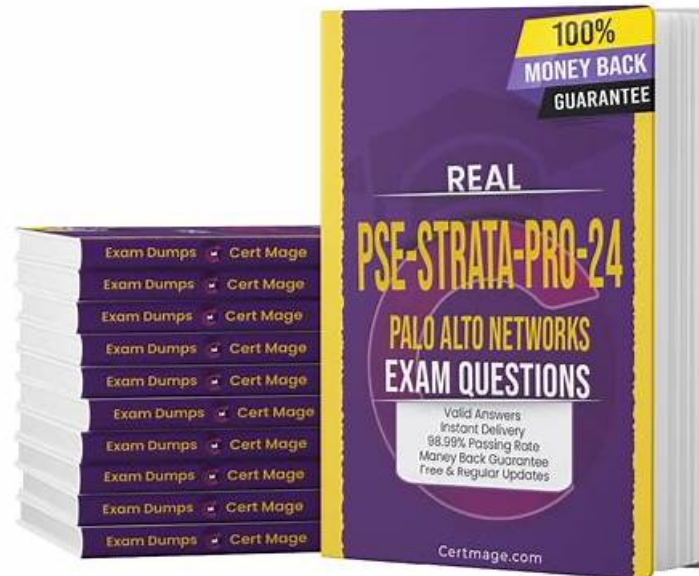


# Palo Alto Networks PSE-Strata-Pro-24 New Braindumps Free & Updated PSE-Strata-Pro-24 Test Cram



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## Palo Alto Networks PSE-Strata-Pro-24 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Architecture and Planning:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Architects and emphasizes understanding customer requirements and designing suitable deployment architectures. Candidates must explain Palo Alto Networks' platform networking capabilities in detail and evaluate their suitability for various environments. Handling aspects like system sizing and fine-tuning is also a critical skill assessed in this domain.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Business Value and Competitive Differentiators:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of Technical Business Value Analysts and focuses on identifying the value proposition of Palo Alto Networks Next-Generation Firewalls (NGFWs). Candidates will assess the technical business benefits of tools like Panorama and SCM. They will also recognize customer-relevant topics and align them with Palo Alto Networks' best solutions. Additionally, understanding Strata's unique differentiators is a key component of this domain.</li></ul>

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Deployment and Evaluation:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of Deployment Engineers and focuses on identifying the capabilities of Palo Alto Networks NGFWs. Candidates will evaluate features that protect against both known and unknown threats. They will also explain identity management from a deployment perspective and describe the proof of value (PoV) process, which includes assessing the effectiveness of NGFW solutions.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Network Security Strategy and Best Practices:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Strategy Specialists and highlights the importance of the Palo Alto Networks five-step Zero Trust methodology. Candidates must understand how to approach and apply the Zero Trust model effectively while emphasizing best practices to ensure robust network security.</li> </ul>

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## Updated PSE-Strata-Pro-24 Test Cram & Latest PSE-Strata-Pro-24 Exam Pass4sure

As we all know, a lot of efforts need to be made to develop a PSE-Strata-Pro-24 learning prep. Firstly, a huge amount of first hand materials are essential, which influences the quality of the compilation about the PSE-Strata-Pro-24 actual test guide. We have tried our best to find all reference books. Then our experts have carefully summarized all relevant materials of the PSE-Strata-Pro-24 exam. Also, annual official test is also included. They have built a clear knowledge frame in their minds before they begin to compile the PSE-Strata-Pro-24 Actual Test guide. It is a long process to compilation. But they stick to work hard and never abandon. Finally, they finish all the compilation because of their passionate and persistent spirits. So you are lucky to come across our PSE-Strata-Pro-24 exam questions.

