

BAPv5시험내용 - BAPv5 100%시험패스덤프자료



참고: PassTIP에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 BCS BAPv5 시험 문제집이 있습니다:
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PassTIP에서는 IT인증시험에 관한 모든 덤프를 제공해드립니다. 우선 시험센터에서 정확한 시험코드를 확인하시고 그 코드와 동일한 코드로 되어있는 덤프를 구매하셔서 덤프에 있는 문제와 답을 기억하시면 시험을 쉽게 패스하실수 있습니다.BAPv5시험은 IT인증시험중에서 많은 인기를 가지고 있는 시험입니다.BAPv5시험을 패스하여 자격증을 취득하시면 취업이나 승진에 많은 가산점이 되어드릴것입니다.

BCS BAPv5 시험요강:

| 주제 | 소개 |
|------|---|
| 주제 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establishing the Target State: In this section, the topics covered include utilizing a business activity mode and how to pinpoint the five activities included in a BAMExplain the three types of business events. |
| 주제 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyzing the Current State: This section of the exam covers choosing the most viable method methods to research the business situation and how to utilize tools to represent the current business situation. |
| 주제 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analysing and Managing Stakeholders: In this section of the exam, the topics covered explain the activities required to engage stakeholders. It also covers identifying generic stakeholder categories using the stakeholder wheel and how to utilize the CATWOE technique to analyze stakeholder perspectives. |
| 주제 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Designing and Defining the Solution: In this exam, the topics covered include how to identify the stages of Design Thinking, defining the utilization of divergent and convergent thinking, and gap analysis. |

>> BAPv5시험내용 <<

100% 유효한 BAPv5시험내용 최신덤프공부

PassTIP에는 전문적인 업계인사들이BCS BAPv5시험문제와 답에 대하여 연구하여, 시험준비중인 여러분들한테 유용하고 필요한 시험가이드를 제공합니다. 만약PassTIP의 제품을 구매하려면, 우리PassTIP에서는 아주 디테일 한 설명과 최신버전 최고품질의자료를 즉석중율이 높은 문제와 답을제공합니다.BCS BAPv5자료는 충분한 시험대비자료가 될 것입니다. 안심하시고 PassTIP가 제공하는 상품을 사용하시고, 100%통과 율을 확신합니다.

최신 Business Analysis BAPv5 무료샘플문제 (Q72-Q77):

질문 # 72

EcoBags is a company that designs and makes eco-friendly shopping bags foe various clients An Internal analysis of the business has revealed the following information about the company.

a) Recent investment in new machinery will enable the company to continue its innovation programme b) Feedback from customers and an increase in sales suggests that Leo Bugs is recognised as a quality brand c) The number of staff currently employed in the company is sufficient to meet expected future growth d) The ability of EcoBags to respond quickly to new market demands has earned it an innovation award.
e) The company has significant retained profits, which will help fund the innovation programme.
Which of these would be considered as 'tangible' resources in a resource audit?

- A. c, d, and e
- **B. a, c and e.**
- C. a, b and d.
- D. b, c, and e.

정답: B

설명:

A resource audit is a technique for identifying and evaluating the resources that an organisation has or needs to achieve its objectives. It helps to assess the availability and quality of an organisation's resources, such as human, physical, financial and intangible resources. Therefore, option C is the correct answer, as it identifies which of these would be considered as 'tangible' resources in a resource audit. Tangible resources are resources that have physical existence and can be seen or touched by human senses. Examples of tangible resources are machinery, equipment, buildings, materials, money etc. Option A identifies 'a' (recent investment in new machinery), 'c' (the number of staff currently employed in the company) and 'e' (the company has significant retained profits) as tangible resources in a resource audit. These are correct examples of tangible resources in a resource audit, as they have physical existence and can be seen or touched by human senses. Option B identifies 'b' (feedback from customers and an increase in sales), 'c' (the number of staff currently employed in the company) and 'e' (the company has significant retained profits) as tangible resources in a resource audit. These are incorrect examples of tangible resources in a resource audit, as 'b' (feedback from customers and an increase in sales) is an intangible resource, not a tangible resource. Intangible resources are resources that have no physical existence and cannot be seen or touched by human senses. Examples of intangible resources are reputation, brand, knowledge, skills etc. Option D identifies 'c' (the number of staff currently employed in the company), 'd' (the ability of EcoBags to respond quickly to new market demands) and 'e' (the company has significant retained profits) as tangible resources in a resource audit. These are incorrect examples of tangible resources in a resource audit, as 'd' (the ability of EcoBags to respond quickly to new market demands) is an intangible resource, not a tangible resource.

