

便利なCDCS合格受験記 - GoShikenのみ



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EXINより多くのCDCS質問トレントを入手して最新のトレンドをフォローするために、タイムリーで無料のアップデートを提供します。CDCS試験トレントは、経験豊富な専門家によってまとめられており、非常に価値があります。それらを素早く簡単に習得できます。選択できるさまざまなバージョンを提供しており、CDCS試験材料の最適なバージョンを見つけることができます。そのため、学習者がCDCSの問題トレントを習得して、短時間でCDCS試験に合格すると便利です。

>> CDCS合格受験記 <<

EXIN CDCS資料的中率、CDCS過去問

弊社のCDCS質問トレントは、手頃な価格であるだけでなく、市場で他の教育プラットフォームであるCDCS試験と比較して、ユーザーのインスタントアップグレードを容易にするための更新だけでなく、完全に練習をサポートすることもできます。質問は、高品質のパフォーマンスを持っているとすることができます。CDCS学習教材をダウンロードして学習することを後悔することは決してありません。また、最初の試行でCDCS試験に合格します。

EXIN EPI Certified Data Centre Specialist 認定 CDCS 試験問題 (Q63-Q68):

質問 # 63

The location of a data center is just above the Arctic Circle (North Pole). The outside air temperature is never above 21°C/70°F. Taking energy efficiency as the highest priority, which cooling system should you recommend?

- A. Waterside economizer
- **B. Airside economizer**
- C. Standard air conditioning units, as spares might not be readily available
- D. Any cooling system can be efficient because the outside air temperature will not influence the temperature of the air intake of the ICT equipment

正解: B

解説:

In locations with consistently cold temperatures, such as above the Arctic Circle, an airside economizer is the most energy-efficient cooling solution. Airside economizers use cool outside air to lower indoor temperatures, reducing or even eliminating the need for mechanical cooling. Given the consistently low temperatures, this method maximizes energy efficiency by leveraging natural cooling.
Detailed Explanation:

Airside economizers are ideal in environments where outside temperatures are consistently low. By drawing in and filtering cold outdoor air, they directly cool the indoor environment, thereby reducing energy consumption significantly compared to traditional air conditioning. This cooling approach aligns with energy efficiency goals by minimizing mechanical cooling demands.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI recommends the use of airside economizers in cold climates to achieve high energy efficiency, as they allow data centers to capitalize on ambient conditions for cooling, aligning with sustainability and cost-saving practices.

質問 # 64

What is the advantage of OM5 multimode fiber cabling?

- A. Designed for cheaper LED transmitters
- **B. Supports SWDM, requiring fewer fibers**
- C. 100 Gbit/s link for 500 m reach
- D. No advantage-same as OM4

正解: B

解説:

OM5 is optimized for Short Wavelength Division Multiplexing (SWDM) between 850-953 nm. This allows transmission of multiple wavelengths over a single fiber pair, reducing the number of fibers required for high-speed links.

* OM4 already supports 100 GbE to 150 m, but OM5 with SWDM extends reach and reduces cabling bulk.

* Option B is false because OM5 offers distinct SWDM benefits.

* Option C is incorrect-OM5 is laser-optimized, not LED-based.

* Option D is misleading; OM5 doesn't extend 100 GbE to 500 m (that requires single-mode OS2 fiber).

Thus, the key advantage is SWDM support.

References: ANSI/TIA-568.3-D, ISO/IEC 11801-1, IEEE 802.3cm (400G over MMF).

質問 # 65

What precaution shall be taken for cabling leading into an equipment rack when a data center is in a seismic-prone area?

- A. Cables should be loosely organized to allow for movement and be latched at the connectors.
- **B. Cables shall be tightly organized to the rack and trays to avoid movement.**
- C. Cables should be replaced by busbar trunking.
- D. Cables can be organized in any way as it is not important.

正解: B

解説:

In seismic-prone areas, cables should be tightly secured to racks and cable trays to minimize movement during seismic activity.

Properly securing the cables prevents them from being damaged due to excessive motion, which could lead to outages or damage to connected equipment.

Detailed Explanation:

Loose cables can be vulnerable to shaking or sudden jolts during an earthquake, increasing the risk of disconnection or damage. By tightly organizing and securing cables, you ensure they remain in place, even during significant movement, thereby maintaining connection integrity and reducing the risk of physical damage.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI training includes considerations for data centers in seismic zones, advising that cables be firmly anchored to support structures to reduce movement and mitigate potential damage during seismic events.

質問 # 66

What is forced entry resistance based on?

- **A. Time, tools, and people**

- B. Building materials used and the location of the data center
- C. Rate and installed number of CCTV cameras
- D. The number of security guards on duty

正解: A

解説:

Forced-entry ratings use defined attack tools and durations (time-to-breach) executed by attacker profiles.

References: EN 1627-1630 (Resistance Classes-tools and time), UL 972/UL 752 (attack tools/time).

質問 # 67

You need to determine the strategy for the cooling audit. All the servers are based on a front-to-rear (F-R) airflow design. Which location for the temperature/humidity measurement should you recommend for the audit?

- A. At 1.5 meters/5 feet above the floor in the middle of the cold aisle
- **B. At the front/intake of the server at 50 mm/2 inch**
- C. At the back/rear of the server at 50 mm/2 inch
- D. At 1.5 meters/5 feet above the floor in the middle of the hot aisle

正解: B

解説:

For a cooling audit in a data center, it is essential to measure temperature and humidity where air enters the servers to accurately assess cooling performance. In this case, since all servers have a front-to-rear (F-R) airflow design, measuring at the front/intake of the server will provide a precise understanding of the cooling conditions that the equipment is experiencing.

Detailed Explanation:

Servers with a front-to-rear airflow design draw in cool air from the cold aisle at the front, which is then exhausted into the hot aisle at the rear. By measuring temperature and humidity 50 mm/2 inches from the front intake, you gather data on the air conditions right before it enters the servers, providing an accurate representation of the cooling environment as it directly impacts the equipment.

Measuring in the cold aisle at the front intake ensures that the readings reflect the actual conditions of the incoming air that the servers depend on for effective cooling. This approach is consistent with best practices for maintaining thermal conditions in a data center, as it helps confirm that the cooling systems are delivering air within the required temperature and humidity specifications.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

According to the EPI Data Center Specialist curriculum, the optimal placement for temperature and humidity sensors is at the intake of the equipment in the cold aisle, as it directly correlates to the environmental conditions affecting the servers. This positioning allows for a more effective audit of cooling performance, which is critical for maintaining the reliability and efficiency of the data center's operations.

質問 # 68

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CDCS資料的中率: <https://www.goshiken.com/EXIN/CDCS-mondaishu.html>

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