

Kostenlose gültige Prüfung Oracle 1Z0-1195-25 Sammlung - Examcollection



Übrigens, Sie können die vollständige Version der ZertFragen 1Z0-1195-25 Prüfungsfragen aus dem Cloud-Speicher herunterladen:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=14gYczE1RDlptp19QMmScL7e69PtC4hsR>

Heutzutage, wo IT-Branche schnell entwickelt ist, müssen wir die IT-Fachleuten mit anderen Augen sehen. Sie haben uns viele unglaubliche Bequemlichkeiten nach ihrer spitzen Technik geboten und dem Staat sowie Unternehmen eine Menge Menschenkräfte sowie Ressourcen erspart. Sie beziehen sicher ein hohes Gehalt. Wollen Sie gleich wie sie werden? Dann müssen Sie zuerst die Oracle 1Z0-1195-25 Zertifizierungsprüfung bestehen.

Oracle 1Z0-1195-25 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data Management Introduction: This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Architects and Cloud Database Specialists in understanding Oracle's data management strategy. It covers Oracle's database offerings, deployment options, and multi-cloud and hybrid cloud solutions for managing data using Oracle Cloud Infrastructure.

Thema 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MySQL and NoSQL: This section measures the skills of Database Developers and Data Engineers in working with Oracle MySQL HeatWave Database Service. It focuses on their features and uses cases for modern application development.
Thema 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autonomous Database and Tools: This section evaluates the expertise of Database Administrators and Cloud Engineers in working with Oracle Autonomous Database (ADB). It includes provisioning ADB instances, scaling CPU and storage, starting and stopping databases, and using tools to load data into ADB effectively.
Thema 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exadata and DBCS: This section tests the knowledge of Exadata Specialists and Database Administrators in understanding Exadata deployment options, lifecycle management tasks such as patching and backup, and the features of Oracle Base Database Service (DOracle NoSQL Database ServiceBCS).
Thema 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Upgrades and Migrations: This section tests the knowledge of Migration Specialists and Cloud Architects in planning cloud migrations. It includes various migration strategies to OCI, as well as upgrade options for transitioning existing databases to newer versions or cloud environments.
Thema 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data Lake, Data Warehouse, and Machine Learning: This section evaluates the expertise of Data Scientists and Big Data Engineers in understanding UCI's Data Lakehouse architecture, Oracle Machine Learning capabilities, and Data Mesh architecture for managing distributed data environments.
Thema 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing on Oracle Database: This section measures the skills of Application Developers and DevOps Engineers in managing Autonomous Databases using REST APIs, Oracle's data toolset, low-code development with APEX, and CI CD processes for database tools and APEX applications.

>> 1Z0-1195-25 Prüfungsunterlagen <<

1Z0-1195-25 Prüfungsvorbereitung - 1Z0-1195-25 Schulungsunterlagen

Sie brauchen nicht so viel Geld und Zeit, nur ungefähr 30 Stunden spezielle Ausbildung, dann können Sie ganz einfach die Oracle 1Z0-1195-25 Zertifizierungsprüfung nur einmalig bestehen. ZertFragen bietet Ihnen die Prüfungsthemen, deren Ähnlichkeit mit den realen Prüfungsübungen sehr groß ist.

Oracle Data Platform 2025 Foundations Associate 1Z0-1195-25 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q27-Q32):

27. Frage

Which command for the MySQL Data Service will resume OCPU billing?

- A. Backup
- B. Restart
- C. Stop
- **D. Start**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

For the "MySQL Database Service," the "Start" command (A) resumes OCPU billing, as it activates the database instance, incurring compute costs. "Stop" (B) halts billing by suspending the instance, "Restart" (C) is a stop-then-start sequence, and "Backup" (D) affects storage, not OCPU billing. Oracle's MySQL Service documentation ties billing to the Start command.

28. Frage

What is the Oracle recommended way to upgrade databases?

- **A. AutoUpgrade**

- B. Data Pump Export/Import
- C. Database Upgrade Assistant (DBUA)
- D. Command Line Upgrade

Antwort: A

Begründung:

The Oracle-recommended way to upgrade databases is "AutoUpgrade" (D). AutoUpgrade automates the upgrade process, handling pre-checks, upgrades, and post-upgrade tasks with minimal manual intervention, reducing errors and downtime. "Database Upgrade Assistant (DBUA)" (A) is a GUI tool but less automated, "Data Pump Export/Import" (B) is for data migration, not direct upgrades, and "Command Line Upgrade" (C) is manual and error-prone. Oracle's official upgrade guides endorse AutoUpgrade for its efficiency and reliability.

29. Frage

What three typical data types/models are covered by Oracle's Converged Database?

- A. Events
- B. Spatial
- C. Graph
- D. Relational
- E. Terraform

Antwort: B,C,D

Begründung:

Oracle's "Converged Database" supports multiple data types/models, including "Spatial" (B) for geospatial data, "Graph" (D) for relationship analytics, and "Relational" (E) for traditional structured data. "Events" (A) is not a distinct data model but a use case, and "Terraform" (C) is an infrastructure tool, not a data type. Oracle's documentation lists Spatial, Graph, and Relational among others (e.g., JSON, XML) as core converged capabilities.

30. Frage

Which are the capabilities of Oracle Autonomous Database that can accelerate innovation? (Choose 3)

- A. Instant scaling of storage
- B. Scaling of CPUs with very little downtime
- C. Built-in AI and ML helps find patterns that could identify undiscovered anomalies
- D. Provisions a data warehouse in seconds

Antwort: A,B,C

Begründung:

"Oracle Autonomous Database" accelerates innovation with: "Scaling of CPUs with very little downtime" (A), enabling dynamic performance adjustments online; "Built-in AI and ML helps find patterns that could identify undiscovered anomalies" (B), leveraging in-database machine learning; and "Instant scaling of storage" (C), providing flexibility without interruption. "Provisions a data warehouse in seconds" (D) is true but more a setup feature than an ongoing innovation driver. Oracle's documentation emphasizes these capabilities for rapid development and insights.

31. Frage

What does ORDS stand for?

- A. Oracle Resilient Data Security
- B. Oracle REST Data Services
- C. Oracle Rapid Data Systems
- D. Oracle REAP Diagnosis Systems

Antwort: B

Begründung:

