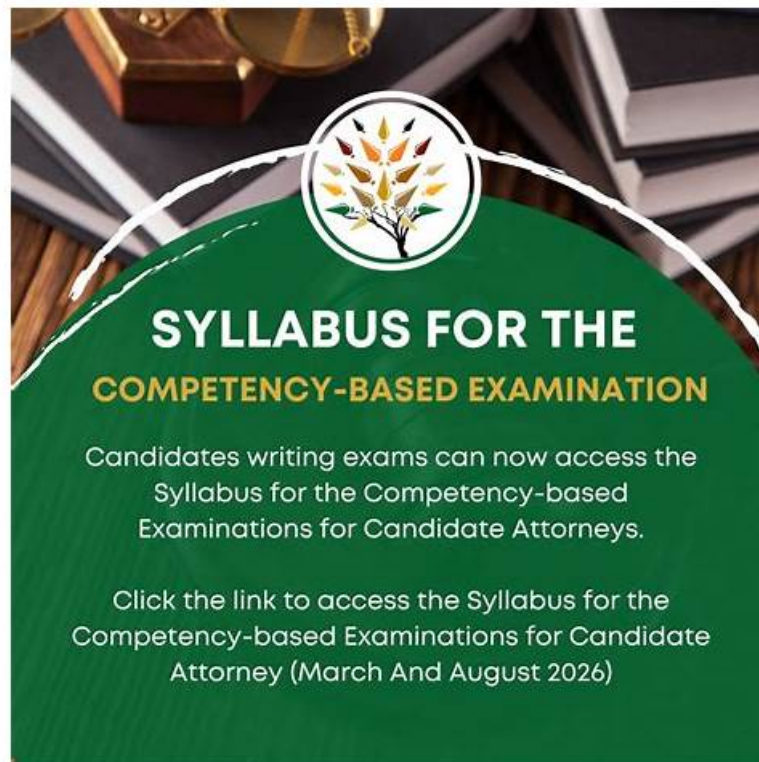


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ECCouncil EC-Council Certified DevSecOps Engineer (ECDE) Sample Questions (Q65-Q70):

NEW QUESTION # 65

(David Paymer has been working as a senior DevSecOps engineer in an IT company over the past 5 years. His organization is using Azure DevOps service to produce software products securely and quickly. David's team leader asked him to publish a NuGet

package utilizing a command line. Imagine you are in David's place; which command would you use to publish NuGet package into the feed?.)

- A. `nuget.exe publish -Destination "< YOUR_FEED_NAME >" -ApiKey < ANY_STRING > < PACKAGE_PATH >.`
- B. `nuget.exe push -Destination "< YOUR_FEED_NAME >" -ApiKey < ANY_STRING > < PACKAGE_PATH >.`
- C. `nuget.exe publish -Source "< YOUR_FEED_NAME >" -ApiKey < ANY_STRING > < PACKAGE_PATH >.`
- **D. `nuget.exe push -Source "< YOUR_FEED_NAME >" -ApiKey < ANY_STRING > < PACKAGE_PATH >.`**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Publishing a NuGet package to a feed is done using the `nuget.exe push` command. The `-Source` parameter specifies the target feed name or URL, and the `-ApiKey` parameter is required even if the feed ignores its value. The `publish` verb is not used for NuGet package uploads, and `-Destination` is not a valid parameter for pushing packages. Therefore, `nuget.exe push -Source "`

`<YOUR_FEED_NAME>" -ApiKey`

`<ANY_STRING> <PACKAGE_PATH>` is the correct command. Using command-line publishing supports automation and consistency in DevSecOps workflows, enabling secure and repeatable artifact distribution as part of continuous delivery pipelines.

NEW QUESTION # 66

(Charlotte Flair is a DevSecOps engineer at Egma Soft Solution Pvt. Ltd. Her organization develops software and applications related to supply chain management. Charlotte would like to integrate Sqreen RASP tool with Slack to monitor the application at runtime for malicious activities and block them before they can damage the application. Therefore, she created a Sqreen account and installed Sqreen Microagent. Now, she would like to install the PHP microagent. To do so, she reviewed the PHP microagent's compatibility, then she signed in to Sqreen account and noted the token in Notepad. Which of the following commands should Charlotte run in the terminal to install the PHP extension and the Sqreen daemon?.)

