

高品質CIS-PA | 有効的なCIS-PA的中合格問題集試験 | 試験の準備方法Certified Implementation Specialist - Platform Analytics受験対策書



2026年ShikenPASSの最新CIS-PA PDFダンプおよびCIS-PA試験エンジンの無料共有: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=18QEGdRHcFHAFcm2hZtmijCJLlm-BqqOm>

CIS-PA試験問題の継続的な刷新により、当社は大きな市場シェアを占めています。強力な研究センターを構築し、CIS-PAトレーニングガイドでより良い仕事をするために強力なチームを所有しています。これまで、CIS-PA学習教材に関する多くの特許を取得しています。一方で、当社ServiceNowは改修の恩恵を受けています。お客様は当社の製品を選択する可能性が高くなります。一方、私たちが投資したお金は有意義なものであり、CIS-PA試験の新しい学習スタイルを刷新するのに役立ちます。

ServiceNow CIS-PA 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Architecture and Deployment:
トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">This domain covers the foundational components of the Performance Analytics solution and the proper deployment sequence in ServiceNow environments.
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data Visualization:
トピック 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">This domain addresses creating and configuring indicators (performance metrics), including source conditions, fact tables, indicator types, properties, and aggregation scripts.
トピック 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Administration and Solutions:
トピック 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Data Collection:
トピック 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Perform Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

トピック 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This section covers setting up breakdowns to analyze indicators across different dimensions, including breakdown mappings, matrices, exclusions, scripted mappings, and bucket groups.
トピック 12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Configure Breakdowns and Breakdown Sources:
トピック 13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This section focuses on presenting data through widgets, interactive filters, appropriate visualizations, dashboards, and analyzing data using Analytics Hub and KPI Details.
トピック 18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This section addresses identifying and resolving issues using Spotlight diagnostic tools to monitor system health and performance.
トピック 20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Configure Indicators and Indicator Sources:

>> CIS-PA的中合格問題集 <<

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テストに関する最も有用で効率的なCIS-PAトレーニング資料を提供するために最善を尽くし、クライアントが効率的に学習できるように複数の機能と直感的な方法を提供します。CIS-PAの有用なテストガイドを学習すれば、時間と労力はほとんどかかりません。合格率とヒット率はともに高いため、テストに合格するための障害はほとんどありません。Webで紹介を読んだ後、CIS-PA学習実践ガイドをさらに理解できます。

ServiceNow Certified Implementation Specialist - Platform Analytics 認定 CIS-PA 試験問題 (Q35-Q40):

質問 # 35

What can you do in the Dashboards module of the Analytics Center?

- A. Only share and view Next Experience dashboards
- **B. Create, update, certify, share, and view Next Experience dashboards**
- C. Only create and view Next Experience dashboards
- D. Create, delete, and view Next Experience dashboards

正解: B

解説:

The Dashboards module in Analytics Center provides full lifecycle management for Next Experience Dashboards. Users with appropriate permissions can create, update, certify, share, and view dashboards from this module. Certification is an important governance feature that marks dashboards as trusted and production-ready. Sharing controls access, while update and creation enable continuous improvement. Viewing alone is insufficient for analytics governance. ServiceNow documentation clearly defines the Dashboards module as the central place for full dashboard management, making option D the correct answer.

質問 # 36

What is the default aggregation for the Metric tile in a Data Visualization?

- A. SUM
- B. MIN
- **C. COUNT**
- D. AVERAGE

正解: C

解説:

In Platform Analytics data visualizations, the Metric tile is designed to display a single summarized value. By default, the aggregation used for a Metric tile is COUNT. This means the tile displays the total number of records or scores returned by the data source unless the aggregation is explicitly changed by the user.

COUNT is the most commonly used aggregation because Metric tiles are often used to show key headline numbers such as total incidents, open requests, or completed tasks. Other aggregations like AVERAGE, MIN, or SUM are available options, but they must be manually selected during configuration. ServiceNow documentation confirms that COUNT is the default aggregation applied to Metric visualizations, making option A the correct answer.

質問 # 37

When configuring a new Metric Definition to track the duration an incident is assigned to a specific group, which type should be selected?

- A. Assignment group
- B. Script calculation
- C. Field value duration
- D. State change

正解: C

解説:

To track how long an incident remains assigned to a specific group, the correct Metric Definition type is Field value duration. This type measures the amount of time a record spends with a particular value in a specified field, such as assignment_group.

State change metrics track transitions between states, not time spent in a field value. Script calculations are used only when duration cannot be calculated through standard field tracking. "Assignment group" is a field, not a metric type. ServiceNow documentation specifies that Field value duration metrics are designed for tracking time spent in a given field value, making option A the correct choice.

質問 # 38

What is the purpose of a Breakdown Source?

- A. It specifies the options available for non-categorical data
- B. It identifies unique breakdown elements for classification
- C. It specifies which indicators are available to a breakdown
- D. It defines a default elements filter

正解: B

解説:

A Breakdown Source defines how data is classified into distinct breakdown elements for analysis. It identifies the table and field (or script) used to generate the unique values—such as categories, priorities, assignment groups, or buckets—that segment indicator scores.

Default element filters are configured on the Breakdown, not the Breakdown Source. Indicators are linked to Breakdowns through Breakdown Mappings, not selected at the source level. While bucket-based sources support non-categorical data, their core purpose remains identifying unique breakdown elements. ServiceNow documentation emphasizes that the Breakdown Source is responsible for defining where breakdown values come from and how they are identified, making option C the correct answer.

質問 # 39

What does the "Allow formula component to be NULL" setting for a Formula Indicator do?

- A. It converts NULL values to zero
- B. It skips the formula calculation if any component is NULL
- C. It allows components to be NULL without aborting the formula
- D. It always returns zero if any component is NULL

正解: C

