

NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Latest Dumps Ppt - NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Test Preparation

[Download Valid NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam Dumps for Best Preparation](#)

Exam : **NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6**

Title : **Ortinet NSE 7 - Security
Operations 7.6 Architect**

https://www.passcert.com/NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6.html

1/5

2026 Latest DumpsTests NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 PDF Dumps and NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam Engine Free Share:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Dr0a_eJj9AOM8u5m5YO30BJlRemk0GIH

We has a long history of 10 years in designing the NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 exam guide and enjoys a good reputation across the globe. There are so many features to show that our NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 study engine surpasses others. We can confirm that the high quality is the guarantee to your success. At the same time, the prices of our NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 practice materials are quite reasonable for no matter the staffs or the students to afford. What is more, usually we will give some discounts to our worthy customers.

Fortinet NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SOC Concepts and Frameworks: Covers analyzing security incidents, identifying adversary behaviors, understanding Fortinet SOC architecture, and recognizing common attack vectors.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SOAR Playbook Development: Covers configuring playbooks and connectors, using Jinja filters for data handling, and troubleshooting FortiSOAR automation workflows.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detection Capabilities: Focuses on configuring FortiSIEM incident rules, building log queries, and analyzing incidents for effective threat detection.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOAR Incident Handling and Threat Hunting: Includes threat hunting analysis, managing FortiSOAR incidents, workload coordination, and using war rooms for incident response.

>> NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Latest Dumps Ppt <<

NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Test Preparation - NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Test Engine Version

If you want to become a future professional person in this industry, getting qualified by Fortinet certification is necessary. Now, pass your NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 actual exam in your first time by the help of DumpsTests study material. Our NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 pdf torrent contains the best relevant questions and verified answers which exactly matches with the NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Actual Exam and surely helps you to pass the exam. Besides, one year free update of NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 practice torrent is available after purchase.

Fortinet NSE 7 - Security Operations 7.6 Architect Sample Questions (Q10-Q15):

NEW QUESTION # 10

Which three end user logs does FortiAnalyzer use to identify possible IOC compromised hosts? (Choose three answers)

- A. Web filter logs1
- B. DNS filter logs2
- C. IPS logs
- D. Application filter logs
- E. Email filter logs

Answer: A,B,C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From FortiSOAR 7.6., FortiSIEM 7.3 Exact Extract study guide:

In the context of the Fortinet Security Fabric, FortiAnalyzer performs Indicator of Compromise (IOC) detection by correlating various security logs against a threat intelligence database.³ The IOC engine specifically analyzes the following logs of each end user to identify potentially compromised hosts:

- * Web Filter Logs (A): The engine parses web filtering logs to identify access attempts to blacklisted URLs, malicious domains, or IPs associated with known malware distribution sites.⁴ If a match is found in the threat database, the host is flagged as compromised.
- * DNS Filter Logs (C): DNS requests are a primary indicator of a compromise. The engine monitors these logs for queries directed at known Command and Control (C2) servers or domains generated by Domain Generation Algorithms (DGA).⁵
- * IPS Logs (E): Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) logs provide critical data on signature matches for known attacks. In newer Security Operations (SOC) curricula, IPS logs are used alongside Web and DNS logs to provide a high-fidelity assessment of whether a host is currently infected and attempting to communicate with an external threat actor.

Why other options are incorrect:

- * Email Filter Logs (B): While important for detecting phishing attempts (Initial Access), email logs are generally used for content filtering and antispam rather than being a primary source for the IOC engine's behavioral "calling home" detection in the FortiAnalyzer Compromised Hosts view.
- * Application Filter Logs (D): Application control logs provide visibility into software usage but are less commonly used by the core IOC engine for identifying blacklisted network destinations compared to Web and DNS filtering.

NEW QUESTION # 11

Match the FortiSIEM device type to its description. Select each FortiSIEM device type in the left column, hold and drag it to the blank space next to its corresponding description in the column on the right.

