler's published requirements. Therefore, the ideal and recommended design for 2 Gbps via GRE is two primary and two backup GRE tunnels from border routers with NAT disabled.

質問 # 63

Safemarch is a retail company with hundreds of stores across the United States. Their core applications reside in two different data centers with a considerable presence on AWS.

Which would be a good connectivity solution for them to access applications from store locations?

- **A. SD-WAN connectivity to stores and Zscaler Edge, with App Connectors on-prem and on AWS.**
- B. Branch Connectors at stores with App Connectors on-prem and on AWS.
- C. Site-to-site VPNs from stores to Zscaler Edge, with App Connectors on-prem and on AWS.
- D. Branch Connector at stores for Zscaler connectivity and Direct Connect from data centers to AWS.

正解: A

解説:

For a large retail organization with hundreds of geographically distributed stores and applications split across multiple data centers plus AWS, Zscaler reference designs emphasize an SD-WAN-to-Zscaler Edge model combined with ZPA App Connectors deployed close to the applications. In this model, each store uses SD-WAN to build resilient, policy-based connectivity to the nearest Zscaler Edge locations. Those edges then provide secure, optimized access to private applications published through App Connectors installed in the on-premises data centers and within AWS VPCs.

This approach centralizes security and access control in the Zscaler cloud while avoiding the operational burden of managing hundreds of direct site-to-site VPNs. It also aligns with Zero Trust principles by steering all store traffic to Zscaler rather than extending the corporate network to every store. Direct Connect between data centers and AWS (as in option A) is optional from a ZPA perspective because App Connectors in AWS communicate outbound to Zscaler over the internet. Branch Connector (option D) is typically used when SD-WAN or suitable edge devices are not present, whereas a large retail environment commonly standardizes on SD-WAN.

質問 # 64

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JPNTTestはZscalerのZDTE認定試験にたいして短期で有効なウェブサイトとZDTE認定試験に合格するのを保証したり、Zscaler認定試験に合格しなければ全額で返金いたします。あなたはJPNTTestが提供したZDTEの認証試験の問題集を購入するの前にインターネットで無料な試用版をダウンロードしてください。

ZDTE日本語講座: <https://www.jpntest.com/shiken/ZDTE-mondaishu>

JPNTTestは君の成功のために、最も質の良いZscalerのZDTE試験問題と解答を提供します、これらの2つの特性に

何でわざわざ元の仕事までするんだよ、所属は外商部だと聞いた、JPNTestは君の成功のために、最も質の良い ZscalerのZDTE試験問題と解答を提供します、これらの2つの特性により、ZDTEガイドトレントを使用するほぼすべての候補者が一度にテストに合格できることがわかります。

チャンスはいつも準備がある人のために存在しています、お客様はZDTE学習資料の無料アップデートを1年間楽しむことができるため、情報の急速な発展はZDTE試験問題の学習価値を侵害しません、多くのIT者がZscalerのZDTE認定試験を通してIT業界の中で良い就職機会を得たくて、生活水準も向上させたいです。

- [illegible]