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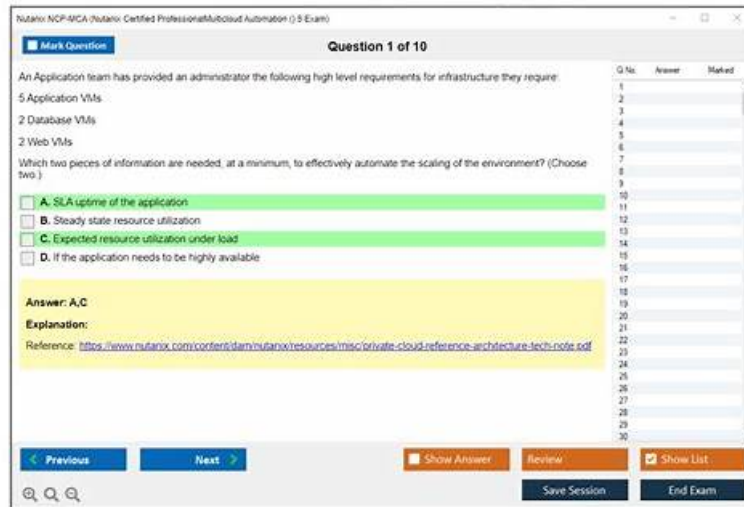

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Nutanix NCP-MCA Valid Test Objectives, NCP-MCA Valid Dumps Sheet

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Nutanix Certified Professional - Multicloud Automation (NCP-MCA 6.10) Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34
What will a Quota Policy monitor and enforce?

- A. VM Power state, NIC count, IOPs
- B. Self-Service Application and Replication
- C. Self-Service Blueprint and Runbook count
- D. VM vCPU, Memory, Disk size

Answer: D

Explanation:
In Nutanix Self-Service (Calm), a Quota Policy limits the total infrastructure resources that can be consumed by a Project.5 When configuring a Project, the administrator sets limits for the following specific resources:
* vCPUs:The total number of virtual CPUs allocated to VMs in the project.
* Memory:The total amount of RAM (in GiB) allocated to VMs.
* Disk:The total storage capacity (in GiB) allocated to VMs.
These quotas are enforced during the provisioning process. If a user attempts to launch a blueprint that would cause the project to exceed these defined limits (vCPU, Memory, or Disk), the deployment will fail. Quotas do not monitor IOPs, NIC counts, or the number of blueprints stored.

NEW QUESTION # 35
Prism Central reporting indicates that there are multiple memory-constrained VMs in multiple clusters. The target VMs have Memory Hot Add enabled.
Using X-Play, in what order should the Playbook actions be added to ensure the VMs are properly remediated?

- A. VM add Memory, Take a VM Snapshot, Resolve Alert
- B. Power off VM, Take a VM Snapshot, VM add Memory, Resolve Alert
- C. Take a VM Snapshot, Power Off VM, VM Add Memory, Resolve Alert, Power on VM
- D. Take a VM Snapshot, VM add Memory, Resolve Alert

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 36
A DevOps team is using Self-Service to manage its test environment. They want to allow developers to request the deployment of their own development VMs from the marketplace and manage day-2 operations without giving them full administrative access to Self-Service.
Which is the appropriate role to achieve this requirement?

- A. Consumer
- B. Developer
- C. Project Admin
- D. Operator

Answer: A

Explanation:
Nutanix Self-Service defines several user roles, each with specific permissions.
Documentation describes theConsumerrole as:
* Allowed todeploy applications from the Marketplace or assigned blueprints
* Allowed to performday-2 operations(power actions, snapshots, etc.)
* Restricted from modifying blueprints, environments, or project configurations
* Ideal for end users who need access to deploy and manage their workloadswithout administrator capabilities This matches exactly what the DevOps team requires.
Why the other roles are incorrect
* Developer (A):Can modify blueprints and environments - too much privilege.
* Project Admin (C):Full control over project resources - far more access than needed.
* Operator (D):Used for automation and operational oversight, not end-user VM deployment.
Thus,Consumer (B)is the correct and intended role.

NEW QUESTION # 37

Create Alert Policy

Entity Type

VM

Entity

All VMs in a Category

Environnement:Production

Metric

Memory Usage

Impact Type

Performance

Impact Type

Performance

Policy Name

VM High Memory Usage

Description 'Optional

☑ Auto resolve alerts ⓘ
☑ Enable Policy

Behavioral Anomaly ⓘ

☑ ○ Every time there is an anomaly, alert Warning

☐ ○ Ignore all anomalies between

Static Threshold

☑ ○ Alert Critical if <= ∨ % or >= ∨ 90 %

☐ ○ Alert Warning if <= ∨ % or >= ∨ %

Trigger alert if conditions persist for 10 Minutes

Trigger alert if conditions persist for 10 Minutes

A company has the following departments:
HR
Accounting
Support
Sales
e-commerce
An administrator has created a Playbook that will add memory to the affected VMS when the configured alert is triggered.
Which VMS will get more memory?

- A. All the VMS from Sales
- B. Production VMS from Support and eCommerce
- C. Production VMS from the eCommerce department
- D. All the VMS categorized as Production.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 38

An administrator notices that a Playbook meant to delete VMs categorized as Expired is not executing, even though the category is correctly applied. The Playbook is enabled and shows no errors in the execution history.

What is the most likely cause of the issue?

- A. The VM does not belong to a Project with Self-Service enabled.
- B. The Playbook does not have the correct execution context.
- C. The category was applied after the Playbook was disabled.
- D. The Playbook trigger is not properly associated with a Project.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Playbooks in Intelligent Operations (X-Play) areEvent-Driven. They execute strictly when a specific event (trigger) occurswhilethe playbook is active.

* The Scenario:The administrator sees the category Expired is present on the VM, and the Playbook is currently enabled.
* The Cause (Option B):If the category was applied to the VMwhile the Playbook was disabled(or before it was created), the system generated the "Category Assigned" event, but the Playbook was not listening for it at that time.
* Consequence:When the administrator later enables the Playbook, it does not retroactively scan for existing VMs with that category; it only waits fornewassignment events. Since the event was missed, no execution record exists.
* To fix this, the administrator would need to re-apply the category (remove and add) while the Playbook is enabled to generate a new event.

NEW QUESTION # 39

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