FortiSIEM Device Types	Fortinet	Description
Agent		Offloads log collection and performance monitoring at remote sites
Collector		Executes real-time event correlation, analytics, and historical searches to handle processing load
Supervisor		Acts as the central management node, hosting the UI, CMDB, dashboards, and reports
Tenant		Collects endpoint logs and system changes
Worker		
Secure Message Exchange		

Answer:

Explanation:

FortiSIEM Device Types	Fortinet	Description
Agent	Collector	Offloads log collection and performance monitoring at remote sites
Collector	Worker	Executes real-time event correlation, analytics, and historical searches to handle processing load
Supervisor	Supervisor	Acts as the central management node, hosting the UI, CMDB, dashboards, and reports
Tenant	Agent	Collects endpoint logs and system changes
Worker		
Secure Message Exchange		

* Collector2.Worker3.Supervisor4.Agent

* The FortiSIEM 7.3 architecture is built upon a distributed multi-tenant model consisting of several distinct functional roles to ensure scalability and performance:

* Supervisor: This is the primary management node in a FortiSIEM cluster. It hosts the Graphical User Interface (GUI), the Configuration Management Database (CMDB), and manages the overall system configurations, reporting, and dashboarding.

* Worker: These nodes are responsible for the heavy lifting of data processing. They execute real-time event correlation against the rules engine, perform historical search queries, and handle the analytics workload to ensure the Supervisor node is not overwhelmed.

* Collector: Collectors are typically deployed at remote sites or different network segments to offload log collection from the central cluster. They receive logs via Syslog, SNMP, or WMI, compress the data, and securely forward it to the Workers or Supervisor. They also perform performance monitoring of local devices.

* Agent: These are lightweight software components installed directly on endpoints (Windows/Linux). Their primary role is to collect local endpoint logs, monitor file integrity (system changes), and track user activity that cannot be captured via traditional network-based logging.

NEW QUESTION # 12

Refer to the exhibits.

The DOS attack playbook is configured to create an incident when an event handler generates a denial-of-service (DoS) attack event.

Why did the DOS attack playbook fail to execute?

- A. The Get Events task is configured to execute in the incorrect order.
- B. The Attach_Data_To_Incident task failed.
- C. The Create SMTP Enumeration incident task is expecting an integer value but is receiving the incorrect data type
- D. The Attach_Data_To_Incident task is expecting an integer value but is receiving the incorrect data type.

Answer: C

Explanation:

* Understanding the Playbook and its Components:

* The exhibit shows the status of a playbook named "DOS attack" and its associated tasks.

* The playbook is designed to execute a series of tasks upon detecting a DoS attack event.

* Analysis of Playbook Tasks:

* Attach_Data_To_Incident:Task ID placeholder_8fab0102, status is "upstream_failed," meaning it did not execute properly due to a previous task's failure.

* Get Events:Task ID placeholder_fa2a573c, status is "success."

* Create SMTP Enumeration incident:Task ID placeholder_3db75c0a, status is "failed."

* Reviewing Raw Logs:

* The error log shows a ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: '10.200.200.100'.

* This error indicates that the task attempted to convert a string (the IP address '10.200.200.100') to an integer, which is not possible.

* Identifying the Source of the Error:

* The error occurs in the file "incident_operator.py," specifically in the execute method.

* This suggests that the task "Create SMTP Enumeration incident" is the one causing the issue because it failed to process the data type correctly.

* Conclusion:

* The failure of the playbook is due to the "Create SMTP Enumeration incident" task receiving a string value (an IP address) when it expects an integer value. This mismatch in data types leads to the error.

References:

Fortinet Documentation on Playbook and Task Configuration.

Python error handling documentation for understanding ValueError.

NEW QUESTION # 13

When configuring a FortiAnalyzer to act as a collector device, which two steps must you perform? (Choose two.)

- A. Enable log compression.
- **B. Configure Fabric authorization on the connecting interface.**
- C. Configure the data policy to focus on archiving.
- **D. Configure log forwarding to a FortiAnalyzer in analyzer mode.**

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

* Understanding FortiAnalyzer Roles:

* FortiAnalyzer can operate in two primary modes: collector mode and analyzer mode.

* Collector Mode: Gathers logs from various devices and forwards them to another FortiAnalyzer operating in analyzer mode for detailed analysis.

* Analyzer Mode: Provides detailed log analysis, reporting, and incident management.

* Steps to Configure FortiAnalyzer as a Collector Device:

* A. Enable Log Compression:

* While enabling log compression can help save storage space, it is not a mandatory step specifically required for configuring FortiAnalyzer in collector mode.

