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CompTIA CAS-005 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Security Architecture: This domain focuses on analyzing requirements to design resilient systems, including the configuration of firewalls and intrusion detection systems.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Security Operations: This domain is designed for CompTIA security architects and covers analyzing data to support monitoring and response activities, as well as assessing vulnerabilities and recommending solutions to reduce attack surfaces. Candidates will apply threat-hunting techniques and utilize threat intelligence concepts to enhance operational security.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Security Engineering: This section measures the skills of CompTIA security architects that involve troubleshooting common issues related to identity and access management (IAM) components within an enterprise environment. Candidates will analyze requirements to enhance endpoint and server security while implementing hardware security technologies. This domain also emphasizes the importance of advanced cryptographic concepts in securing systems.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Governance, Risk, and Compliance: This section of the exam measures the skills of CompTIA security architects that cover the implementation of governance components based on organizational security requirements, including developing policies, procedures, and standards. Candidates will learn about managing security programs, including awareness training on phishing and social engineering.

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SecurityX Certification Exam (CAS-005) exam dumps are useful for preparation and a complete source of knowledge. If you are a full-time job holder and facing problems finding time to prepare for the CompTIA CAS-005 Exam Questions, you shouldn't worry more about it.

CompTIA SecurityX Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q318-Q323):

NEW QUESTION # 318

A senior security engineer flags the following log file snippet as having likely facilitated an attacker's lateral movement in a recent breach:

```
qry_source: 19.27.214.22 TCP/53
qry_dest: 199.105.22.13 TCP/53
qry_type: AXFR
| in comptia.org
----- directoryserver1 A 10.80.8.10
----- directoryserver2 A 10.80.8.11
----- directoryserver3 A 10.80.8.12
----- internal-dns A 10.80.9.1
----- www-int A 10.80.9.3
----- fshare A 10.80.9.4
----- sip A 10.80.9.5
----- msn-crit-apcs A 10.81.22.33
```

Which of the following solutions, if implemented, would mitigate the risk of this issue reoccurring?

- A. Permitting only clients from internal networks to query DNS
- B. Implementing DNS masking on internal servers
- C. Restricting DNS traffic to UDP/53
- **D. Disabling DNS zone transfers**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed

The log shows an AXFR (zone transfer) query, which exposed internal DNS records, aiding lateral movement. Let's evaluate:

A . Disabling DNS zone transfers: AXFR allows full DNS zone data to be transferred. Disabling it externally prevents attackers from mapping internal networks, directly mitigating this issue per CAS-005's security operations focus.

B . Restricting to UDP/53: AXFR uses TCP/53, so this wouldn't stop it.

C . DNS masking: Obscures records but isn't a standard term for this fix.

D . Internal-only queries: Helps but doesn't fully prevent external AXFR if misconfigured.

NEW QUESTION # 319

An organization wants to create a threat model to identify vulnerabilities in its infrastructure. Which of the following, should be prioritized first?

- **A. External-facing Infrastructure with known exploited vulnerabilities**
- B. Internal infrastructure with high-severity and Known exploited vulnerabilities
- C. External-facing infrastructure with a high risk score that can only be exploited with local access to the resource
- D. External facing Infrastructure with a low risk score and no known exploited vulnerabilities

Answer: A

Explanation:

When creating a threat model to identify vulnerabilities in an organization's infrastructure, prioritizing external-facing infrastructure with known exploited vulnerabilities is critical. Here's why:

Exposure to Attack: External-facing infrastructure is directly exposed to the internet, making it a primary target for attackers. Any vulnerabilities in this layer pose an immediate risk to the organization's security.

Known Exploited Vulnerabilities: Vulnerabilities that are already known and exploited in the wild are of higher concern because they are actively being used by attackers. Addressing these vulnerabilities reduces the risk of exploitation significantly.

Risk Mitigation: By prioritizing external-facing infrastructure with known exploited vulnerabilities, the organization can mitigate the most immediate and impactful threats, thereby improving overall security posture.

NEW QUESTION # 320

An organization determines existing business continuity practices are inadequate to support critical internal process dependencies during a contingency event. A compliance analyst wants the Chief Information Officer (CIO) to identify the level of residual risk that is acceptable to guide remediation activities. Which of the following does the CIO need to clarify?

