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EC-COUNCIL Certified SOC Analyst (CSA) Sample Questions (Q194-Q199):

NEW QUESTION # 194

Daniel is a member of an IRT, which was started recently in a company named Mesh Tech. He wanted to find the purpose and scope of the planned incident response capabilities.

What is he looking for?

- A. Incident Response Vision
- B. Incident Response Intelligence
- C. Incident Response Resources
- **D. Incident Response Mission**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Daniel is seeking to understand the Incident Response Mission, which outlines the purpose and scope of the incident response capabilities within his organization. The mission statement typically defines the primary objectives and the intended direction for the incident response team (IRT). It serves as a guiding principle for the IRT's operations, helping to align their activities with the broader goals of the organization's security posture.

References: The EC-Council's Certified SOC Analyst (CSA) program provides extensive knowledge on SOC operations, including the fundamentals of incident response. The CSA certification emphasizes the importance of understanding the mission of incident response as part of a SOC analyst's role¹. Additionally, EC-Council's resources on incident response highlight the significance of having a clear mission to guide the incident handling process².

NEW QUESTION # 195

Rinni, SOC analyst, while monitoring IDS logs detected events shown in the figure below.

□ What does this event log indicate?

- **A. Parameter Tampering Attack**
- B. Directory Traversal Attack
- C. XSS Attack
- D. SQL Injection Attack

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 196

Which of the following data source can be used to detect the traffic associated with Bad Bot User-Agents?

- A. Windows Event Log
- **B. Web Server Logs**
- C. Router Logs
- D. Switch Logs

Answer: B

Explanation:

Bad bots are automated software that perform tasks over the internet, which can sometimes be malicious, like scraping data, spamming, or carrying out credential stuffing attacks. To detect the traffic associated with BadBot User-Agents, web server logs are the most effective data source. These logs record all the requests made to the web server, including the User-Agent string that identifies the type of client making the request.

By analyzing these logs, SOC analysts can identify patterns and behaviors indicative of bad bots, such as high request rates, unusual access patterns, or known malicious User-Agent strings.

References: The EC-Council's Certified SOC Analyst (CSA) program covers the fundamentals of SOC operations, including log management and correlation, which is essential for detecting bad bots. The CSA certification program provides the knowledge required to use various tools and techniques for monitoring and analyzing web server logs for potential threats. For more detailed information, refer to the official EC-Council SOC Analyst study guides and training resources¹²³⁴.

NEW QUESTION # 197

You are a SOC analyst on duty during a high-severity incident involving a DDoS attack targeting your organization's e-commerce platform. The attack disrupts online transactions. Using SIEM tools and packet capture systems, you identify unusual traffic patterns and trace activity back to command-and-control (C2) servers directing a botnet. Your goal is to recommend an eradication strategy that will sever the attackers' control over infected devices and halt the attack. Which strategy should your team implement?

- A. Blocking potential attacks
- B. Disabling botnets
- **C. Neutralizing handlers**
- D. Rate limiting

Answer: C

Explanation:

"Neutralizing handlers" is the best match because it focuses on disrupting the botnet's command-and-control layer that coordinates the attack. In classic botnet terminology, handlers (or C2 nodes) issue instructions to compromised hosts. If you can block, sinkhole, or otherwise disrupt communication to those controlling nodes, you reduce the adversary's ability to direct traffic and sustain the DDoS. Rate limiting is a useful mitigation to reduce immediate impact on your services, but it does not sever attacker control; it is more a resilience measure than eradication. "Blocking potential attacks" is too generic and describes a broad defensive posture rather than a specific botnet-focused eradication action. "Disabling botnets" is an outcome, but it is not a precise operational strategy in the way "neutralizing handlers" is; disabling a botnet often requires a combination of takedowns, sinkholing, upstream provider coordination, and endpoint remediation- activities that are commonly operationalized by targeting the handler/C2 infrastructure. From a SOC standpoint, this also aligns with coordinated response: implement network blocks, collaborate with ISP/CDN, and use threat intel to identify additional C2 endpoints while continuing service-level mitigations.

NEW QUESTION # 198

Which of the following formula is used to calculate the EPS of the organization?

- A. $EPS = \text{average number of correlated events} / \text{time in seconds}$
- **B. $EPS = \text{number of correlated events} / \text{time in seconds}$**
- C. $EPS = \text{number of security events} / \text{time in seconds}$
- D. $EPS = \text{number of normalized events} / \text{time in seconds}$

Answer: B

Explanation:

In the context of a Security Operations Center (SOC), EPS typically refers to "Events Per Second," which is a measure of the number of security events processed in one second. The correct formula for calculating EPS in a SOC environment is the number of correlated events divided by the time in seconds. Correlated events are those that have been analyzed and aggregated by the SOC's security information and event management (SIEM) system, indicating a potential security incident. This metric helps in understanding the operational load and performance of the SOC.

References: The information is aligned with the EC-Council's Certified SOC Analyst (CSA) course material and best practices, which emphasize the importance of understanding and managing SOC operational metrics such as EPS for effective security monitoring and incident response¹².

NEW QUESTION # 199

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