* Not selected as it is optional and not directly related to the collector configuration process.

* B. Configure Log Forwarding to a FortiAnalyzer in Analyzer Mode:

* Essential for ensuring that logs collected by the collector FortiAnalyzer are sent to the analyzer FortiAnalyzer for detailed processing.

* Selected as it is a critical step in configuring a FortiAnalyzer as a collector device.

* Step 1: Access the FortiAnalyzer interface and navigate to log forwarding settings.

* Step 2: Configure log forwarding by specifying the IP address and necessary credentials of the FortiAnalyzer in analyzer mode.

Fortinet Documentation on Log Forwarding FortiAnalyzer Log Forwarding

C). Configure the Data Policy to Focus on Archiving:

Data policy configuration typically relates to how logs are stored and managed within FortiAnalyzer, focusing on archiving may not be specifically required for a collector device setup.

Not selected as it is not a necessary step for configuring the collector mode.

D). Configure Fabric Authorization on the Connecting Interface:

Necessary to ensure secure and authenticated communication between FortiAnalyzer devices within the Security Fabric.

Selected as it is essential for secure integration and communication.

Step 1: Access the FortiAnalyzer interface and navigate to the Fabric authorization settings.

Step 2: Enable Fabric authorization on the interface used for connecting to other Fortinet devices and FortiAnalyzers.

Reference: Fortinet Documentation on Fabric Authorization FortiAnalyzer Fabric Authorization Implementation Summary:

Configure log forwarding to ensure logs collected are sent to the analyzer.

Enable Fabric authorization to ensure secure communication and integration within the Security Fabric.

Conclusion:

Configuring log forwarding and Fabric authorization are key steps in setting up a FortiAnalyzer as a collector device to ensure proper log collection and forwarding for analysis.

References:

Fortinet Documentation on FortiAnalyzer Roles and Configurations FortiAnalyzer Administration Guide By configuring log forwarding to a FortiAnalyzer in analyzer mode and enabling Fabric authorization on the connecting interface, you can ensure proper setup of FortiAnalyzer as a collector device.

NEW QUESTION # 14

Refer to the exhibits.



You have a playbook that, depending on whether an analyst deems the alert to be a true positive, could reference a child playbook. You need to pass variables from the parent playbook to the child playbook.

Place the steps needed to accomplish this in the correct order.

Create a parameter in the child playbook.

Create a parameter in the parent playbook.



Map data to the parameter in the Reference a playbook step in the parent playbook.

Apply the parameter to the Disable User Account connector action.

Create a manual trigger and assign the user to a new variable.

variables

Step 1

Step 2

Step 3

Answer:

Explanation:

Create a parameter in the child playbook.



Create a parameter in the parent playbook.

Map data to the parameter in the Reference a playbook step in the parent playbook.

Apply the parameter to the Disable User Account connector action.

Create a manual trigger and assign the user to a new variable.

Step 1

Create a parameter in the child playbook.

Step 2

Apply the parameter to the Disable User Account connector action.

Step 3

Map data to the parameter in the Reference a playbook step in the parent playbook.

Explanation:

1. Create a parameter in the child playbook.
2. Apply the parameter to the Disable User Account connector action.
3. Map data to the parameter in the Reference a playbook step in the parent playbook.

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From FortiSOAR 7.6., FortiSIEM 7.3 Exact Extract study guide:

In FortiSOAR 7.6, the methodology for passing data between playbooks—specifically from a parent to a "Referenced" (child) playbook—follows a strict data flow hierarchy:

* Step 1: Create a parameter in the child playbook. Before a parent can send data, the child playbook must be configured to receive it. This is done by adding "Input Parameters" in the Start step of the child playbook (configured as a "Referenced" trigger). These parameters act as the "inbox" for external data.

* Step 2: Apply the parameter to the connector action. Once the child playbook has the parameter defined (e.g., user_id), you must use a Jinja expression like `{{vars.input.params.user_id}}` within the child's action steps (such as the Active Directory: Disable User Account connector) so that the child playbook actually utilizes the data it receives.

