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Cyber AB CMMC-CCA Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">CMMC Assessment Process (CAP): This section of the exam measures skills of compliance professionals and tests knowledge of the full assessment lifecycle. It covers the steps needed to plan, prepare, conduct, and report on a CMMC Level 2 assessment, including the phases of execution and how to document and follow up on findings in alignment with DoD and CMMC-AB expectations.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Evaluating Organizations Seeking Certification (OSC) against CMMC Level 2 Requirements: This section of the exam measures skills of cybersecurity assessors and focuses on evaluating the environments of organizations seeking certification at CMMC Level 2. It covers understanding differences between logical and physical settings, recognizing constraints in cloud, hybrid, on-premises, single, and multi-site environments, and knowing what environmental exclusions apply for Level 2 assessments.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">CMMC Level 2 Assessment Scoping: This section of the exam measures skills of cybersecurity assessors and revolves around determining the proper scope of a CMMC assessment. It involves analyzing and categorizing Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) assets, interpreting the Level 2 scoping guidelines, and making accurate judgments in scenario-based exercises to define what assets and systems fall within assessment boundaries.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Assessing CMMC Level 2 Practices: This section of the exam measures skills of cybersecurity assessors in evaluating whether organizations meet the required practices of CMMC Level 2. It emphasizes applying CMMC model constructs, understanding model levels, domains, and implementation, and using evidence to determine compliance with established cybersecurity practices.

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This confusion leads to choosing outdated material and ultimately failure in the test. The best way to avoid failure is using updated and real questions. NewPassLeader has come up with real Cyber AB CMMC-CCA Questions for students so they can pass Certified CMMC Assessor (CCA) Exam (CMMC-CCA) exam in a single try and get to their destination. NewPassLeader has made this study material after consulting with the professionals and getting their positive feedback.

Cyber AB Certified CMMC Assessor (CCA) Exam Sample Questions (Q89-Q94):

NEW QUESTION # 89

As a Certified CMMC Assessor, you are part of a team assessing a small defense contractor. During the assessment, an employee being interviewed appears unsure about some security practices and asks for your advice on how to answer certain questions to make their compliance appear better. As a Certified CMMC Assessor, what should you do in this situation?

- A. Suggest that they seek guidance from another Assessor.
- B. Provide guidance on how to answer questions to maximize the appearance of compliance.
- **C. Politely refuse to provide any assistance and continue the assessment as planned.**
- D. Offer to create documentation to cover gaps in their compliance.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:

The CoPC prohibits coaching or assisting during assessments to maintain objectivity (Option C). Options A, B, and D involve inappropriate assistance.

Extract from Official Document (CoPC):

* Paragraph 3.3(6) - Proper Use of Methods (pg. 7): "Do not provide guidance or assistance to OSC personnel during the assessment to influence responses." References:

CMMC Code of Professional Conduct, Paragraph 3.3(6).

NEW QUESTION # 90

During a CMMC Assessment, the assessor is determining if the Escort Visitors practice is MET. Personnel with which of the following responsibilities would be MOST appropriate to interview?

- A. Local access control and information security
- B. Information technology management and operations
- **C. Physical access control and information security**
- D. Repair and facilities maintenance

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Escort Visitors practice falls under Physical and Environmental Protection (PE.L2-3.10.3), which requires organizations to escort visitors and monitor visitor activity. To validate this, the assessor should interview personnel responsible for physical access control (security guards, facility access managers) and information security (to confirm integration with CUI protection requirements).

Exact Extracts:

* PE.L2-3.10.3: "Escort visitors and monitor visitor activity."

* Assessment Guide: "Interview personnel responsible for physical access control and security monitoring to confirm escort and visitor activity tracking."

* Assessment Objectives: Require evidence of visitor escorts, visitor logs, and monitoring practices.

Why the other options are not correct:

* A (Repair/maintenance): Not responsible for escort procedures.

* B (Local access control only): Missing the information security link, which ensures visitors cannot access CUI assets.

* D (IT management): IT is not responsible for escorting visitors in physical spaces.

