

# Web-Development-Applications Valid Exam Registration: Unparalleled WGU Web Development Applications - Free PDF Quiz 2026 Web-Development-Applications

**WGU C777 WEB DEVELOPMENT**  
**APPLICATIONS EXAM ACTUAL**  
**2025/2026 QUESTIONS AND 100%**  
**CORRECT ANSWERS**

HTML5, CSS, JavaScript - Answer -The web development trifecta

main - Answer -HTML5 tag defining the main body of a document.  
Cannot be the child of the header, nav, article, aside, or footer elements.

header and footer - Answer -These elements can also be included in article, aside, nav, main, and section elements, not just on the page itself

source - Answer -This element identifies the file(s) to use in a video or audio element

style guide - Answer -A set of standards for the writing and/or design of documents

IE9 - Answer -This version of IE is the first to support HTML5

Add them via JS, make them block via CSS - Answer -What should you do to support HTML5 elements in pre-IE9 browsers.

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## **WGU Web-Development-Applications Exam Syllabus Topics:**

<b>Topic</b>	<b>Details</b>
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Responsive Web Design (RWD) for Browsers and Apps: This section of the exam measures skills of Front-End Designers and covers concepts related to mobile-first layout planning, responsive frameworks, and techniques used to ensure compatibility with modern browsers and applications. Candidates must demonstrate how to adjust elements for better usability on mobile devices and apply responsive strategies that allow a single design to function seamlessly across various environments.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Validation, Testing, and Form Development: This section of the exam measures skills of Web Developers and covers the ability to validate code, test web pages for accuracy, and build form components. It includes understanding how to detect errors, ensure compliance with standards, and implement form fields with inline validation to improve user experience. The focus is on creating forms that work reliably, meet usability expectations, and maintain proper data entry flow.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript Foundations: This section of the exam measures skills of Web Developers and covers the essential ability to manually code using HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript to create structured, visually styled, and interactive web content. It focuses on building accurate page layouts, applying modern styling rules, and writing basic scripts that support user interaction. The aim is to ensure candidates can construct professional web documents using current standards and properly integrate all three technologies.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Creating Adaptive Web Documents and Pages: This section of the exam measures skills of Front-End Designers and covers the techniques needed to make websites display correctly across traditional desktops and mobile devices. It emphasizes adaptive page layout, flexible formatting, and user-friendly presentation so that content remains readable and functional on screens of different sizes. Candidates are expected to show an understanding of how to create consistent designs that respond smoothly to device changes.</li></ul>

## **WGU Web Development Applications Sample Questions (Q118-Q123):**

### **NEW QUESTION # 118**

Given the following code:

```
html
Copy
Edit
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
p { font-family: Georgia, serif; }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>The font-family Property</h1>
<p>The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Which CSS rule would ensure the heading displays at 16pt size?

- A. `h1 { text-size: 16pt; }`
- B. `h1 { font-size: 16pt; }`
- C. `#h1 { text-size: 16pt; }`
- D. `#h1 { font-size: 16pt; }`

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

To style an `<h1>` tag, you use the element selector `h1`, and to define the size of the font, use the `font-size` property. The `text-size` property does not exist in CSS.

Correct rule:

```
h1 {  
  font-size: 16pt;  
}
```

"The `font-size` property sets the size of the font. Use element selectors (like `h1`) to apply styles to all elements of that type."

References:

[CSS Fonts Specification](#)

[MDN Web Docs - font-size](#)

[W3Schools - CSS Font Properties](#)

## NEW QUESTION # 119

Which HTML element should a developer use to logically group a set of related HTML elements?

- A. `Select`
- B. `Datalist`
- C. `Fieldset`
- D. `input`

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The `<fieldset>` element is used to group a set of related HTML elements in a form. It provides a way to logically group related controls and labels.

\* Fieldset Element: The `<fieldset>` element can be used to create a group of form controls, along with an optional `<legend>` element that provides a caption for the group.

\* Usage Example:

```
<fieldset>  
  <legend>Personal Information</legend>  
  <label for="name">Name:</label>  
  <input type="text" id="name" name="name">  
  <label for="email">Email:</label>  
  <input type="email" id="email" name="email">  
</fieldset>
```

This groups the name and email input fields under the legend "Personal Information".

:

[MDN Web Docs on <fieldset>](#)

[W3C HTML Specification on Fieldset](#)

## NEW QUESTION # 120

Which markup ensures that the data entered are either a five-digit ZIP code or an empty string?

- A. `<input class="[0-9]{5}>`
- B. `<input required min="5" max="5">`
- C. `<input type="number" value="5">`
- D. `<input pattern="d{5}>`

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

- > 'The `pattern` attribute in HTML allows developers to specify a regular expression against which the input field is validated.'
- >
- > `^\d{5}` matches exactly five digits. When `required` is not set, the field can also be left empty - meeting the requirement of 'five digits or empty'.

References:

- \* MDN Web Docs: pattern attribute
- \* HTML Forms Constraint Validation

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### NEW QUESTION # 121

Which HTML segment should a developer use to enable the Offline AppCache application programming interface (API)?

- A. `<meta cache="date.appcache">`
- B. `<meta manifest="date.appcache">`
- C. `<html manifest="date.appcache">`
- D. `<html cache="date.appcache">`

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

- > 'To enable the AppCache feature, a `manifest` attribute must be specified in the opening `<html>` tag.'

>

> Example:

```
```html
<html manifest="date.appcache">
````
```

> Note: Although AppCache is deprecated in favor of service workers, this was the correct method in older HTML5 standards.

References:

- \* HTML5 Specification (Deprecated): Application Cache
- \* MDN Web Docs: Using the application cache

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### NEW QUESTION # 122

Which HTML segment should a developer use to enable the Offline AppCache application interface (API)?

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The correct HTML segment to enable the Offline AppCache application interface (API) is by specifying the manifest attribute in the `<html>` tag.

\* AppCache Manifest: The manifest attribute in the `<html>` tag is used to specify the URL of the AppCache

### NEW QUESTION # 123

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