

CISSP考試 -最新CISSP試題

WUSON CISSP

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WUSON CISSP 考試攻略

考試的難易

一個好的考試，通常會讓你準備的很辛苦！但通過考試後會讓你一直罵，怎麼考出來的題目沒有想像中難！但這就是一個好的考試！這種考試通常有一定的門檻及鑑別度。

到 2020/07/01 止，台灣有 337 位 CISSP；2019/05/31 是 304 位；2018/12/31 是 287 位。

即使您在資訊軟體產業有相當的資歷，或已有資安的經驗，仍請不要忽視 CISSP 考試對資安治理、管理及技術的涵蓋面與勻韻度。

一般而言，有十年以上工作經驗的朋友，可以將考試的目標訂在：

- 三個月到一年內，
- 投入 250 小時到 1000 小時
- 作題目不少於 2500 題

考試的掌握度

- CISSP 考試大綱要儘可能弄懂，裏頭的專有名詞不可以有看不懂的；必須能達到看得懂、說得出，並搭配作題目 2500 題以上，才能達到參加 CISSP 考試的基本門檻了。
- 作題目的最低標準：課本提供的線上題庫的全部題目，外加其它題庫 1500 題以上，都必須達到 90% 以上的水準。

答題技巧

- 考試的作答，基本上要以官方 CBK、指定教材及 NIST 的指引為準。
- 除了 K 書，答題的技巧也要刻意練習及培養。

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順便提一下，可以從雲存儲中下載Testpdf CISSP考試題庫的完整版：https://drive.google.com/open?id=13ovU41UpSwYseewru7DYGW2_b4q7pcoo

市場對IT專業人員的需求越來越多，獲得ISC CISSP認證會讓您更有優勢，平均工資也會高出20%，并能獲得更多的晉升機會。對於希望獲得CISSP認證的專業人士來說，我們考古題是復習并通過考試的可靠題庫，同時幫助準備參加認證考試考生獲得CISSP認證。我們確保為客戶提供高品質的ISC CISSP考古題資料，這是我們聘請行業中最資深的專家經過整理而來，保證大家的考試高通過率。

拿高薪，是每個人的夢想，但究竟能拿多少錢，得由你的職場身價決定。機會很多時候就在你面前。不管你是否喜歡這樣的機會，只有把握住，迎難而上才能獲得非凡的成就。通過 ISC 認證考試取得一張“金牌派司”無疑是證明和提升自己身價的一個有效方式。Testpdf CISSP 題庫覆蓋了真實的 ISC CISSP 考試指南，適合全球考生適用。

>> CISSP考試 <<

選擇CISSP考試，通過考試Certified Information Systems Security Professional (CISSP)

利用Testpdf ISC的CISSP考試認證培訓資料來考試從來沒有過那麼容易，那麼快。這是某位獲得了認證的考生向我們說的心聲。有了Testpdf ISC的CISSP考試認證培訓資料你可以理清你凌亂的思緒，讓你為考試而煩躁不安。這不僅僅可以減輕你的心裏壓力，也可以讓你輕鬆通過考試。我們Testpdf有免費提供部分試題及答案作為試用，如果只是我單方面的說，你可以不相信，只要你用一下試用版本，我相信絕對適合你，你也就相信我所說的了，有沒有效果，你自己知道。

最新的 ISC Certification CISSP 免費考試真題 (Q1316-Q1321):

問題 #1316

Which of the following is an operating system security architecture that provides flexible support for security policies?

- A. OSKit
- B. LOMAC
- C. Flask
- D. SE Linux

答案: C

解題說明:

Flask is an operating system security architecture that provides flexible support for security policies. The architecture was prototyped in the Fluke research operating system. Several of the Flask interfaces and components were then ported from the Fluke prototype to the OSKit. The Flask architecture is now being implemented in the Linux operating system (Security-Enhanced Linux) to transfer the technology to a larger developer and user community.

問題 #1317

What does a Synchronous (SYN) flood attack do?

- A. Empties the queue of pending Transmission Control Protocol /Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) requests
- B. Exceeds the limits for new Transmission Control Protocol /Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) connections
- C. Establishes many new Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) connections
- D. Forces Transmission Control Protocol /Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) connections into a reset state

答案: C

解題說明:

Section: Communication and Network Security

問題 #1318

Which of the following is NOT a part of a risk analysis?