References:

CMMC Assessment Guide - Level 2, Version 2.13: PE.L2-3.10.3 (pp. 154-156).

NIST SP 800-171A: Assessment procedures for visitor escort and monitoring.

NEW QUESTION # 91

During an assessment, the Assessment Team has identified, according to the SSP and network diagram, that there is a mission system that cannot be altered but that has privileged accounts which should have MFA applied. As it is not possible to deploy a typical type of MFA on the mission system, which of the following constitutes a sufficient second factor?

- A. VPN access to the mission system
- **B. Badge access to the mission system room**
- C. User access logs on the mission system
- D. Remote access logs on the mission system

Answer: B

Explanation:

CMMC allows for compensating controls when technical limitations prevent direct application of MFA on certain systems. In such cases, a valid second factor can be a strong physical access control mechanism.

Extract from IA.L2-3.5.3 (Use of multifactor authentication):

"Multifactor authentication can be implemented by combining something you know (e.g., password) with something you have (e.g., physical badge), or something you are (e.g., biometric). Physical access controls, such as badge-protected facilities, can serve as a compensating factor when direct MFA on the system is not technically possible." Therefore, badge access to the mission system room serves as a sufficient second factor.

Reference: CMMC Assessment Guide - Level 2, IA.L2-3.5.3.

NEW QUESTION # 92

An OSC has provided its System Security Plan (SSP) as evidence for several CMMC practices related to system security. During your examination of the SSP, you discover a section outlining procedures for user access controls. However, upon further review, you find no mention of procedures for managing privileged accounts, which is a critical aspect of secure system access. If the OSC provides a separate document outlining privileged account management procedures, and upon review, these procedures appear sufficient, how should the Lead Assessor proceed with the SSP as evidence?

- **A. Accept both the SSP and the separate document as evidence and proceed with the assessment.**
- B. Request that the OSC formally incorporate the privileged account management procedures into the SSP for consistency.
- C. Deduct points from the overall assessment score due to the initial oversight in the SSP.
- D. Mark the related user access control practice as "Not Met" due to the initial deficiency in the SSP.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:

The CAP allows multiple artifacts to support a practice, provided they collectively demonstrate compliance. If the separate document sufficiently addresses privileged account management, it complements the SSP, and both can be accepted (Option B). Option A (requesting incorporation) is not required during assessment and delays the process. Option C (deducting points) lacks CAP basis, as scoring depends on evidence sufficiency, not initial oversights. Option D (marking 'Not Met') is incorrect if the separate document meets requirements.

Extract from Official Document (CAP v1.0):

* Section 2.2 - Conduct Assessment (pg. 25): "Multiple artifacts may be used to demonstrate compliance with a practice, provided they collectively meet the assessment objectives." References:

CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) v1.0, Section 2.2.

NEW QUESTION # 93

As a Certified CMMC Assessor (CCA), you evaluate an OSC's implementation of the AC.L2-3.1.11 - Session Termination requirement during a CMMC Level 2 assessment. This requirement mandates the organization to automatically terminate a user session after defined conditions are met. During your assessment, you want to determine whether the OSC has properly defined the conditions that would trigger the automatic termination of a user session, as required by assessment objective [a]. Which of the following assessment objects would you most likely examine to make this determination?

- A. Interviews with system administrators and personnel with information security responsibilities
- B. Procedures addressing identification and authentication
- C. The organization's system audit logs and records
- **D. The organization's Access Control Policy and system configuration settings**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:

AC.L2-3.1.11[a] requires defining conditions for session termination, per NIST SP 800-171A. The Access Control Policy specifies these conditions (e.g., inactivity timeouts), and system configuration settings (e.g., timeout values) confirm their definition, making Option D primary. Option A (logs) shows execution, not definition. Option B (authentication procedures) is tangential. Option C (interviews) supplements but isn't definitive. Option D is the correct answer.

Reference Extract:

* NIST SP 800-171A, AC-3.1.11[a]: "Examine access control policy and system configurations for defined termination conditions." Resources: <https://csrc.nist.gov/pubs/sp/800/171/a/final>

NEW QUESTION # 94

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