

ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer시험기출문제, ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer인기자격증덤프공부문제



2026 Itexamdump 최신 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer PDF 버전 시험 문제집과 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 시험 문제 및 답변 무료 공유: https://drive.google.com/open?id=19mLaLewxTpHHjBT1UvdhL_sBk4aDM574

많은 사이트에서 PECB 인증 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 인증 시험대비자료를 제공하고 있습니다. 그중에서 Itexamdump를 선택한 분들은 PECB 인증 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 시험통과의 지름길에 오른 것과 같습니다. Itexamdump는 시험에서 불합격성적표를 받으시면 덤프비용을 환불하는 서

제일 간단한 방법으로 가장 어려운 문제를 해결해드리는 것이 Itexamdump의 취지입니다. PECB 인증 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 시험은 가장 어려운 문제이고 Itexamdump의 PECB 인증 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 덤프는 어려운 문제를 해결할 수 있는 제일 간단한 공부 방법입니다. Itexamdump의 PECB 인증 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 덤프로 시험준비를 하시면 아무리 어려운 PECB 인증 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 시험도 쉬워집니다.

>> ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 시험기출문제 <<

PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer인기자격증 덤프공부문제, ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer인증시험덤프

Itexamdump는 자격증 응시자에게 PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 시험 준비를 위한 현재 그리고 가장 최근의 자료들을 제공하는 이 산업 영역의 리더입니다. Itexamdump는 PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 덤프를 시험문제변경에 따라 계속 갱신하여 고객님께서 받은 것이 PECB ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 시험의 가장 최신 기출문제임을 보증해드립니다.

최신 ISO 27001 ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 무료샘플문제 (Q86-Q91):

질문 # 86

You are the owner of a growing company, SpeeDelivery, which provides courier services. You decide that it is time to draw up a risk analysis for your information system. This includes an inventory of threats and risks. What is the relation between a threat, risk and risk analysis?

- A. Risk analyses help to find a balance between threats and risks.
- B. A risk analysis is used to clarify which threats are relevant and what risks they involve.
- C. A risk analysis identifies threats from the known risks.
- D. A risk analysis is used to remove the risk of a threat.

정답: B

질문 # 87

Scenario 7: InfoSec is a multinational corporation headquartered in Boston, MA, which provides professional electronics, gaming, and entertainment services. After facing numerous information security incidents, InfoSec has decided to establish teams and implement measures to prevent potential incidents in the future. Emma, Bob, and Anna were hired as the new members of InfoSec's information security team, which consists of a security architecture team, an incident response team (IRT) and a forensics team. Emma's job is to create information security plans, policies, protocols, and training to prepare InfoSec to respond to incidents effectively. Emma and Bob would be full-time employees of InfoSec, whereas Anna was contracted as an external consultant. Bob, a network expert, will deploy a screened subnet network architecture. This architecture will isolate the demilitarized zone (DMZ) to which hosted public services are attached and InfoSec's publicly accessible resources from their private network. Thus, InfoSec will be able to block potential attackers from causing unwanted events inside the company's network. Bob is also responsible for ensuring that a thorough evaluation of the nature of an unexpected event is conducted, including the details on how the event happened and what or whom it might affect.

Anna will create records of the data, reviews, analysis, and reports in order to keep evidence for the purpose of disciplinary and legal action, and use them to prevent future incidents. To do the work accordingly, she should be aware of the company's information security incident management policy beforehand. Among others, this policy specifies the type of records to be created, the place where they should be kept, and the format and content that specific record types should have.

Based on scenario 7, InfoSec contracted Anna as an external consultant. Based on her tasks, is this action compliant with ISO/IEC 27001?

- A. Yes, organizations must use external consultants for forensic investigation, as required by the standard
- B. No, the skills of incident response or forensic analysis shall be developed internally
- C. Yes, forensic investigation may be conducted internally or by using external consultants

정답: C

설명:

According to ISO/IEC 27001:2022, clause 8.2.3, the organization shall establish and maintain an incident response process that includes the following activities:

a) planning and preparing for incident response, including defining roles and responsibilities, establishing communication channels, and providing training and awareness; b) detecting and reporting information security events and weaknesses; c) assessing and deciding on information security incidents; d) responding to information security incidents according to predefined procedures; e) learning from information security incidents, including identifying root causes, taking corrective actions, and improving the incident response process; f) collecting evidence, where applicable.

The standard does not specify whether the incident response process should be performed internally or externally, as long as the organization ensures that the process is effective and meets the information security objectives. Therefore, the organization may decide to use external consultants for forensic investigation, as long as they comply with the organization's policies and procedures, and protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the information involved.

질문 # 88

Scenario 1: HealthGenic is a pediatric clinic that monitors the health and growth of individuals from infancy to early adulthood using a web-based medical software. The software is also used to schedule appointments, create customized medical reports, store patients' data and medical history, and communicate with all the

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BONUS!!! Itexamdump ISO-IEC-27001-Lead-Implementer 시험 문제집 전체 버전을 무료로 다운로드하세요:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=19mLaLewxTpHHjBT1UvdnL_sBk4aDM574