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Oracle Database SQL Sample Questions (Q107-Q112):

NEW QUESTION # 107

Evaluate the following SQL statement

```
SQL>SELECT promo_id, prom_category FROM promotions
WHERE promo_category='Internet' ORDER BY promo_id
UNION
SELECT promo_id, promo_category FROM Pomotions
WHERE promo_category = 'TV'
UNION
SELECT promoid, promocategory FROM promotions WHERE promo category='Radio' Which statement is true regarding the outcome of the above query?
```

- A. It produces an error because the ORDER BY clause should appear only at the end of a compound query-that is, with the last SELECT statement.

- B. It executes successfully but ignores the ORDER BY clause because it is not located at the end of the compound statement.
- C. It executes successfully and displays rows in the descend ignore of PROMO CATEGORY.
- D. It produces an error because positional, notation cannot be used in the ORDER BY clause with SBT operators.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 108

Examine this data in the EMPLOYERS table:

Which statement will execute successfully?

- A. **SELECT dept_id, MAX (Last_name), SUM (salary) FROM employees GROUP BY dept_id**
- B. SELECT dept_id, INSTR (last_name,'A'), SUM (salary) FROM employees GROUP BY dept_id
- C. SELECT dept_id, LENGTH (last_name), SUM (salary) FROM employees GROUP BY dept_id
- D. SELECT dept_id, STDDEV (last_name), SUM (salary) FROM employees GROUP BY dept_id

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 109

Which is the default column or columns for sorting output from compound queries using SET operators such as INTERSECT in a SQL statement?

- A. The first column in the last SELECT of the compound query
- B. The first VARCHAR2 column in the first SELECT of the compound query
- C. The first NUMBER column in the first SELECT of the compound query
- D. The first NUMBER or VARCHAR2 column in the last SELECT of the compound query
- E. **The first column in the first SELECT of the compound query**

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION # 110

Examine this SQL statement:

Which two are true?

- A. **The subquery is executed for every updated row in the ORDERS table.**
- B. **The UPDATE statement executes successfully even if the subquery selects multiple rows.**
- C. The subquery is executed before the UPDATE statement is executed.
- D. The subquery is not a correlated subquery.
- E. All existing rows in the ORDERS table are updated.

Answer: A,B

NEW QUESTION # 111

Which two statements are true about the DUAL table?

- A. It can be accessed only by the SYS user.
- B. It can display multiple rows but only a single column.
- C. It can be used to display only constants or pseudo columns.
- D. **It can be accessed by any user who has the SELECT privilege in any schema**
- E. It can display multiple rows and columns.
- F. **It consists of a single row and single column of VARCHAR2 data type.**

Answer: D,F

Explanation:

A). Incorrect. DUAL consists of a single row and column. B. Incorrect. DUAL is a special one-row, one-column table present by default in all Oracle database installations and can be accessed by any user with SELECT privilege. C. Correct. Any user with the