- A. `curl -shttps://download.sqreen.com/php/install.sh< sqreen-install.sh \ && bash sqreen-install.sh [CHARLOTTE'S ORG TOKEN HERE] "[CHARLOTTE'S APP NAME HERE]"`.
- B. `curl -ihttps://download.sqreen.com/php/install.sh< sqreen-install.sh \ && bash sqreen-install.sh [CHARLOTTE'S ORG TOKEN HERE] "[CHARLOTTE'S APP NAME HERE]"`.
- C. `curl -ihttps://download.sqreen.com/php/install.sh> sqreen-install.sh \ && bash sqreen-install.sh [CHARLOTTE'S ORG TOKEN HERE] "[CHARLOTTE'S APP NAME HERE]"`.
- **D. `curl -shttps://download.sqreen.com/php/install.sh> sqreen-install.sh \ && bash sqreen-install.sh [CHARLOTTE'S ORG TOKEN HERE] "[CHARLOTTE'S APP NAME HERE]"`**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The correct installation procedure for the Sqreen PHP microagent involves downloading the installer script and executing it with the organization token and application name. The `curl -s` option downloads the script silently, while the `>` redirection operator saves it locally as `sqreen-install.sh`. The script is then executed using `bash`, passing the required token and app name as parameters. Options using input redirection (`<`) are incorrect because they do not save the downloaded script to a file. The `-i` option includes HTTP headers in the output, which is unnecessary and could corrupt the script. Installing the microagent correctly enables runtime monitoring, attack detection, and automatic blocking, supporting strong runtime security during the Operate and Monitor stage.

NEW QUESTION # 67

(William Scott has been working as a senior DevSecOps engineer at GlobalSec Pvt. Ltd. His organization develops software products related to mobile apps. William would like to exploit Jenkins using Metasploit framework; therefore, he downloaded Metasploit. He would like to initiate an Nmap scan by specifying the target IP to find the version of Jenkins running on the machine. Which of the following commands should William use to find the version of Jenkins running on his machine using Nmap?.)

- **A. `Nmap -sV -sS "Target IP"`.**
- B. `Nmap -sS -sV "Target IP"`.
- C. `Nmap -sN -sJ "Target IP"`.
- D. `Nmap -sJ -sN "Target IP"`.

Answer: A

Explanation:

To identify the version of a service running on a target system, Nmap uses the `-sV` option, which enables service version detection. The `-sS` flag specifies a TCP SYN scan, which is a common and efficient scanning method. Combining these two flags allows Nmap to discover open ports and accurately identify the service versions running on those ports, such as Jenkins. Options A and B reference invalid scan types (`-sJ`) and do not enable version detection. Option C includes the correct flags but places them in a less conventional order; however, the commonly accepted and documented usage is `-sV -sS`. Running this scan during the Operate and Monitor stage helps security teams understand exposed services and assess potential attack surfaces.

NEW QUESTION # 68

(Sofia Coppola has been working as a senior DevSecOps engineer in an MNC company located in Denver, Colorado. In January of 2020, her organization migrated all the workloads from on-prem to AWS cloud environment due to the robust security feature and cost-effective services offered by AWS. Which of the following is an Amazon Web Services-hosted version control tool that Sofia can use to manage and store assets in the AWS cloud?.)

- A. AWS CodeBuild.
- B. AWS CodeDeploy.
- C. AWS CodePipeline.
- D. AWS CodeCommit.

Answer: D

Explanation:

AWS CodeCommit is a fully managed, AWS-hosted source control service that allows teams to store and manage source code, binaries, and other digital assets securely in the cloud. It supports Git-based repositories and integrates seamlessly with other AWS DevOps services such as CodeBuild, CodePipeline, and CodeDeploy. CodePipeline orchestrates CI/CD workflows, CodeBuild performs build and test operations, and CodeDeploy automates application deployment—but none of these are version control systems. For organizations migrating from on-prem to AWS, CodeCommit provides fine-grained access control using IAM, encryption at rest and in transit, and high availability without the need to manage infrastructure. Using CodeCommit during the Code stage supports secure collaboration, version tracking, and centralized source control aligned with DevSecOps best practices.

NEW QUESTION # 69

(Rockmond Dunbar is a senior DevSecOps engineer in a software development company. His organization develops customized software for retail industries. Rockmond would like to avoid setting mount propagation mode to share until it is required because when a volume is mounted in shared mode, it does not limit other containers to mount and modify that volume. If mounted volume is sensitive to changes, then it would be a serious security concern. Which of the following commands should Rockmond run to list out the propagation mode for mounted volumes?.)

- A. `docker ps -quiet -all | xargs docker inspect -format ': Propagation'`.
- B. `docker ps --quiet --all | xargs docker inspect --format ': Propagation'`.
- C. `docker ps --quiet --all | xargs docker inspect --format ': Propagation='`.
- D. `docker ps -quiet -all | xargs docker inspect -format ': Propagation='`.

Answer: C

Explanation:

To inspect mount propagation modes for Docker containers, Rockmond needs to list all container IDs and then inspect their configuration. The `docker ps --quiet --all` command outputs container IDs only, which are then passed to `docker inspect` using `xargs`. The `--format` option allows extraction of specific fields, such as mount propagation settings. Option C correctly uses valid flags (`--quiet --all`) and proper formatting syntax.

Options A and D incorrectly use single hyphens, and option B omits the equals sign, which is required to display the propagation value. Inspecting mount propagation during the Operate and Monitor stage helps prevent unintended privilege escalation or data modification by other containers, aligning with container hardening best practices.

NEW QUESTION # 70

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