

# Marvelous 1z0-071 Latest Exam Guide & Passing 1z0-071 Exam is No More a Challenging Task

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## Oracle 1z0-071 Exam Study Guide

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- Oracle verified 1z0-071 Exam Practice Questions
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## Questions & Answers (Demo Version – Limited Content)

(ExamsGeek's practice material comes in two formats. They are as follows)

### PDF Format - 1z0-071 Exam Questions

This version will come in PDF format as suggested by the name itself. This will provide you a comprehensive set of 1z0-071 exam questions comprising the prospective question types. With this, you will be able to familiarize yourself with the Oracle Certified Associate certification exam format by practicing the real exam questions.

### 1z0-071 Practice Test Software

If you have researched a bit about the Oracle 1z0-071 exam, you must have noticed that the exams are getting tougher than what they used to be earlier. Acknowledging this, we have designed one of the best 1z0-071 Oracle Database SQL exam preparation software in the market with all the necessary features. The Oracle 1z0-071 Exam software provides computer-based simulation of the Oracle 1z0-071 exam with real time scenarios to empower you to learn effective test-taking strategies and time management skills. In our software, you can customize your exam time, difficulty level and question types based on your preparation objectives.

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Oracle 1z0-071 exam covers a broad range of topics related to SQL development and database management, including SQL queries, data manipulation, data control language, data definition language, transactions, and database security. Candidates must demonstrate their ability to write complex SQL queries, manage database objects, and perform database administration tasks. 1z0-071 Exam is challenging, but passing it can open up many opportunities for IT professionals in various industries.

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I suggest that you must try our study materials. Because 1z0-071 guide torrent can help you to solve all the problems encountered in the learning process, 1z0-071 Study Tool will provide you with very flexible learning time so that you can easily pass the exam. I believe that after you try our products, you will love it soon.

Oracle 1z0-071 Exam is a multiple-choice test that consists of 73 questions. 1z0-071 exam is divided into six sections, each of which covers a different aspect of SQL, including SQL fundamentals, data retrieval using SELECT statements, single-row functions, and data manipulation using DML statements.

## Oracle Database SQL Sample Questions (Q135-Q140):

### NEW QUESTION # 135

Examine the structure of the PROGRAMS table:

Name	Null?	Type
PROG_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (3)
PROG_COST		NUMBER (8, 2)
START_DATE	NOT NULL	DATE
END_DATE		DATE

Which two SQL statements would execute successfully?

SELECT NVL(ADD\_MONTHS(END\_DATE,1)SYSDATE)

- A. FROM programs;  
SELECT NVL(TO\_CHAR(MONTHS\_BETWEEN(start\_date,end\_date),'Ongoing'))
- B. FROM programs;
- C. FROM programs;  
SELECT TO\_DATE(NVL(SYSDATE-END\_DATE,SYSDATE))
- D. FROM programs;  
SELECT NVL(MONTHS\_BETWEEN(start\_date,end\_date),'Ongoing')

**Answer: B,C**

### NEW QUESTION # 136

Examine the data in the CUST\_NAME column of the CUSTOMER table.

CUST\_NAME  
-----  
Renske Ladwig  
Jason Mallin  
Samuel McCain  
Allan MCEwen  
Irene Mikilineni  
Julia Nayer

You need to display customers' second names where the second name starts with "Mc" or "MC".

Which query gives the required output?

- A. SELECT SUBSTR(cust\_name, INSTR(cust\_name,')+1)  
FROM customers  
WHERE INITCAP(SUBSTR(cust\_name, INSTR(cust\_name,')+1))  
INITCAP('MC%');
- B. SELECT SUBSTR(cust\_name, INSTR(cust\_name,')+1)  
FROM customers  
WHERE INITCAP(SUBSTR(cust\_name, INSTR(cust\_name,')+1))  
'Mc';
- C. SELECT SUBSTR(cust\_name, INSTR(cust\_name,')+1)  
FROM customers  
WHERE INITCAP(SUBSTR(cust\_name, INSTR(cust\_name,')+1))

