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HP Aruba Certified Network Security Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q98-Q103):

NEW QUESTION # 98

Which issue can an HPE Aruba Networking Secure Web Gateway (SWG) solution help customers address?

- A. Remote workers need access to private data center applications without exposing those applications to unauthorized users.
- B. The organization currently has no way to prevent users from exfiltrating sensitive data from SaaS applications.
- C. The organization needs a faster way to quarantine clients that have generated threats, as detected by third-party firewalls.
- D. Hybrid workers are exposing their computers to risky internet sites and infection by malware when they work from home.

Answer: D

Explanation:

An HPE Aruba Networking Secure Web Gateway (SWG) is designed to provide secure internet access by monitoring and controlling web traffic. It primarily focuses on protecting users from malicious content and ensuring compliance with corporate security policies, particularly for hybrid and remote workers.

Explanation of Each Option

A: The organization needs a faster way to quarantine clients that have generated threats, as detected by third-party firewalls.

* Incorrect:

* Quarantining clients based on detected threats is typically managed by endpoint detection and response (EDR) solutions or next-generation firewalls (NGFWs).

* While an SWG can monitor and block risky web activity, it does not manage threat quarantine actions directly.

B: Hybrid workers are exposing their computers to risky internet sites and infection by malware when they work from home.

* Correct:

* SWGs monitor and control web traffic to block malicious websites and prevent exposure to malware.

* They enforce web usage policies even when users work remotely, protecting against phishing, drive-by downloads, and other web-based threats.

* With the proliferation of hybrid work environments, an SWG ensures that users are protected from risky sites regardless of their location.

C: Remote workers need access to private data center applications without exposing those applications to unauthorized users.

* Incorrect:

* This use case falls under secure access service edge (SASE) solutions with Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA), not an SWG.

* ZTNA focuses on granting secure, conditional access to applications, while SWGs focus on internet traffic security.

D: The organization currently has no way to prevent users from exfiltrating sensitive data from SaaS applications.

* Incorrect:

* Data loss prevention (DLP) tools or cloud access security brokers (CASBs) are designed for monitoring and preventing data exfiltration from SaaS applications.

* While SWGs can block access to specific websites or categories, they do not offer advanced DLP capabilities for SaaS environments.

References

* Aruba Secure Web Gateway Documentation.

* HPE Aruba SASE Solutions Guide.

* Best Practices for Hybrid Workforce Security with Aruba SWG.

NEW QUESTION # 99

A company has HPE Aruba Networking APs running AOS-10 and managed by HPE Aruba Networking Central. The company also has AOS-CX switches. The security team wants you to capture traffic from a particular wireless client. You should capture this client's traffic over a 15-minute time period and then send the traffic to them in a PCAP file. What should you do?

- A. Go to the client's AP in HPE Aruba Networking Central. Use the "Security" page to run a packet capture.
- B. Go to that client in HPE Aruba Networking Central. Use the "Live Events" page to run a packet capture.
- C. Access the CLI for the client's AP. Set up a mirroring session between its radio and a management station running Wireshark.
- D. Access the CLI for the client's AP's switch. Set up a mirroring session between the AP's port and a management station running Wireshark.

Answer: A

Explanation:

* Packet Capture in Aruba Central:

* Aruba Central provides tools for remote packet captures directly from the APs.

* On the "Security" page for the AP, you can initiate a packet capture session, specifying the client device and capture duration.

* The traffic is captured into a PCAP file, which can be downloaded and analyzed using tools like Wireshark.

* Option Analysis:

* Option A: Incorrect. While possible via CLI, Aruba Central provides a simpler method for packet captures.

* Option B: Correct. Aruba Central's "Security" page allows you to capture and export client traffic efficiently.

* Option C: Incorrect. The "Live Events" page focuses on monitoring events, not packet captures.

* Option D: Incorrect. Port mirroring on the switch captures AP traffic but requires more manual configuration and does not isolate client-specific wireless traffic easily.

NEW QUESTION # 100

A company has AOS-CX switches and HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Policy Manager (CPPM). The company wants switches to implement 802.1X authentication to CPPM and download user roles. What is one task that you must complete on CPPM to support this use case?

- A. Upload the switch TPM certificate as a trusted CA certificate with the Others usage.
- B. Export roles on CPPM to a file that uses XML format.
- C. Create an admin account for the switch on CPPM with the HPE Aruba Networking User Role Download privilege level.
- **D. Configure RADIUS enforcement profiles that specify the HPE-User-Role VSA.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

* 802.1X and User Role Download:

* AOS-CX switches use RADIUS attributes to dynamically download user roles from CPPM.

* The HPE-User-Role VSA (Vendor-Specific Attribute) must be configured in the RADIUS enforcement profiles to specify which role the switch should apply.

* Option Analysis:

* Option A: Incorrect. Exporting roles in XML is not needed for dynamic role download.

* Option B: Incorrect. Switches authenticate via RADIUS, not admin accounts with specific privileges.

* Option C: Correct. RADIUS enforcement profiles must include the HPE-User-Role VSA to implement user role download.

* Option D: Incorrect. TPM certificates are unrelated to RADIUS-based user role downloads.

NEW QUESTION # 101

A company is using HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Policy Manager (CPPM) and HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Device Insight (CPDI). CPDI and CPPM are integrated. The security staff wants you to show them a list of all devices that are contacting a specific known command-and-control center.

What should you do?

- A. In CPDI, look in Generic Device clusters based on that destination.
- **B. In CPDI, filter for that destination and save the filter as a tag.**
- C. Use ClearPass Insight to run an Active Endpoint Security report.
- D. In CPPM's Access Tracker, filter for that destination.

Answer: B

Explanation:

CPDI is the correct tool for device behavior and destination-based investigation. If security staff need to identify all devices contacting a known command-and-control destination, CPDI can filter device communication activity by that destination. Saving the filter as a tag lets administrators group those devices and use the tag for follow-up investigation or policy actions through ClearPass integration. CPPM Access Tracker records authentication and authorization events, not full destination-based communication behavior.

ClearPass Insight reporting is useful, but it is not the best direct tool for filtering by a CPDI-observed command-and-control destination. Generic Device clusters are used for classification of unknown devices, not for listing every endpoint contacting a specific malicious destination.

NEW QUESTION # 102

What is one use case that companies can fulfill using HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Policy Manager's (CPPM's) Device Profiler?

- **A. Leveraging artificial intelligence to more accurately identify Internet of Things (IoT) devices**
- B. Quarantining devices that do not have the required antivirus software installed on them
- C. Assigning different AOS firewall roles to users on computers and the same users on smartphones
- D. Identifying device security vulnerabilities by CVE ID and receiving remediation recommendations

Answer: A

