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Oracle 1z0-076 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---------|---|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Managing Oracle Net Services in a Data Guard Environment: The section focuses on Oracle Net Services and its role in Data Guard networking setup. |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Using Oracle Active Data Guard: Supported Workloads in Read-Only Standby Databases: Here, the usage of physical standby databases for real-time queries is discussed. |

| | |
|----------|---|
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Backup and Recovery Considerations in an Oracle Data Guard Configuration: In this topic, Backup and recovery procedures in a Data Guard configuration are discussed, including RMAN backups, offloading to physical standby, and network-based recovery. |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring a Data Guard Broker Configuration: The topic covers the use of Enterprise Manager and DGMGRL to monitor Data Guard configurations and explains the various data protection modes available. |
| Topic 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing Physical Standby Files After Structural Changes on the Primary Database: The topic covers managing structural changes in the primary database and their impact on physical standby files. |
| Topic 6 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using Flashback Database in a Data Guard Configuration: This topic covers the configuration and advantages of using Flashback Database in a Data Guard setup, as well as the process of enabling fast-start failover for seamless role changes. |
| Topic 7 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oracle Data Guard Basics: This topic covers the essential architecture and concepts of Oracle Data Guard. It includes sub-topics such as the physical and logical standby database comparison, benefits of Data Guard, and its integration with multi-tenant databases. |
| Topic 10 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Creating a Data Guard Broker Configuration: This section delves into the practical aspects of creating and managing a Data Guard broker configuration, including command-line and Enterprise Manager approaches. |

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How I Prepared Oracle 1z0-076 Exam Questions In One Week? [2026]

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Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration Sample Questions (Q25-Q30):

NEW QUESTION # 25

Your current Data Guard environment consists of:

A primary database containing no abstract data types used for user tables.

Two separate remote physical standby databases used for reporting.

Examine these requirements for adding a new standby database to this Data Guard environment:

The new standby database must provide a disaster recovery solution.

There must be minimal additional performance overheads on the primary database.

The new standby database may require additional indexes and materialized views not present in the primary.

New tables or schemas may be required in the standby database that are not present in the primary.

What would you recommend to fulfill these requirements?

- A. A physical standby database with asynchronous redo transport and Real-Time Query enabled.
- B. A logical standby database with synchronous redo transport and SQL apply on.
- C. A logical standby database with synchronous redo transport and redo apply on.
- D. A physical standby database with synchronous redo transport and Real-Time Query enabled.
- E. A logical standby database with asynchronous redo transport and SQL apply on.**

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION # 26

Suppose that you manage the following databases in your environment:

* boston: Primary database with a single PDB called DEV1

* london: Physical standby database protecting the PDB called DEVI

* orcl: Stand-alone database with a single PDB called PDB1 as a remote clone source You are planning to run the following command to create a remote clone in the primary database (boston) using pdbi in orcl:

Which are the THREE prerequisites for automating instantiation of the PDB in the standby database (london)?

- A. Open PDB1 (remote clone source) in Read Write.
- B. Open PDB1 (remote clone source) in Read Only.
- C. Set standby_pdb_source_file_dblink to clone_link in the london database.
- D. Set STANDBY_FILE_MANAGEMENT to auto in the london database.
- E. Enable Active Data Guard in the london database.
- F. Set STANDBY_PDB_SOURCE_FILE_DIRECTORY to <location of the PDB> in the london database.

Answer: B,D,F

Explanation:

To automate the instantiation of a PDB in the standby database after creating a remote clone in the primary database, certain conditions must be met:

- * Open PDB1 (remote clone source) in Read Only (A): The source PDB from which the clone is created must be open in read-only mode to ensure a consistent state during cloning.
- * Set STANDBY_PDB_SOURCE_FILE_DIRECTORY to <location of the PDB> in the london database (C): This parameter specifies the location on the standby database where the files from the source PDB should be placed.
- * Set STANDBY_FILE_MANAGEMENT to auto in the london database (F): This parameter automates the management of file changes on the standby database when structural changes occur on the primary database, ensuring that the clone operation is reflected automatically on the standby.

