

최신 CrowdStrike Certified Cloud Specialist CCCS-203b 무료 샘플문제 (Q264-Q269):

질문 # 264

What is the primary purpose of Falcon Fusion workflows in CrowdStrike's cloud security ecosystem?

- A. To automate responses to security events based on predefined triggers.
- B. To monitor and block unauthorized access attempts to cloud resources.
- C. To create new user accounts and assign permissions in CrowdStrike Falcon.
- D. To analyze network traffic for anomalies in real-time.

정답: A

설명:

Option A: Falcon Fusion workflows are designed to create automated, action-oriented workflows that trigger in response to specific events. This reduces manual intervention and improves incident response times.

Option B: Falcon Fusion does not analyze network traffic directly. This function is more aligned with Falcon's EDR (Endpoint Detection and Response) capabilities or network security tools.

Option C: While Falcon does monitor and block threats, this is not the specific function of Falcon Fusion workflows. Falcon Fusion focuses on automating workflows in response to events, not directly handling access control.

Option D: User account management is handled through administrative tools and settings within the Falcon console, not Falcon Fusion workflows.

질문 # 265

After deploying the Falcon Container Sensor in your Kubernetes cluster, your team wants to understand its primary use cases. Which of the following is a primary function of the Falcon Container Sensor in Kubernetes?

- A. Encrypting all data stored in Kubernetes Persistent Volumes (PVs).
- B. Deploying application code to Kubernetes clusters securely.
- C. Automatically scaling Kubernetes pods based on security threats.
- D. Monitoring container runtime activity and detecting malicious behavior.

정답: D

설명:

Option A: The primary function of the Falcon Container Sensor is to monitor container runtime activity, identify anomalies, and detect potential threats or malicious behavior.

Option B: The Falcon Container Sensor does not control pod scaling. Kubernetes itself handles scaling based on resource usage, not security threats.

Option C: The sensor does not encrypt data in Persistent Volumes. Data encryption is managed by the storage provider or Kubernetes itself, not by the Falcon Container Sensor.

Option D: The Falcon Container Sensor is not responsible for deploying application code. It focuses on securing containerized workloads rather than application delivery.

질문 # 266

When editing an existing image assessment policy in Falcon Cloud Security, what should you prioritize to minimize disruptions to the development workflow?

- A. Apply the updated policy immediately without testing to enforce changes quickly.
- B. Disable all existing exclusions to ensure maximum security coverage.
- C. Create broad rules that apply to all images regardless of their origin or purpose.
- D. Review and validate any exclusions to ensure they are still relevant and justified.

정답: D

설명:

Option A: Policies should be tested in an audit-only mode or a controlled environment to ensure they do not disrupt workflows or block legitimate activities.

Option B: While disabling exclusions might improve security, it can also disrupt legitimate workflows, leading to operational

inefficiencies and developer frustration.

Option C: Broad rules can cause unnecessary noise and block legitimate activities. Image assessment policies should be as granular as possible to target specific risks.

Option D: Exclusions are necessary to prevent unnecessary alerts or blocks, but they must be reviewed regularly to ensure they remain relevant. Overly permissive exclusions can weaken security, while irrelevant exclusions can cause unnecessary complexity. Validating exclusions helps maintain a balance between security and operational efficiency.

질문 # 267

You are tasked with creating a new Kubernetes Admission Controller policy in Falcon Cloud Security.

What is the primary purpose of this policy?

- A. To monitor network traffic within Kubernetes clusters for malicious activity.
- **B. To control and enforce security configurations at the time of resource creation or update in Kubernetes.**
- C. To scan container images for vulnerabilities after deployment.
- D. To provide real-time alerts for unauthorized API calls in the Kubernetes control plane.

정답: B

설명:

Option A: Unauthorized API calls are typically detected and alerted by audit logging or monitoring solutions, not Admission Controller policies.

Option B: While Falcon Cloud Security does monitor network traffic, this is not related to Kubernetes Admission Controllers. Network monitoring is handled by different components or tools such as service mesh or network policies.

Option C: Scanning container images for vulnerabilities is a separate functionality provided by container security tools but not directly related to Admission Controller policies.

Option D: Kubernetes Admission Controllers intercept and validate API requests before they are persisted to the etcd store, allowing policies to enforce security and configuration requirements during resource creation or updates. This is exactly the purpose of creating such policies in Falcon Cloud Security.

질문 # 268

Which of the following is a correct example of using automated remediation in the CrowdStrike Falcon platform to address a cloud-related security incident?

- A. Notifying an administrator to review suspicious activity manually
- B. Sending compliance violation logs to a third-party monitoring system
- **C. Quarantining a compromised virtual machine automatically upon detection of malware**
- D. Disabling unused user accounts in the cloud environment weekly

정답: C

설명:

Option A: This action is an example of a maintenance task, not automated remediation.

Automated remediation focuses on dynamic responses to detected threats or incidents rather than routine administrative tasks.

Option B: This action is part of logging and monitoring, not remediation. Automated remediation involves direct actions to mitigate or eliminate threats rather than just reporting or logging violations.

Option C: Automated remediation in the CrowdStrike Falcon platform includes the ability to isolate or quarantine compromised resources, such as virtual machines, to prevent further spread of malware or threats. This action happens automatically based on predefined policies and is a hallmark of automated remediation. It ensures immediate containment without waiting for manual intervention.

Option D: While notification is an essential part of incident response, it is not an example of automated remediation. Automated remediation involves taking direct action, such as isolating or removing a threat, rather than relying on manual review or follow-up.

질문 # 269

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