* Step 3: Map data to the parameter in the parent playbook. Finally, in the parent playbook, when you add the Reference a Playbook step and select the child playbook, FortiSOAR automatically displays the parameters created in Step 1. You then map existing variables from the parent's environment (e.g., from a previous "Search by SamAccountName" step) into these fields to complete the hand-off.

Why other options are excluded:

* Create a manual trigger and assign the user to a new variable: While manual triggers capture data, they are not the mechanism for passing data between nested playbooks; they are for user-to-system interaction.

* Create a parameter in the parent playbook: Parameters in a parent playbook are used to receive data from outside (like an external API or manual input), not to send data down to a child. The child defines what it needs; the parent simply provides it in the Reference step.

NEW QUESTION # 15

.....

Only by our NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 practice guide you can get maximum reward not only the biggest change of passing the exam efficiently, but mastering useful knowledge of computer exam. So our practice materials are regarded as the great help. Rather than promoting our NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Actual Exam aggressively to exam candidates, we have been dedicated to finishing their perfection and shedding light on frequent-tested NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 exam questions.

NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Test Preparation: https://www.dumpstests.com/NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6-latest-test-dumps.html

- 100% Pass-Rate Fortinet NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Latest Dumps Ppt - Perfect www.exam4labs.com - Leader in Certification Exam Materials Open website www.exam4labs.com and search for **NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6** for free download Valid Braindumps NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Ppt
- Efficient NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Latest Dumps Ppt, Ensure to pass the NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam Immediately open

www.pdfvce.com] and search for ☐ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 ☐ to obtain a free download ☐NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Brain Exam

- Free PDF Quiz Fortinet - NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 - Fortinet NSE 7 - Security Operations 7.6 Architect Authoritative Latest Dumps Ppt ☐ Search for ⇒ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 ⇐ and obtain a free download on▷ www.torrentvce.com ◁ ☐Free NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Brain Dumps
- 2026 Useful Fortinet NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6: Fortinet NSE 7 - Security Operations 7.6 Architect Latest Dumps Ppt ☐ (www.pdfvce.com) is best website to obtain ☐ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 ☐ for free download ☐Latest NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Test Camp
- Positive NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Feedback ☐ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Test Cram Review ☐ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam Simulations ☐ Open website ✓ www.prep4sures.top ☐✓☐ and search for (NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6) for free download ☐NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Official Study Guide
- Efficient NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Latest Dumps Ppt, Ensure to pass the NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam ☐ Easily obtain free download of▶ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 ◀ by searching on ☐ www.pdfvce.com ☐ ☐Study NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Dumps
- NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Training Materials - NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam Dumps: Fortinet NSE 7 - Security Operations 7.6 Architect - NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Study Guide ☐ Search for ☐ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 ☐ and download exam materials for free through ☐ www.verifiedumps.com ☐ ☐Free NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Brain Dumps
- 2026 Useful Fortinet NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6: Fortinet NSE 7 - Security Operations 7.6 Architect Latest Dumps Ppt ☐ The page for free download of [NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6] on 【 www.pdfvce.com 】 will open immediately ☐ ☐NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam Simulations
- Efficient NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Latest Dumps Ppt, Ensure to pass the NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam ☐ Search for▷ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 ◁ and download it for free immediately on ➡ www.examcollectionpass.com ☐ ☐ ☐NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Brain Exam
- Positive NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Feedback ☐ Valid Braindumps NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Ppt ☐ Free NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Brain Dumps ☐ Search for ☐ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 ☐☐☐ on { www.pdfvce.com } immediately to obtain a free download ☐Study NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Dumps
- Free PDF Quiz Fortinet - NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 - Fortinet NSE 7 - Security Operations 7.6 Architect Authoritative Latest Dumps Ppt ☐ Search for ☐ NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 ☐ and easily obtain a free download on ▶ www.examcollectionpass.com ☐ ☐Free NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Sample
- ilovebookmarking.com, orangebookmarks.com, getsocialnetwork.com, mollyrynm991158.blog-a-story.com, 64maths.com, asiyaibaw209036.wikilowdown.com, phoebeemb658940.birderswiki.com, jasonxbrr132612.blogrelation.com, yourbookmarklist.com, safiyadcrj796931.blazingblog.com, Disposable vapes

What's more, part of that DumpsTests NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 dumps now are free: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Dr0a_eJj9AOM8u5m5YO30BJJRemk0GIH