

# Web-Development-Applications exam dumps, WGU Web-Development-Applications exam torrent, Web-Development-Applications VCE torrent

**WGU C777 WEB DEVELOPMENT APPLICATIONS EXAM ACTUAL 2025/2026 QUESTIONS AND 100% CORRECT ANSWERS**

HTML5, CSS, JavaScript - Answer -The web development trifecta

main - Answer -HTML5 tag defining the main body of a document. Cannot be the child of the header, nav, article, aside, or footer elements.

header and footer - Answer -These elements can also be included in article, aside, nav, main, and section elements, not just on the page itself

source - Answer -This element identifies the file(s) to use in a video or audio element

style guide - Answer -A set of standards for the writing and/or design of documents

IE9 - Answer -This version of IE is the first to support HTML5

Add them via JS, make them block via CSS - Answer -What should you do to support HTML5 elements in pre-IE9 browsers.

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## WGU Web-Development-Applications Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Creating Adaptive Web Documents and Pages:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of Front-End Designers and covers the techniques needed to make websites display correctly across traditional desktops and mobile devices. It emphasizes adaptive page layout, flexible formatting, and user-friendly presentation so that content remains readable and functional on screens of different sizes. Candidates are expected to show an understanding of how to create consistent designs that respond smoothly to device changes.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript Foundations:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of Web Developers and covers the essential ability to manually code using HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript to create structured, visually styled, and interactive web content. It focuses on building accurate page layouts, applying modern styling rules, and writing basic scripts that support user interaction. The aim is to ensure candidates can construct professional web documents using current standards and properly integrate all three technologies.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Validation, Testing, and Form Development:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of Web Developers and covers the ability to validate code, test web pages for accuracy, and build form components. It includes understanding how to detect errors, ensure compliance with standards, and implement form fields with inline validation to improve user experience. The focus is on creating forms that work reliably, meet usability expectations, and maintain proper data entry flow.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Responsive Web Design (RWD) for Browsers and Apps:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of Front-End Designers and covers concepts related to mobile-first layout planning, responsive frameworks, and techniques used to ensure compatibility with modern browsers and applications. Candidates must demonstrate how to adjust elements for better usability on mobile devices and apply responsive strategies that allow a single design to function seamlessly across various environments.</li> </ul>

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### WGU Web Development Applications Sample Questions (Q124-Q129):

#### NEW QUESTION # 124

Which method should a developer use to create a message that requests a user to select "OK" or "Cancel"?

- **A. confirm**
- B. prompt
- C. alert
- D. write

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

> "The `confirm()` method displays a dialog box with OK and Cancel buttons. It returns `true` if OK is selected and `false` otherwise."

>

> \* `alert()` only shows a message

> \* `prompt()` includes a text input field

> \* `write()` outputs directly to the document

References:

- \* MDN Web Docs: confirm()
- \* ECMAScript Browser Dialogs

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### NEW QUESTION # 125

Given the following HTML code:

And given the following CSS selector:

Which elements will the CSS be applied to?

- A. All anchors (a element) and elements preceded by an unordered list (ul element)
- B. Any anchors (a. element) preceded by unordered lists (ul element)  
All anchors (a. element) and elements inside unordered lists (ul element)
- C. Any anchors (a element) followed by unordered lists (ul element)

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Given the CSS selector `a, ul`, it targets all anchor (`<a>`) elements and all unordered list (`<ul>`) elements independently. This means the CSS rule will be applied to each `<a>` and `<ul>` element in the HTML document.

\* CSS Selector Analysis:

\* `a`: This part of the selector targets all `<a>` elements in the document.

\* `,`: The comma is a selector separator, meaning that each part of the selector list is applied independently.

\* `ul`: This part of the selector targets all `<ul>` elements in the document.

\* Example:

\* Given HTML:

```
<p>
<a
href="http://example.com/link0"
>Link 0</a>
<a
href="http://example.com/link1"
>Link 1</a>
</p>
<ul>
<li>Hello</li>
</ul>
<p>
<a
href="http://example.com/link2"
>Link 2</a>
<a href="https://example.com/link3">Link 3</a>
</p>
<b>Sample</b>
```

\* Given CSS:

```
a, ul {
color: red;
}
```

\* Affected Elements: All `<a>` and `<ul>` elements will have the color set to red.

:

MDN Web Docs - Comma combinator

W3C CSS Selectors Level 3

### NEW QUESTION # 126

Which code segment creates a slider field that accepts a numeric value ranging from 1 through 10?

- A. `<input type="range" name="sat-level" max="10">`
- B. `<input type="number" name="sat-level" min="1" max="10">`
- C. `<input type="range" name="sat-level" min="1" max="10">`

- D. `<input type="number" name="sat-level" max="10">`

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

> "To create a slider control, use `<input type="range">` and specify `min` and `max` attributes to define the allowable range."

>

> Only Option B includes both `min` and `max`, and uses `type="range"`, which creates a slider.

References:

\* MDN Web Docs: `<input type="range">`

\* HTML Forms Reference

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### NEW QUESTION # 127

Which CSS code block styles the `<div>` tag with a border image that is 80 pixels wide, 40 pixels high, and uses `round` as a repetition style?

- A. `div { border-image: url("waterfall.png") 80 40 round; }`
- B. `div { border-image: url("waterfall.png") 40 80 round; }`
- C. `div { borderX`

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