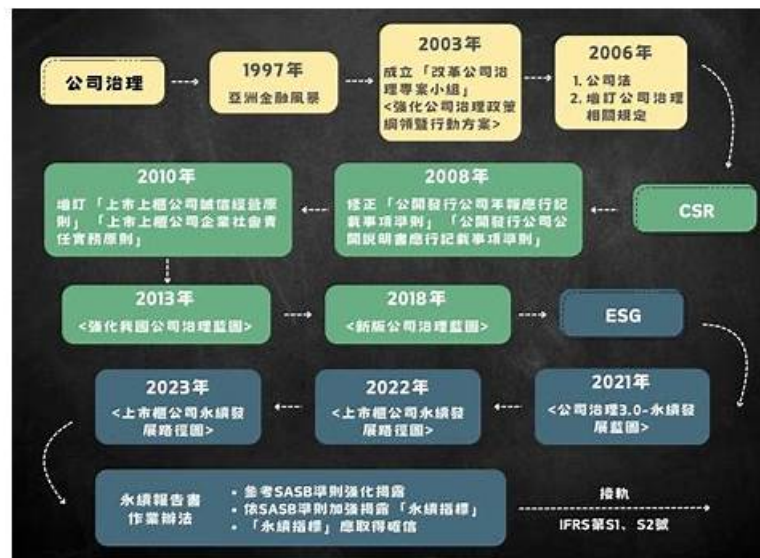


最新的Sustainable-Investing信息資訊，最有效的考試資料幫助妳輕鬆通過Sustainable-Investing考試



2026 NewDumps最新的Sustainable-Investing PDF版考試題庫和Sustainable-Investing考試問題和答案免費分享：<https://drive.google.com/open?id=18WAT-D7dIDqK7K4mHuSNiv9OXoMDQYLm>

選擇我們NewDumps就是選擇成功！NewDumps為你提供的CFA Institute Sustainable-Investing 認證考試的練習題和答案能使你順利通過考試。CFA Institute Sustainable-Investing 認證考試的考試之前的模擬考試時很有必要的，也是很有效的。如果你選擇了NewDumps，你可以100%通過考試。

CFA Institute Sustainable-Investing 考試大綱：

主題	簡介
主題 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Introduction to ESG Investing: This section of the exam measures skills of Investment Analysts and Portfolio Managers and covers the foundational concepts of environmental, social, and governance (ESG) investing. It focuses on defining ESG investment, different responsible investment approaches, sustainability concepts, benefits and challenges of ESG integration, and key global initiatives in ESG.
主題 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Governance: This section assesses skills of Governance Analysts and Compliance Officers concerning governance structures. It covers key characteristics and models of governance, material impacts, diversity, equity, and inclusion considerations, and shareholder rights.
主題 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Social Factors: Focused on Social Analysts and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Professionals, this domain reviews social factors impacting investments. It includes systemic relationships and material impacts related to labor practices, diversity, equity, inclusion, and social opportunities at multiple levels.
主題 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ESG Analysis, Valuation, and Integration: This domain measures the capabilities of Portfolio Managers and Equity Analysts to integrate ESG factors into investment decision-making. It addresses challenges of integration, the impact on industry and company performance, security valuation, and approaches to ESG data analysis across asset classes.
主題 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">The ESG Market: This domain targets Financial Analysts and Institutional Investors, examining the size, scope, relevance, and key drivers of the ESG market. It also discusses risks and opportunities within the ESG investment landscape, helping candidates understand market dynamics and trends.
主題 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Engagement and Stewardship: Designed for Asset Managers and Stewardship Professionals, this domain covers investor engagement strategies and stewardship principles. It highlights the purpose, importance, key principles, and practical application of engagement tactics within responsible investing frameworks.