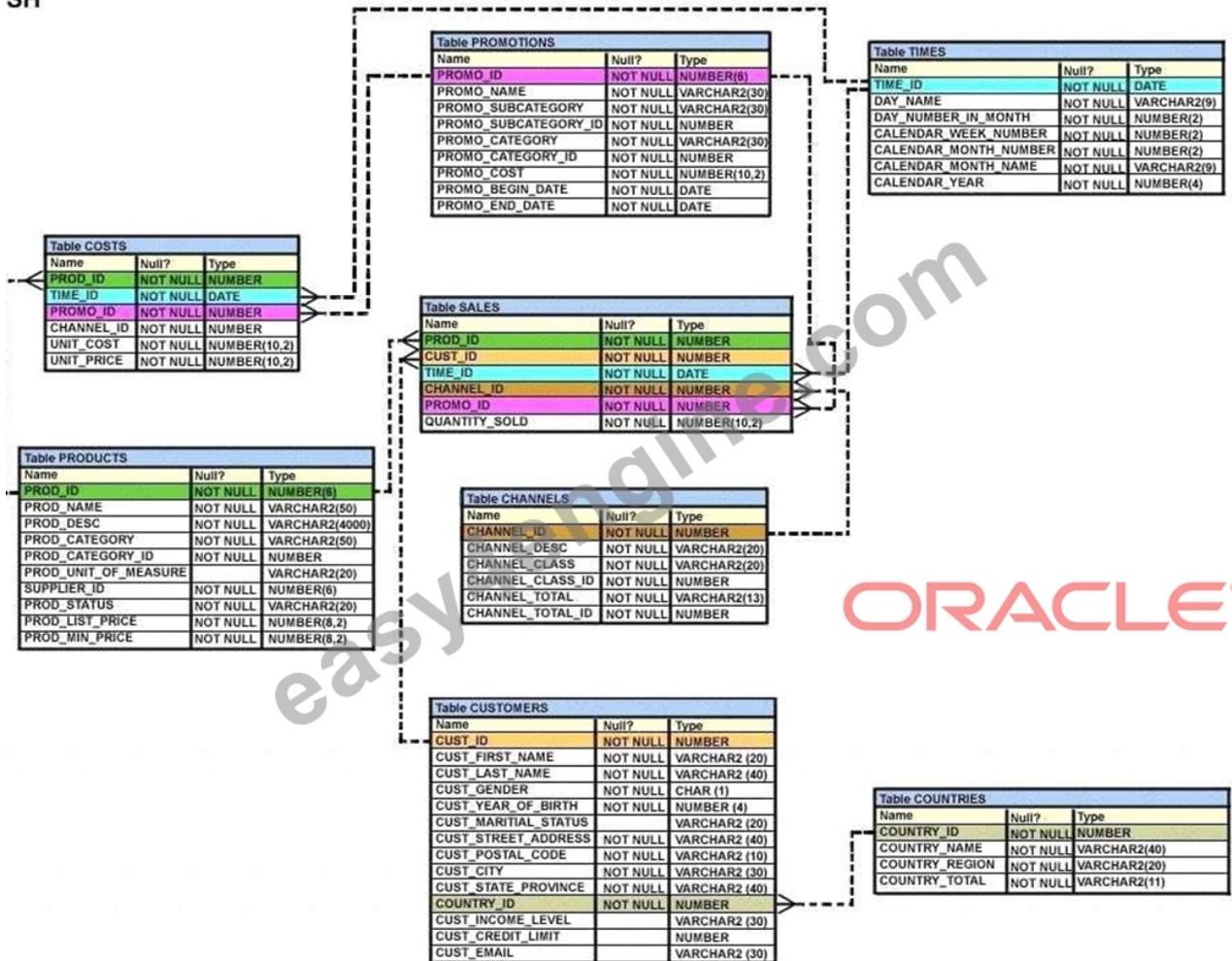
LIKE 'Mc%';

- D. SELECT SUBSTR(cust\_name, INSTR(cust\_name,')+1)  
FROM customers  
WHERE SUBSTR(cust\_name, INSTR(cust\_name,')+1)  
LIKE INITCAP ('MC%');

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 137

View the Exhibit and examine the description for the SALES and CHANNELS tables.  
SH



You issued this SQL statement:

```
INSERT INTO SALES VALUES (3, 200, SYSDATE,
(SELECT CHANNEL_ID
FROM CHANNELS
WHERE CHANNEL_DESC='DIRECT SALES'),
12, 1, 500);
```

Which statement is true regarding the result? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. The statement will fail because the VALUES clause is not required with the subquery.
- **B. The statement will execute and a new row will be inserted in the SALES table.**
- C. The statement will fail because the subquery in the VALUES clause is not enclosed within single quotation marks.
- D. The statement will fail because a subquery cannot be used in a VALUES clause.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 138

View the Exhibits and examine the structure of the costs and promotions tables.

You want to display prod\_ids whose promotion cost is less than the highest cost PROD\_ID in a promotion time interval.

Examine this SQL statement:

```
SELECT prod_id
FROM costs
WHERE promo_id IN
  (SELECT promo_id
   FROM promotions
   WHERE promo_cost < ALL
     (SELECT MAX(promo_cost)
      FROM promotions
      GROUP BY (promo_end_date - promo_begin_date)));
```

What will be the result?

- A. It gives an error because the ROUP BY clause is not valid.
- **B. It executes successfully and gives the required result.**
- C. It gives an error because the all keyword is not valid.
- D. It executes successfully but does not give the required result.

**Answer: B**

### NEW QUESTION # 139

View the Exhibit and examine the structure of the PRODUCTS table.

Table PRODUCTS		
Name	Null?	Type
PROD_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(6)
PROD_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(50)
PROD_DESC	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(4000)
PROD_CATEGORY	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(50)
PROD_CATEGORY_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
PROD_UNIT_OF_MEASURE		VARCHAR2(20)
SUPPLIER_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(6)
PROD_STATUS	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(20)
PROD_LIST_PRICE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(8,2)
PROD_MIN_PRICE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(8,2)

You must display the category with the maximum number of items.

You issue this query:

```
SQL > SELECT COUNT(*), prod_category_id
FROM products
GROUP BY prod_category_id
HAVING COUNT(*) =
  (SELECT MAX(COUNT(*))
   FROM products);
```

What is the result?

- A. It executes successfully but does not give the correct output.
- **B. It generate an error because the subquery does not have a GROUP BY clause.**
- C. It generates an error because = is not valid and should be replaced by the IN operator.
- D. It executes successfully and gives the correct output.

**Answer: B**

### NEW QUESTION # 140

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