## Palo Alto Networks Systems Engineer Professional - Hardware Firewall Sample Questions (Q26-Q31):

### NEW QUESTION # 26

Which two compliance frameworks are included with the Premium version of Strata Cloud Manager (SCM)? (Choose two)

- **A. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)**
- B. Center for Internet Security (CIS)
- C. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
- **D. Payment Card Industry (PCI)**

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

Step 1: Understanding Strata Cloud Manager (SCM) Premium

Strata Cloud Manager is a unified management interface for Strata NGFWs, Prisma Access, and other Palo Alto Networks solutions. The Premium version (subscription-based) includes advanced features like:

\* AIOps Premium: Predictive analytics, capacity planning, and compliance reporting.

\* Compliance Posture Management: Pre-built dashboards and reports for specific regulatory frameworks.

Compliance frameworks in SCM Premium provide visibility into adherence to standards like PCI DSS and NIST, generating actionable insights and audit-ready reports based on firewall configurations, logs, and traffic data.

### NEW QUESTION # 27

An existing customer wants to expand their online business into physical stores for the first time. The customer requires NGFWs at the physical store to handle SD-WAN, security, and data protection needs, while also mandating a vendor-validated deployment method. Which two steps are valid actions for a systems engineer to take? (Choose two.)

- A. Use Golden Images and Day 1 configuration to create a consistent baseline from which the customer can efficiently work.
- B. Use the reference architecture "On-Premises Network Security for the Branch Deployment Guide" to achieve a desired architecture.
- **C. Recommend the customer purchase Palo Alto Networks or partner-provided professional services to meet the stated requirements.**

- **D. Create a bespoke deployment plan with the customer that reviews their cloud architecture, store footprint, and security requirements.**

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

When assisting a customer in deploying next-generation firewalls (NGFWs) for their new physical store branches, it is crucial to address their requirements for SD-WAN, security, and data protection with a validated deployment methodology. Palo Alto Networks provides robust solutions for branch security and SD-WAN integration, and several steps align with vendor-validated methods:

\* Option A (Correct): Palo Alto Networks or certified partners provide professional services for validated deployment methods, including SD-WAN, security, and data protection in branch locations.

Professional services ensure that the deployment adheres to industry best practices and Palo Alto's validated reference architectures. This ensures a scalable and secure deployment across all branch locations.

\* Option B: While using Golden Images and a Day 1 configuration can create a consistent baseline for configuration deployment, it does not align directly with the requirement of following vendor-validated deployment methodologies. This step is helpful but secondary to vendor-validated professional services and bespoke deployment planning.

\* Option C (Correct): A bespoke deployment plan considers the customer's specific architecture, store footprint, and unique security requirements. Palo Alto Networks' system engineers typically collaborate with the customer to design and validate tailored deployments, ensuring alignment with the customer's operational goals while maintaining compliance with validated architectures.

\* Option D: While Palo Alto Networks provides branch deployment guides (such as the "On-Premises Network Security for the Branch Deployment Guide"), these guides are primarily reference materials.

They do not substitute for vendor-provided professional services or the creation of tailored deployment plans with the customer.

References:

\* Palo Alto Networks SD-WAN Deployment Guide.

\* Branch Deployment Architecture Best Practices: <https://docs.paloaltonetworks.com>

\* Professional Services Overview: <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/services>

## NEW QUESTION # 28

The PAN-OS User-ID integrated agent is included with PAN-OS software and comes in which two forms?

(Choose two.)

- A. GlobalProtect agent
- B. Cloud Identity Engine (CIE)
- **C. Windows-based agent**
- **D. Integrated agent**

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

User-ID is a feature in PAN-OS that maps IP addresses to usernames by integrating with various directory services (e.g., Active Directory). User-ID can be implemented through agents provided by Palo Alto Networks. Here's how each option applies:

\* Option A: Integrated agent

\* The integrated User-ID agent is built into PAN-OS and does not require an external agent installation. It is configured directly on the firewall and integrates with directory services to retrieve user information.

\* This is correct.

\* Option B: GlobalProtect agent

\* GlobalProtect is Palo Alto Networks' VPN solution and does not function as a User-ID agent.

While it can be used to authenticate users and provide visibility, it is not categorized as a User-ID agent.

\* This is incorrect.