主題 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Integrated Portfolio Construction and Management: Targeting Portfolio Managers and Investment Strategists, this section discusses ESG integration into portfolio construction. It covers ESG screening approaches, benchmarking, the effect on risk-return profiles, and managing ESG portfolios across various asset classes.
------	--

>> Sustainable-Investing 信息資訊 <<

有用的 Sustainable-Investing 信息資訊和資格考試中的主要供應商 & 真實的 CFA Institute Sustainable Investing Certificate (CFA-SIC) Exam

在 NewDumps 網站上你可以免費下載我們提供的關於 CFA Institute Sustainable-Investing 認證考試的部分考題及答案測驗我們的可靠性。NewDumps 提供的產品是可以 100% 把你推上成功，那麼 IT 行業的巔峰離你又近了一步。

最新的 Sustainable Investing Certificate Sustainable-Investing 免費考試真題 (Q729-Q734):

問題 #729

A framework for assessing environmental risk in project finance is set out by the:

- A. Equator Principles
- B. Helsinki Principles
- C. International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB)

答案: A

解題說明:

The Equator Principles are a widely recognized framework used by banks and financial institutions to assess environmental and social risks in project finance. These principles apply to large infrastructure and industrial projects.

* The Helsinki Principles focus on climate finance policies.

* The ISSB develops corporate sustainability disclosure standards, not project finance guidelines.

References:

Equator Principles Association Official Framework

World Bank Report on ESG Risks in Project Finance

CFA Institute Guide to ESG Risk in Infrastructure

問題 #730

According to Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol Standards, the emissions associated with suppliers and consumers are classified as:

- A. Scope 3 emissions
- B. Scope 2 emissions
- C. Scope 1 emissions

答案: A

解題說明:

Scope 3 emissions include all indirect emissions that occur in a company's value chain, including those associated with suppliers and consumers. These emissions are typically harder to measure and manage compared to Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions, which are more directly controlled by the company. ESG Reference: Chapter 3, Page 133 - Environmental Factors in the ESG textbook.

問題 #731

According to the Stockholm Resilience Centre (2023), which of the following planetary boundaries has already been crossed as a result of human activity?

- A. Freshwater use

- B. Stratospheric ozone depletion
- C. Ocean acidification

答案： A

解題說明：

The Stockholm Resilience Centre identifies freshwater use as one of the planetary boundaries that has already been exceeded, threatening ecosystems and biodiversity. Overuse of water resources disrupts natural cycles and leads to desertification and water scarcity.

Ocean acidification (B) is increasing but has not yet fully crossed the boundary, while ozone depletion (C) has been partially reversed due to global policy efforts (e.g., the Montreal Protocol).

References:

Stockholm Resilience Centre Report on Planetary Boundaries (2023)

UN Water Crisis Report

IPCC Climate Change & Water Scarcity Reports

問題 #732

Which of the following is most likely a success factor characteristic of the engagement approach? Investors pursuing the engagement should have:

- A. Meaningful assets under management.
- B. A prior relationship with the target company.
- C. An objective that is specific and targeted to enable clarity around delivery.

答案： C

解題說明：

For engagement to be effective, it must have clear, specific, and measurable objectives (Option C). Investors should establish well-defined ESG goals, such as reducing carbon emissions by 20% over five years or improving board diversity to at least 30% women. This ensures that engagement efforts can be tracked and measured for success.

Option A is incorrect because while larger investors have more influence, small investors can engage effectively through collaboration (e.g., Climate Action 100+).

Option B is incorrect because prior relationships with companies can be helpful but are not essential for engagement success.

Reference:

PRI Guide on ESG Engagement Best Practices

Climate Action 100+ Progress Reports

OECD Principles on Shareholder Engagement

問題 #733

A company has just been assigned a lower ESG risk than its industry peers. Compared to its current price-to-earnings (P/E), the fair value P/E is most likely:

- A. adjusted lower.
- B. adjusted higher.
- C. not adjusted.

答案： B

解題說明：

A lower ESG risk profile suggests better risk management and potentially greater resilience compared to peers. This can reduce the risk premium demanded by investors and increase the fair value P/E ratio. In practical terms, investors may be willing to pay more (higher P/E multiple) for the earnings of a company perceived to be less exposed to ESG-related risks.

問題 #734

.....

拿高薪，是每個人的夢想，但究竟能拿多少錢，得由你的職場身價決定。機會很多時候就在你面前。不管你是否喜

Sustainable-Investing在線考題: <https://www.newdumpspdf.com/Sustainable-Investing-exam-new-dumps.html>

- 2026 NewDumps最新的Sustainable-Investing PDF版考試題庫和Sustainable-Investing考試問題和答案免費分享: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=18WAT-D7dIDqK7K4mHuSNiv9OXoMDQYLm>