

CompTIA - Unparalleled 220-1201 - CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1 Training Material



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CompTIA 220-1201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Section	Weight	Objectives
Topic 1: Virtualization and Cloud Computing	12%	- Cloud and virtualization troubleshooting - Virtualization fundamentals - Virtual machine concepts - Cloud connectivity and configuration - Cloud concepts and models (IaaS, PaaS, SaaS)
Topic 2: Hardware	27%	- BIOS/UEFI and firmware - Power supplies and connectors - PC hardware and peripherals - CPU and expansion cards - Peripheral devices and connections - RAM types and installation - Storage devices (HDD, SSD, NVMe)
Topic 3: Networking	20%	- Network configurations - Network hardware and devices - Network troubleshooting - Network protocols and services - Network connectivity - IP addressing and subnetting basics
Topic 4: Mobile Devices	15%	- Mobile device management (MDM) - Cellular connectivity and settings - Mobile device synchronization - Mobile device troubleshooting - Mobile device configuration

Topic 5: Hardware and Network Troubleshooting	26%	- Hardware troubleshooting - Common symptoms and root causes - Troubleshooting methodology - Printers and multifunction devices - Mobile device troubleshooting - Network troubleshooting
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CompTIA 220-1201 Test Quiz & 220-1201 Key Concepts

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CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1 Sample Questions (Q208-Q213):

NEW QUESTION # 208

Which of the following is a way to synchronize the clocks across all devices in an environment?

- A. Configuring an NTP server
- B. Using a public DNS server
- C. Reducing the DHCP lease duration
- D. Installing an HTTP server

Answer: A

Explanation:

Configuring a Network Time Protocol server allows all devices in the environment to synchronize their system clocks with a consistent and accurate time source, ensuring uniform time across the network.

NEW QUESTION # 209

A user replaces their PC power supply and connects it to the components, but the PC fails to start. What is the most likely cause?

- A. The PSU only works in redundant setups
- B. The wattage is insufficient
- C. The computer requires additional RAM
- D. The 4-pin CPU power connector is not connected

Answer: D

Explanation:

Modern motherboards require both the 24-pin ATX connector and a 4-pin or 8-pin CPU power connector. If the CPU power connector is not attached, the motherboard will receive power but the system will not boot. CompTIA A+ specifically lists this as a common mistake after replacing a power supply.

Insufficient wattage may cause instability, but usually the system still attempts to start. RAM does not prevent power-on if missing; instead, the system produces beep codes. Redundant PSUs are used in servers, not standard desktops.

NEW QUESTION # 210

Which of the following internet connection types is primarily used for high-speed internet access in rural areas where traditional broadband services are unavailable?

- A. DSL
- B. Fiber
- C. Satellite
- D. Cable

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation

CompTIA A+ describes satellite internet as:

- * A wireless broadband solution used where wired infrastructure is unavailable.
- * Most common in rural and remote areas.
- * Provides high-speed access where DSL, cable, or fiber cannot be deployed.

Thus, satellite internet is the primary option for rural high-speed access.

Why the other answers are incorrect

A). Fiber - Not available in rural regions due to high installation costs.

C). DSL - Requires phone lines and is distance-limited; rarely available in remote areas.

D). Cable - Requires existing cable TV infrastructure; usually not available rurally.

Final Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 211

A company is separating its accounting department 's network from its customer service department 's network. Which of the following will accomplish this task?

- A. DHCP
- B. VPN
- **C. VLAN**
- D. DNS

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract (Aligned With CompTIA A+ 220-1201 Study Guide) CompTIA networking fundamentals describe VLANs (Virtual Local Area Networks) as a method to segment network traffic logically, even while using the same physical switch hardware.

A VLAN allows a company to:

Separate traffic by department

Improve security

Reduce broadcast domains

Control inter-department access

To separate accounting and customer service networks, VLANs are the industry-standard and the CompTIA- approved method.

Why the other options are incorrect

A). VPN - Used for secure remote connections, not internal LAN segmentation.

B). DNS - Resolves hostnames to IPs, not used for network separation.

D). DHCP - Assigns IP addresses; does not isolate network groups.

Final answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 212

A user reports that their desktop PC does not turn on. Which of the following components would most likely cause the issue?

- A. CPU
- B. GPU
- C. RAM
- **D. PSU**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation:

If a desktop fails to power on entirely, the most probable cause is a faulty Power Supply Unit (PSU). If there are no lights, fans, or POST beeps, the PSU may have failed, cutting off all power to the motherboard and components.

* Option B (GPU): Could prevent video output, but the system would still power on and beep.

* Option C (RAM): Missing or faulty RAM would cause POST errors but not prevent startup entirely.

* Option D (CPU): A bad CPU may cause POST failure, but the system would usually at least power on.

* Objective 3.5: Given a scenario, troubleshoot problems related to motherboards, RAM, CPU, and power.

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