\* Option C: Windows-based agent

\* The Windows-based User-ID agent is a standalone agent installed on a Windows server. It collects user mapping information from directory services and sends it to the firewall.

\* This is correct.

\* Option D: Cloud Identity Engine (CIE)

\* The Cloud Identity Engine provides identity services in a cloud-native manner but is not a User-ID agent. It synchronizes with identity providers like Azure AD and Okta.

\* This is incorrect.

References:

\* Palo Alto Networks documentation on User-ID

\* Knowledge Base article on User-ID Agent Options

### NEW QUESTION # 29

Which two files are used to deploy CN-Series firewalls in Kubernetes clusters? (Choose two.)

- A. PAN-CN-MGMT-CONFIGMAP
- B. PAN-CN-NGFW-CONFIG
- C. PAN-CN-MGMT
- D. PAN-CNI-MULTUS

**Answer: A,C**

Explanation:

The CN-Series firewalls are Palo Alto Networks' containerized Next-Generation Firewalls (NGFWs) designed to secure Kubernetes clusters. Unlike the Strata Hardware Firewalls (e.g., PA-Series), which are physical appliances, the CN-Series is a software-based solution deployed within containerized environments.

The question focuses on the specific files used to deploy CN-Series firewalls in Kubernetes clusters. Based on Palo Alto Networks' official documentation, the two correct files are PAN-CN-MGMT-CONFIGMAP and PAN-CN-MGMT. Below is a detailed explanation of why these files are essential, with references to CN-Series deployment processes (noting that Strata hardware documentation is not directly applicable here but is contextualized for clarity).

Step 1: Understanding CN-Series Deployment in Kubernetes

The CN-Series firewall consists of two primary components: the CN-MGMT (management plane) and the CN-NGFW (data plane). These components are deployed as containers in a Kubernetes cluster, orchestrated using YAML configuration files. The deployment process involves defining resources such as ConfigMaps, Pods, and Services to instantiate and manage the CN-Series components. The files listed in the question are Kubernetes manifests or configuration files used during this process.

\* CN-MGMT Role: The CN-MGMT container handles the management plane, providing configuration, logging, and policy enforcement for the CN-Series firewall. It requires a dedicated YAML file to define its deployment.

\* CN-NGFW Role: The CN-NGFW container handles the data plane, inspecting traffic within the Kubernetes cluster. It relies on configurations provided by CN-MGMT and additional networking setup (e.g., via CNI plugins).

\* ConfigMaps: Kubernetes ConfigMaps store configuration data separately from container images, making them critical for passing settings to CN-Series components.

### NEW QUESTION # 30

What are the first two steps a customer should perform as they begin to understand and adopt Zero Trust principles? (Choose two)

- A. Enable relevant Cloud-Delivered Security Services (CDSS) subscriptions to automatically protect the customer's environment from both internal and external threats.
- B. Understand which users, devices, infrastructure, applications, data, and services are part of the network or have access to it.
- C. Map the transactions between users, applications, and data, then verify and inspect those transactions.
- D. Implement VM-Series NGFWs in the customer's public and private clouds to protect east-west traffic.

**Answer: B,C**

Explanation:

Zero Trust principles revolve around minimizing trust in the network and verifying every interaction. To adopt Zero Trust, customers should start by gaining visibility and understanding the network and its transactions.

A: Understand which users, devices, infrastructure, applications, data, and services are part of the network or have access to it.

\* The first step in adopting Zero Trust is understanding the full scope of the network. Identifying users, devices, applications, and data is critical for building a comprehensive security strategy.

C: Map the transactions between users, applications, and data, then verify and inspect those transactions.

\* After identifying all assets, the next step is to map interactions and enforce verification and inspection of these transactions to ensure security.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect

\* B: Enabling CDSS subscriptions is important for protection but comes after foundational Zero Trust principles are established.

\* D: Implementing VM-Series NGFWs is part of enforcing Zero Trust, but it is not the first step.

Visibility and understanding come first.

References:

\* Palo Alto Networks Zero Trust Overview

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