질문 # 73

Pigeon Parcels is a delivery company that wants to understand, at a high level, where it has gaps in the activities it currently carries out.

Which of the following would be the best approach to documenting the desired state?

- **A. Create a Business Activity Model.**
- B. Define the business case.
- C. Design "to be" business processes.
- D. Capture stakeholder views using CATWOE.

정답: A

설명:

To understand gaps at a high level in the activities a business performs, the best way to document the desired state is a Business Activity Model (BAM). The documentation explains that gap analysis compares a current state with a desired future state and that a BAM provides a conceptual overview of the desired future business system-showing what activities should exist to fulfil a stakeholder perspective (or an agreed consensus perspective).

This makes the BAM ideal for identifying "activity gaps" because the analyst can examine each activity on the desired-state BAM and assess whether it exists today, whether it operates satisfactorily, whether it is inadequate, or whether it is missing completely. The text explicitly states that the conceptual nature of the BAM helps the analyst see where the current business system is lacking and that gaps can vary by activity (some may be fine, others weak, others absent).

Option B ("to be" process models) is useful, but it is a more detailed view that focuses on how work is carried out rather than providing a conceptual "what activities should exist" overview. CATWOE (C) helps capture and analyse stakeholder perspectives, but it is not, by itself, the best way to document the desired activity set at high level. A business case (D) justifies change; it doesn't define the activity-based desired operating picture.

질문 # 74

EcoBags is a company that designs and makes eco-friendly shopping bags for various clients. An internal analysis of the business has revealed the following information about the company.

a) Recent investment in new machinery will enable the company to continue its innovation programme
b) Feedback from customers and an increase in sales suggests that EcoBags is recognised as a quality brand
c) The number of staff currently employed in the company is sufficient to meet expected future growth
d) The ability of EcoBags to respond quickly to new market demands has earned it an innovation award.

e) The company has significant retained profits, which will help fund the innovation programme.

Which of these would be considered as 'tangible' resources in a resource audit?

- A. c, d, and e
- **B. a, c and e.**
- C. a, b and d.
- D. b, c, and e.

정답: B

설명:

Explanation

A resource audit is a technique for identifying and evaluating the resources that an organisation has or needs to achieve its objectives. It helps to assess the availability and quality of an organisation's resources, such as human, physical, financial and intangible resources. Therefore, option C is the correct answer, as it identifies which of these would be considered as 'tangible' resources in a resource audit. Tangible resources are resources that have physical existence and can be seen or touched by human senses.

Examples of tangible resources are machinery, equipment, buildings, materials, money etc. Option A identifies 'a' (recent investment in new machinery), 'c' (the number of staff currently employed in the company) and 'e' (the company has significant retained profits) as tangible resources in a resource audit. These are correct examples of tangible resources in a resource audit, as they have physical existence and can be seen or touched by human senses. Option B identifies 'b' (feedback from customers and an increase in sales), 'c' (the number of staff currently employed in the company) and 'e' (the company has significant retained profits) as tangible resources in a resource audit. These are incorrect examples of tangible resources in a resource audit, as 'b' (feedback from customers and an increase in sales) is an intangible resource, not a tangible resource.

Intangible resources are resources that have no physical existence and cannot be seen or touched by human senses. Examples of intangible resources are reputation, brand, knowledge, skills etc. Option D identifies 'c' (the number of staff currently employed in the company), 'd' (the ability of EcoBags to respond quickly to new market demands) and 'e' (the company has significant retained profits) as tangible resources in a resource audit. These are incorrect examples of tangible resources in a resource audit, as 'd' (the ability of EcoBags to respond quickly to new market demands) is an intangible resource, not a tangible resource.

