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Dell PowerFlex Operate Exam

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EMC D-PWF-OE-00 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PowerFlex Upgrades: This domain covers understanding upgrade procedures and executing cluster upgrades to newer software versions.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PowerFlex Components and Resource Discovery: This domain covers identifying PowerFlex hardware models and software components, using management interfaces to interact with the system, and completing essential post-installation configuration tasks.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expanding a PowerFlex Cluster: This domain focuses on cluster expansion and maintenance including using maintenance modes, adding nodes, configuring Storage Data Servers and Meta Data Managers, and understanding PowerFlex integration with APEX.

EMC Dell PowerFlex Operate Exam Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34

Which PowerFlex feature allows the sharing of storage data across multiple nodes?

- A. Storage Pools
- B. Replication Targets
- **C. PowerFlex File (Shared File Systems)**
- D. Fault Sets

Answer: C

Explanation:

PowerFlex is primarily a block storage solution, but it supports File Services (PowerFlex File) to allow data sharing across multiple nodes.

* PowerFlex File (Shared File Systems): This architecture adds NAS (Network Attached Storage) capabilities to the PowerFlex cluster. It utilizes NAS Nodes (which can be physical or virtual) that consume PowerFlex block volumes and format them with a file system. These file systems are then exposed to clients via standard protocols like NFS (Network File System) for Linux/Unix and SMB (Server Message Block) for Windows. This allows multiple compute nodes or users to read and write to the same logical storage space simultaneously.

* Why not the others?

* Fault Sets are for logical isolation of resources to ensure high availability, not for data sharing.

* Storage Pools are groupings of physical drives to define performance tiers, not the mechanism for file sharing.

* Replication is for disaster recovery (copying data to a remote site), not for active sharing within a cluster.

NEW QUESTION # 35

What is the primary function of alerting in PowerFlex security?

- A. Configure multi-factor authentication
- B. Manage compliance baselines for devices
- C. Automate encryption key rotation
- **D. Notify administrators of potential security issues**

Answer: D

Explanation:

While "alerting" is a broad topic, in the context of security:

* Notify administrators of potential security issues (Option B): The alerting system is designed to trigger notifications for security-

relevant events. Examples include:

- * Failed Login Attempts: Repeated failures which might indicate a brute-force attack.
- * Unauthorized Access: Connections from unapproved IPs (if restrictions are set).
- * Certificate Expiry: Warning that SSL/TLS certificates are about to expire, which would break secure management connections.
- * Encryption Failures: Alerts if a SED drive is unlocked or CloudLink key retrieval fails.

NEW QUESTION # 36

What is the minimum number of nodes required to create a Storage Data Server (SDS)?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- **D. 3**

Answer: D

Explanation:

- * 3 Nodes: While you can technically install the SDS software on a single server, to create a functioning Storage Pool and a valid PowerFlex cluster that supports the standard 2-copy mesh-mirroring protection scheme, a minimum of 3 SDS nodes is required.
- * Why? Data is divided into chunks (Primary and Secondary).
- * Chunk A Primary goes to Node 1.
- * Chunk A Secondary goes to Node 2.
- * If Node 1 fails, the system needs a third node (Node 3) to rebuild the missing copy from Node 2 to restore redundancy. A 2-node cluster cannot rebuild data if one node fails (nowhere to put the copy), leaving it permanently degraded.

NEW QUESTION # 37

What are the prerequisites for creating a Fault Set? (Choose two).

- **A. Predefined Protection Domain**
- B. Existing Storage Pool
- C. Enabled deduplication
- **D. At least 3 nodes in the cluster**

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Fault Sets are a logical subdivision within a Protection Domain used to increase availability (e.g., ensuring that the three copies of data reside in three different racks).

- * Predefined Protection Domain (Option B): Fault Sets exist inside a Protection Domain. You cannot create a Fault Set floating in the void; it must be assigned to a parent Protection Domain.
 - * At least 3 nodes in the cluster (Option A): PowerFlex uses a mesh-mirroring architecture. To guarantee availability, the system generally requires a minimum of 3 Fault Sets (so that if one fails, the data can be rebuilt to the other two). Since a Fault Set must contain at least one node, this implies a minimum requirement of 3 nodes (one per Fault Set) to utilize the feature effectively.
- Note on Option C: You typically define Fault Sets before creating Storage Pools or adding SDSs in a greenfield deployment. If Storage Pools already exist, converting to Fault Sets is complex/restricted, so "Existing Storage Pool" is not a prerequisite for creating the Fault Set structure itself.

NEW QUESTION # 38

During a PowerFlex deployment, which steps are required to complete resource discovery? (Choose two).

- **A. Assign IP addresses to all nodes**
- B. Configure storage pools for metadata storage
- **C. Validate network connectivity for SDS nodes**
- D. Deploy vSphere for virtualization

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

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