- A. Impact
- B. Mitigation
- C. Appetite
- D. Likelihood

Answer: C

Explanation:

Understanding Residual Risk:

Residual risk is the amount of risk remaining after controls and mitigations have been applied.

Risk appetite defines the level of risk an organization is willing to accept before taking additional actions.

Why Option D is Correct:

The CIO must clarify the organization's "Risk Appetite" to determine how much residual risk is acceptable.

If risk exceeds the appetite, additional security measures need to be implemented.

This aligns with ISO 31000 and NIST Risk Management Framework (RMF).

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

A (Mitigation): Mitigation refers to reducing risk, but it doesn't define the acceptable level of residual risk.

B (Impact): Impact assessment measures potential damage, but it does not determine what is acceptable.

C (Likelihood): Likelihood is the probability of risk occurring, but not what level is acceptable.

Reference:

CompTIA SecurityX CAS-005 Official Study Guide: Risk Management & Business Continuity NIST SP 800-37: Risk Management Framework ISO 27005: Risk Tolerance & Acceptance

NEW QUESTION # 321

A security engineer must resolve a vulnerability in a deprecated version of Python for a custom-developed flight simulation application that is monitored and controlled remotely. The source code is proprietary and built with Python functions running on the Ubuntu operating system. Version control is not enabled for the application in development or production. However, the application must remain online in the production environment using built-in features. Which of the following solutions best reduces the attack surface of these issues and meets the outlined requirements?

- A. Configure version designation within the Python interpreter. Update Python with aptitude, and update modules with pip in a test environment. Deploy the solution to production.
- B. Configure code-signing within the CI/CD pipeline, update Python with aptitude, and update modules with pip in a test environment. Deploy the solution to production.
- C. Enable branch protection in the GitHub repository. Update Python with aptitude, and update modules with pip in a test environment. Deploy the solution to production.
- D. Use an NFS network share. Update Python with aptitude, and update modules with pip in a test environment. Deploy the solution to production.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Code-signing within the CI/CD pipeline ensures that only verified and signed code is deployed, mitigating the risk of supply chain attacks. Updating Python with aptitude and updating modules with pip ensures vulnerabilities are patched. Deploying the solution to production after testing maintains application availability while securing the development lifecycle.

* Branch protection (B) applies only to version-controlled environments, which is not the case here.

* NFS network share (C) does not address the deprecated Python vulnerability.

* Version designation (D) does not eliminate security risks from outdated dependencies.

Reference: CompTIA SecurityX (CAS-005) Exam Objectives- Domain 3.0 (Security Engineering), Section on Software Assurance and Secure Development

NEW QUESTION # 322

Users are experiencing a variety of issues when trying to access corporate resources examples include

- * Connectivity issues between local computers and file servers within branch offices
- * Inability to download corporate applications on mobile endpoints while working remotely
- * Certificate errors when accessing internal web applications

Which of the following actions are the most relevant when troubleshooting the reported issues? (Select two).

- A. Restore static content on lite CDN.
- **B. Validate MDM asset compliance**
- C. Implement advanced WAF rules.
- D. Check IPS rules
- E. Enable secure authentication using NAC
- **F. Review VPN throughput**

Answer: B,F

Explanation:

The reported issues suggest problems related to network connectivity, remote access, and certificate management:

A . Review VPN throughput: Connectivity issues and the inability to download applications while working remotely may be due to VPN bandwidth or performance issues. Reviewing and optimizing VPN throughput can help resolve these problems by ensuring that remote users have adequate bandwidth for accessing corporate resources.

F . Validate MDM asset compliance: Mobile Device Management (MDM) systems ensure that mobile endpoints comply with corporate security policies. Validating MDM compliance can help address issues related to the inability to download applications and certificate errors, as non-compliant devices might be blocked from accessing certain resources.

B . Check IPS rules: While important for security, IPS rules are less likely to directly address the connectivity and certificate issues described.

C . Restore static content on the CDN: This action is related to content delivery but does not address VPN or certificate-related issues.

D . Enable secure authentication using NAC: Network Access Control (NAC) enhances security but does not directly address the specific issues described.

E . Implement advanced WAF rules: Web Application Firewalls protect web applications but do not address VPN throughput or mobile device compliance.

Reference:

CompTIA Security+ Study Guide

NIST SP 800-77, "Guide to IPsec VPNs"

CIS Controls, "Control 11: Secure Configuration for Network Devices"

NEW QUESTION # 323

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