- A. Identify risks
- B. Provide an economic balance between the impact of the risk and the cost of the associated countermeasure
- C. Quantify the impact of potential threats
- D. Choose the best countermeasure

答案: D

解題說明:

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Risk assessment is a method of identifying vulnerabilities and threats and assessing the possible impacts to determine where to implement security controls. A risk assessment is carried out, and the results are analyzed. Risk analysis is used to ensure that security is cost-effective, relevant, timely, and responsive to threats. Security can be quite complex, even for well-versed security professionals, and it is easy to apply too much security, not enough security, or the wrong security controls, and to spend too much money in the process without attaining the necessary objectives. Risk analysis helps companies prioritize their risks and shows management the amount of resources that should be applied to protecting against those risks in a sensible manner.

A risk analysis has four main goals:

Identify assets and their value to the organization.

Identify vulnerabilities and threats.

Quantify the probability and business impact of these potential threats.

Provide an economic balance between the impact of the threat and the cost of the countermeasure.

Choosing the best countermeasure is not part of risk analysis. Choosing the best countermeasure would be part of risk mitigation.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Identifying risks is part of risk analysis.

B: Quantifying the impact of potential threats is part of risk analysis.

C: Providing an economic balance between the impact of the risk and the cost of the associated countermeasure is part of risk analysis.

References:

Harris, Shon, All In One CISSP Exam Guide, 6th Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2013, p. 74

問題 #1319

The following is not true:

- A. Human guard is an inefficient and sometimes ineffective method of protecting resources.
- **B. There has never been of problem of lost keys.**
- C. The addition of a PIN keypad to the card reader was a solution to unreported card or lost card problem.
- D. Since the early days of mankind humans have struggled with the problems of protecting assets.

答案: B

解題說明:

This is absolutely false, this problem can be seen almost anywhere. There have always been trouble with the lost of keys. Some of those loses are more important than others, its not the same to lost the key of the company safe box, that lost the key of you locker with that contains your shoes.

This is obviously an incorrect statement, answer C is the one in here.

"Unfortunately, using security guards is not a perfect solution. There are numerous disadvantages to deploying, maintaining, and relying upon security guards. Not all environments and facilities support security guards. This may be due actual human incompatibility with the layout, design, location, and construction of the facility. Not all security guards are themselves reliable. Prescreening, bonding, and training does not guarantee that you won't end up with an ineffective and unreliable security guard." Pg 646

Tittel: CISSP Guide.

問題 #1320

In non-discretionary access control using Role Based Access Control (RBAC), a central authority determines what subjects can have access to certain objects based on the organizational security policy. The access controls may be based on:

- A. The group-dynamics as they relate to the master-slave role in the organization
- **B. The individual's role in the organization**
- C. The group-dynamics as they relate to the individual's role in the organization
- D. The societies role in the organization

答案: B

解題說明:

In Non-Discretionary Access Control, when Role Based Access Control is being used, a central authority determines what subjects can have access to certain objects based on the organizational security policy. The access controls may be based on the individual's role in the organization.

Reference(S) used for this question: KRUTZ, Ronald L. & VINES, Russel D., The CISSP Prep Guide: Mastering the Ten Domains of Computer Security, 2001, John Wiley & Sons, Page 33

問題 #1321

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如果你正準備參加 CISSP 的考試，又苦於沒有精準的題庫或學習資料，Testpdf 絕對保證你第一次參加考試就可以順利通過。我們 CISSP 認證考試的考題按照相同的教學大綱，其次是實際的 ISC 的 CISSP 認證考試，另外也是不斷的升級我們的培訓資料，你得到的所有產品高達1年的免費更新，你也可以隨時延長更新訂閱時間，你將得到更多的時間來充分準備考試。

最新 CISSP 試題: <https://www.testpdf.net/CISSP.html>

通過ISC CISSP認證考試可以給你帶來很多改變，ISC CISSP考試 並且我們的銷售的考試考古題資料都提供答案，Testpdf的CISSP資料無疑是與CISSP考試相關的資料中你最能相信的，為了讓你放心的選擇我們，你在網上可

功勳點會有的，但應該是走洪城市武者協會的賬戶，出來之後，柳渡臉色凝重，通過ISC CISSP認證考試可以給你帶來很多改變，並且我們的銷售的考試考古題資料都提供答案，Testpdf的CISSP資料無疑是與CISSP考試相關的資料中你最能相信的。

順便提一下，可以從雲存儲中下載Testpdf CISSP考試題庫的完整版：https://drive.google.com/open?id=13ovU41UpSwYsewru7DYGW2_b4q7pcoo