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The Open Group OGBA-101 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Key Terminologies: The focal point of this TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation exam topic is about key terminologies of the Business Architecture.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• TOGAF Business Scenario method: The focal point of this OGBA-101 exam topic is the application of the TOGAF Business Scenario method.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Introduction to TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation: This topic gives aspiring TOGAF business architects basic knowledge about the Business Architecture Foundation.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• TOGAF ADM: This topic of the OGBA-101 Exam gives TOGAF business architects an introduction to the TOGAF ADM, its objectives, and usage.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Information Mapping: The topic is all about applying information mapping when developing a TOGAF Business Architecture.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Organization Mapping: In this topic of the TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation exam, TOGAF business architects learn how to apply organization mapping when developing a Business Architecture.

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The Open Group TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation Exam Sample Questions (Q38-Q43):

NEW QUESTION # 38

Consider the following Business Capability Example:

□ Which of the following are A and C?

- A. Actors, Actions.
- **B. Roles, Information.**
- C. Who. What.
- D. Organization. Data.

Answer: B

Explanation:

According to the TOGAF Business Capabilities Guide V2, a business capability is defined as "the expression or the articulation of the capacity, materials, and expertise an organization needs in order to perform core functions"⁵. A business capability can be decomposed into four elements: roles, information, processes, and technology⁵. In the given example, A represents roles and C represents information.

In the context provided in the image, 'A' refers to the roles involved in the recruitment management process, which in this case is the 'User: Recruiter' and the 'Stakeholders: Manager, Candidate Employee'. 'C' refers to the information or data aspects of the process, which includes 'Candidate/Applicant Details', 'Position Descriptions', 'Recruitment Agency Data', and 'Industry Standard Role Definitions'. Thus, 'A' corresponds to 'Roles' and 'C' to 'Information'.

NEW QUESTION # 39

Which of the following is a benefit of Value Stream Mapping?

- A. It highlights the value of individual work packages needed to develop the business architecture.
- B. It helps to ensure that investments and project initiatives are prioritized and funded at a level matching with their value.
- **C. It helps to assess an organization's effectiveness at creating, capturing, and delivering value for different stakeholders.**
- D. It helps to identify value, duplication, and redundancy across the enterprise.

Answer: C

Explanation:

One of the benefits of Value Stream Mapping is that it helps to assess an organization's effectiveness at creating, capturing, and delivering value for different stakeholders². Value Stream Mapping is a technique that can be used to represent a sequence of activities that create an overall result for a customer, stakeholder, or end user². Value Stream Mapping can help to identify the value proposition, outcomes, measures, enablers, and dependencies of each activity in the value stream, as well as the overall value flow and performance². By analyzing the value stream map, the organization can evaluate how well it is meeting the stakeholder needs and expectations, as well as identify opportunities for improvement or innovation.

NEW QUESTION # 40

What process turns a set of business capabilities into a structure that communicates the right amount of detail to different stakeholder groups?

- A. Stratification
- B. Categorization
- C. Layering
- **D. Mapping**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Mapping is the process that turns a set of business capabilities into a structure that communicates the right amount of detail to different stakeholder groups. Here's a detailed explanation:

Definition of Mapping:

Mapping: In the context of business architecture, mapping refers to the process of visually representing the relationships between business capabilities and other elements such as processes, value streams, and organizational units. This helps in communicating the structure and interactions within the business.

Purpose:

Communication: Mapping provides a clear and structured way to communicate the details of business capabilities to different stakeholder groups. It ensures that each group receives the appropriate level of detail needed for their role and decision-making.

Alignment: Helps in aligning business capabilities with strategic goals, processes, and organizational structure, ensuring that the architecture supports the overall business strategy.

TOGAF Reference:

Phase B: Business Architecture: During this phase, mapping is used to represent business capabilities and their relationships with other business elements. This helps in creating a coherent and comprehensive business architecture.

Capability Mapping: TOGAF emphasizes the use of capability mapping to understand and analyze how different capabilities support business processes and value streams.

Benefits:

Clarity and Understanding: Mapping provides a visual representation that enhances clarity and understanding of the business architecture. It helps stakeholders see the big picture and understand how different parts of the business fit together.

Stakeholder Engagement: By providing the right amount of detail to different stakeholders, mapping ensures effective engagement and collaboration across the organization.

In summary, mapping is the process that turns a set of business capabilities into a structure that communicates the right amount of detail to different stakeholder groups, facilitating clarity, understanding, and alignment.

NEW QUESTION # 41

Which of the following is guidance for creating value streams?

- A. Identify the top-level value streams from components of capabilities.
- B. Include operational levels of detail.
- C. Clearly define the triggering stakeholder.
- D. Create an initial set of value streams that provide a one-to-one mapping to existing capabilities.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Value streams represent the series of steps an organization takes to deliver value to a customer or stakeholder. A key principle in defining value streams is clarity about who initiates the value stream and what triggers it. This is essential for several reasons:

* **Understanding customer needs:** Identifying the triggering stakeholder helps to understand their specific needs and expectations, which drives the design and optimization of the value stream.

* **Defining scope and boundaries:** Knowing the trigger helps to define the starting and ending points of the value stream, ensuring that it encompasses all the necessary activities to deliver the desired value.

* **Measuring effectiveness:** With a clear trigger, it becomes possible to measure the effectiveness of the value stream by tracking how well it meets the needs of the triggering stakeholder.

NEW QUESTION # 42

Which ADM phase focuses on defining the problem to be solved, identifying the stakeholders, their concerns, and requirements?

- A. Phase A
- B. Phase B
- C. Phase C
- D. Preliminary Phase

Answer: A

Explanation:

In the TOGAF ADM (Architecture Development Method), Phase A, also known as the Architecture Vision phase, is critical for defining the problem to be solved and identifying the stakeholders, their concerns, and requirements. Here's a detailed explanation:

Phase A: Architecture Vision:

Objective: The primary objective of Phase A is to establish a high-level vision of the architecture project. This includes defining the

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