References: BCS Practitioner Certificate in BAP Specimen, page 34.

질문 # 75

The innovation center of a company has created a new reporting tool. The senior management initially supported its introduction into the business; however, end users in one business area are unwilling to adopt the new tool, as they perceive that it is unnecessary.

One of the end users in this business area has been very vocal and has been rallying support from others through a corporate social media tool. End users in other business areas are also beginning to question whether they should adopt the tool and raising this issue with their managers.

The sponsor has fully supported the decision to go ahead with the new tool, but senior management is now questioning his decision, due to comments from the operational staff. How would the end users be classified on a power/interest grid?

- A. High interest, some power.
- B. Some interest, high power
- C. Low interest, some power
- **D. High interest, low power**

정답: D

설명:

The end users are classified as high interest, low power on a power/interest grid. This is because they are directly affected by the new reporting tool and have a strong preference for not using it, but they do not have much authority or influence to change the project decision or outcome. Option A is the correct answer.

Reference:

How To Manage Stakeholders With a Power Interest Grid | Indeed.com UK

Stakeholder Analysis using the Power Interest Grid - ProjectManagement.com

질문 # 76

The business case for project XCON has been signed off and money has been allocated. The business analyst on the project wants to understand who the stakeholders are, how much authority they have, and how much involvement they want in the project so that a stakeholder management plan can be created.

Which technique SHOULD the business analyst use to gain this understanding?

- A. Resource audit
- **B. Power / Interest Grid.**
- C. RACI chart
- D. CATWOE

정답: B

설명:

A Power / Interest Grid is a technique for analysing and managing stakeholders based on their level of power and interest in an organisation or project. It helps to identify who are the key stakeholders and how they should be engaged and communicated with. Therefore, option B is the correct answer, as a Power / Interest Grid would help the business analyst to gain an understanding of who the stakeholders are, how much authority they have, and how much involvement they want in the project so that a stakeholder management plan can be created. A Power / Interest Grid would help to classify stakeholders into four categories based on their level of power and interest: high power, high interest; high power, low interest; low power, high interest; low power, low interest. A Power / Interest Grid would help to determine different stakeholder management strategies for each category: active and constant management; keep satisfied; keep informed; watch. Option A is not a correct answer, as CATWOE is not a technique for analysing and managing stakeholders based on their level of power and interest. CATWOE is a technique for exploring stakeholder business perspectives by identifying six elements: Customer, Actor, Transformation, Worldview, Owner and Environment. It helps to understand how different stakeholders perceive a business situation or problem and what they expect from a solution. Option C is not a correct answer, as RACI chart is not a technique for analysing and managing stakeholders based on their level of power and interest. RACI chart is a technique for defining roles and responsibilities of stakeholders in relation to tasks or activities within an organisation or project. It helps to identify who are Responsible, Accountable, Consulted or Informed for each task or activity. Option D is not a correct answer, as resource audit is not a technique for analysing and managing stakeholders based on their level of power and interest. Resource audit is a technique for identifying and evaluating the resources that an organisation has or needs to achieve its objectives. It helps to assess the availability and quality of an organisation's resources, such as human, physical, financial and intangible resources.

질문 # 77

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힘든BCS BAPv5시험패스도 간단하게! PassTIP의 전문가들은BCS BAPv5 최신시험문제를 연구하여 시험대비에 딱 맞는BCS BAPv5덤프를 출시하였습니다. PassTIP덤프를 구매하시면 많은 정력을 기울이지 않으셔도 시험을 패스하여 자격증 취득이 가능합니다. PassTIP의 BCS BAPv5덤프로 자격증 취득의 꿈을 이루어보세요.

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참고: PassTIP에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료, 최신 BAPv5 시험 문제집이 있습니다: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Y0BgSEDCXb7QCipHSnRD9vgQ2kfk2hpp>