References:

- * Oracle Multitenant Administrator's Guide
- * Oracle Data Guard Broker documentation

NEW QUESTION # 27

Which two are prerequisites for configuring flashback database for Oracle 19c databases, in a Data Guard environment?

- A. The database must be in ARCHIVELOG mode.
- B. A fast recovery area must be configured.
- C. The Data Guard real-time apply feature must be enabled.
- D. A far sync instance must be configured to flash back a standby when the primary has been flashed back.
- E. The data guard broker must be used.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

A fast recovery area must be configured (B): Flashback Database requires a fast recovery area to be set up because flashback logs are stored there. The fast recovery area is a unified storage location for all recovery-related files and activities.

The database must be in ARCHIVELOG mode (C): Flashback Database operation relies on the ability to archive redo logs.

Therefore, the database must be running in ARCHIVELOG mode for Flashback Database to be enabled.

Reference:

- Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide
- Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration Guide

NEW QUESTION # 28

Which three types of backups offload with the primary database in a data Guard

- A. Archive logs
- B. Broker configuration files
- C. Control files
- D. Online logs
- E. Password files
- F. Data files

Answer: A,C,F

Explanation:

In a Data Guard environment, you can offload the backups of certain database components to a physical standby database. Incremental backups of a standby database are interchangeable with the primary database, meaning you can apply a backup taken on a standby database to a primary database and vice versa. This includes control files, data files, and archive logs. Backups of control files and nonstandby control files are interchangeable. You can restore a standby control file on a primary database and a primary control file on a physical standby database, demonstrating their interchangeability and the ability to offload control file backups to one database in a Data Guard environment.

NEW QUESTION # 29

Your Data Guard environment has a remote physical standby database with real-time query enabled, which is used for reporting, and a logical standby database used for DSS reporting.

Switchovers or failovers are possible due to testing or in case of a disaster.

Clients use local TNSNAMES.ORA files to define connection strings to the database instances.

Which three will prevent clients from connecting to the wrong database instances?

- A. Oracle Net connectivity to the primary database instance must be established on all the standby database instances.
- **B. The standby database services must be defined statically with the Listeners running on the standby database hosts.**
- C. The DB_NAME and DB_UNIQUE_NAME parameters must be set to the same value for all the databases in the Data Guard environment.
- D. The LOCAL_LISTENER parameter on the primary database instance must always be set.
- E. A service name is registered with the local listener of each database instance.
- **F. Client TNS entries for the databases use the correct service names for the intended service.**
- **G. The client applications must use the correct TNS entries when requesting connections to the database instances.**

Answer: B,F,G

Explanation:

Based on Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration documents, the three measures that can prevent clients from connecting to the wrong database instances during switchovers, failovers, or regular operations in a Data Guard environment are:

* B. The standby database services must be defined statically with the Listeners running on the standby database hosts.

* D. The client applications must use the correct TNS entries when requesting connections to the database instances.

* E. Client TNS entries for the databases use the correct service names for the intended service.

* In an Oracle Data Guard configuration, correctly configuring Oracle Net Services (including TNS entries and listeners) is crucial for ensuring that clients connect to the appropriate database instance, whether it's the primary or standby. Defining services on the standby database and associating them with listeners ensures that client applications can connect to the standby when needed, especially useful in a role transition or when the standby is open for read-only access or real-time query. It's essential that TNS entries used by client applications specify the correct service names that correspond to the intended

* database roles, such as primary or standby. This setup facilitates seamless connectivity to the appropriate instance based on the role, especially critical during switchovers and failovers when the roles of the databases change.

* References: Oracle's Data Guard concepts and administration guide provides extensive information on configuring network services for Data Guard environments, ensuring that applications connect to the correct database instance based on the current role of the databases in the Data Guard configuration.

NEW QUESTION # 30

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