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## You can enroll in the Splunk SPLK-1003 exam by following the next steps:

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If the candidate will need to sit for the exam one more time in case of failure, Splunk allows a retake, a week after the initial test. This requires one to pay a special fee of \$125. Notice that individuals cannot retake the exam if they passed, unless purely for recertification purposes, which has to be approved by Splunk.

Splunk SPLK-1003 Exam is one of the most sought-after certifications in the IT industry. SPLK-1003 exam is designed for IT professionals who want to become certified administrators of Splunk Enterprise. Splunk Enterprise Certified Admin certification validates the knowledge and skills required to manage, configure, and optimize the Splunk platform in an enterprise environment. Passing the exam demonstrates that a candidate has the skills required to successfully manage and maintain a Splunk environment, making them a valuable asset to any organization.

The SPLK-1003 exam is the Splunk Enterprise Certified Admin certification exam, designed to test the knowledge and skills of IT professionals in administering and managing Splunk Enterprise deployments. Splunk Enterprise is a powerful data analytics platform that allows organizations to collect, analyze, and visualize machine-generated data from a wide range of sources. As organizations increasingly rely on data to make informed decisions, the role of the Splunk Enterprise admin has become more critical than ever.

## High Pass Rate SPLK-1003 Prep Material 100% Valid Study Guide

In this age of advanced network, there are many ways to prepare Splunk SPLK-1003 certification exam. BraindumpQuiz provides the most reliable training questions and answers to help you pass Splunk SPLK-1003 Certification Exam. BraindumpQuiz have a variety of Splunk certification exam questions, we will meet you all about IT certification.

### Splunk Enterprise Certified Admin Sample Questions (Q115-Q120):

#### NEW QUESTION # 115

What is the correct curl to send multiple events through HTTP Event Collector?

- A. Option B
- B. Option D
- C. Option A
- D. Option C

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

curl "https://mysplunkserver.example.com:8088/services/collector" -H "Authorization: Splunk DF4S7ZE4-3GS1-8SFS-E777-0284GG91PF67" -d '{"event": "Hello World"}, {"event": "Hola Mundo"}, {"event": "Hallo Welt"}'. This is the correct curl command to send multiple events through HTTP Event Collector (HEC), which is a token-based API that allows you to send data to Splunk Enterprise from any application that can make an HTTP request. The command has the following components:

The URL of the HEC endpoint, which consists of the protocol (https), the hostname or IP address of the Splunk server (mysplunkserver.example.com), the port number (8088), and the service name (services/collector).

The header that contains the authorization token, which is a unique identifier that grants access to the HEC endpoint. The token is prefixed with Splunk and enclosed in quotation marks. The token value (DF4S7ZE4-3GS1-8SFS-E777-0284GG91PF67) is an example and should be replaced with your own token value.

The data payload that contains the events to be sent, which are JSON objects enclosed in curly braces and separated by commas. Each event object has a mandatory field called event, which contains the raw data to be indexed. The event value can be a string, a number, a boolean, an array, or another JSON object. In this case, the event values are strings that say hello in different languages.

#### NEW QUESTION # 116

How can native authentication be disabled in Splunk?

- A. Set SPLUNK\_AUTHENTICATION=false in splunk-launch.conf
- B. Create an empty \$SPLUNK\_HOME/etc/passwdfile
- C. Remove the \$SPLUNK\_HOME/etc/passwdfile
- D. Set nativeAuthentication=false in authentication.conf

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Explanation/Reference: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/8.0.5/Security/Secureyouradminaccount>

#### NEW QUESTION # 117

When Splunk is integrated with LDAP, which attribute can be changed in the Splunk UI for an LDAP user?

- A. Default app
- B. Username
- C. LDAP group
- D. Password

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Explanation

When Splunk is integrated with LDAP, most of the user attributes are managed by the LDAP server and cannot be changed in the Splunk UI. However, one exception is the default app attribute, which specifies which app a user sees when they log in to Splunk. This attribute can be changed in the Splunk UI by editing the user settings. Therefore, option A is the correct answer. References: Splunk Enterprise Certified Admin | Splunk, [Configure Splunk to use LDAP and map groups - Splunk Documentation]

### NEW QUESTION # 118

What is the correct order of steps in Duo Multifactor Authentication?

- A. 1 Request Login  
2. Connect to SAML server  
3 Duo MFA  
4 Create User session  
5 Authentication Granted 6. Log into Splunk
- B. 1. Request Login 2 Duo MFA  
3. Authentication Granted 4 Connect to SAML server  
5. Log into Splunk  
6. Create User session
- C. 1 Request Login 2 Duo MFA  
3. Check authentication / group mapping  
4 Create User session  
5. Authentication Granted  
6 Log into Splunk
- D. 1 Request Login  
2 Check authentication / group mapping  
3 Authentication Granted  
4. Duo MFA  
5. Create User session  
6. Log into Splunk

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Explanation

Using the provided DUO/Splunk reference URL <https://duo.com/docs/splunk>

Scroll down to the Network Diagram section and note the following 6 similar steps

- 1 - Splunk connection initiated
- 2 - Primary authentication
- 3 - Splunk connection established to Duo Security over TCP port 443
- 4 - Secondary authentication via Duo Security's service
- 5 - Splunk receives authentication response
- 6 - Splunk session logged in.

### NEW QUESTION # 119

Which of the following accurately describes HTTP Event Collector indexer acknowledgement?

- A. It stores status information on the Splunk server.
- B. It can be enabled at the global setting level.
- C. It is configured the same as indexer acknowledgement used to protect in-flight data.
- D. It requires a separate channel provided by the client.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Explanation

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/8.2.2/Data/AboutHECIDXAck>

- Section: About channels and sending data

Sending events to HEC with indexer acknowledgement active is similar to sending them with the setting off.

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