ANS-C01 Valid Test Online - New ANS-C01 Test Price

DOWNLOAD the newest DumpTorrent ANS-C01 PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1ii-ZvF8hJXmf_j75ktIlRqm-vIfjEBti

We all need some professional certificates such as ANS-C01 to prove ourselves in different working or learning condition. So making right decision of choosing useful practice materials is of vital importance. Here we would like to introduce our ANS-C01 practice materials for you with our heartfelt sincerity. With passing rate more than 98 percent from exam candidates who chose our ANS-C01 study guide, we have full confidence that your ANS-C01 exam will be a piece of cake by them.

Amazon ANS-C01 Certification is an excellent way to validate your skills and expertise in networking and AWS technologies. AWS Certified Advanced Networking Specialty Exam certification is designed to test your knowledge and skills in designing and deploying complex networking solutions on the AWS platform. It is an advanced-level certification that requires a deep understanding of various networking concepts. It is a prestigious certification that demonstrates your expertise in networking and AWS technologies.

>> ANS-C01 Valid Test Online <<

100% Pass Quiz 2026 High Hit-Rate ANS-C01: AWS Certified Advanced Networking Specialty Exam Valid Test Online

We also offer our customers with free updates of Amazon Dumps for up to 365 days. Customers can also download a free demo to check the features of our AWS Certified Advanced Networking Specialty Exam (ANS-C01) practice material before making a purchase. The 24/7 support team is always available for your assistance in case of any hitch while using our Amazon ANS-C01 Exam product. Buy updated AWS Certified Advanced Networking Specialty Exam (ANS-C01) practice material of DumpTorrent now and become AWS Certified Advanced Networking Specialty Exam (ANS-C01) certified on the first attempt.

Earning the AWS Certified Advanced Networking Specialty certification can help networking professionals stand out in a competitive job market and demonstrate their expertise in designing and implementing complex networking solutions on AWS. It can also open up new career opportunities and lead to higher salaries.

Amazon AWS Certified Advanced Networking Specialty Exam Sample Questions (Q287-Q292):

NEW QUESTION # 287
A government contractor is designing a multi-account environment with multiple VPCs for a customer. A network security policy requires all traffic between any two VPCs to be transparently inspected by a third-party appliance.
The customer wants a solution that features AWS Transit Gateway. The setup must be highly available across multiple Availability Zones, and the solution needs to support automated failover. Furthermore, asymmetric routing is not supported by the inspection appliances.
Which combination of steps is part of a solution that meets these requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Deploy two clusters that consist of multiple appliances across multiple Availability Zones in a designated inspection VPC. Connect the inspection VPC to the transit gateway by using a VPC attachment. Create a target group, and register the appliances with the target group. Create a Network Load Balancer (NLB), and set it up to forward to the newly created target group. Configure a default route in the inspection VPCs transit gateway subnet toward the NLB.
- B. Deploy two clusters that consist of multiple appliances across multiple Availability Zones in a designated inspection VPC. Connect the inspection VPC to the transit gateway by using a VPC attachment. Create a target group, and register the appliances with the target group. Create a Gateway Load Balancer, and set it up to forward to the newly created target group. Configure a default route in the inspection VPC's transit gateway subnet toward the Gateway Load Balancer endpoint.
- C. Configure two route tables on the transit gateway. Associate one route table with all the attachments of the application VPCs. Associate the other route table with the inspection VPCs attachment. Propagate all VPC attachments into the application route table. Define a static default route in the inspection route table. Enable appliance mode on the attachment that connects the inspection VPC.
- D. Configure one route table on the transit gateway. Associate the route table with all the VPCs. Propagate all VPC attachments into the route table. Define a static default route in the route table.
- E. Configure two route tables on the transit gateway. Associate one route table with all the attachments of the application VPCs. Associate the other route table with the inspection VPC's attachment. Propagate all VPC attachments into the inspection route table. Define a static default route in the application route table. Enable appliance mode on the attachment that connects the inspection VPC.

Answer: B,E

NEW QUESTION # 288
Your website utilizes EC2, S3, ELB-Classic, and CloudFront. Your manager has shifted focus to security and wants you to ensure the site is as secure as possible. What two items could you recommend?
(Choose two.)
Note: Answers to this question are not verified by our experts, please study yourself and select the appropriate answers.
Contribute: Please send the correct answers with reference text/link on feedback@VMexam.com to get up to 50% cashback.
Response:

- A. A WAF on the load balancer.
- B. A WAF on your CloudFront distribution.
- C. An NACL that blocks all ports to your subnets.
- D. A restricted bucket policy.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 289

A company is deploying a new application in the AWS Cloud. The company wants a highly available web server that will sit behind an Elastic Load Balancer. The load balancer will route requests to multiple target groups based on the URL in the request. All traffic must use HTTPS. TLS processing must be offloaded to the load balancer. The web server must know the user's IP address so that the company can keep accurate logs for security purposes.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Deploy an Application Load Balancer with an HTTPS listener. Use path-based routing rules to forward the traffic to the correct target group. Include the X-Forwarded-For request header with traffic to the targets.
- B. Deploy a Network Load Balancer with a TLS listener. Use path-based routing rules to forward the traffic to the correct target group. Configure client IP address preservation for traffic to the targets.
- C. Deploy an Application Load Balancer with an HTTPS listener for each domain. Use host-based routing rules to forward the traffic to the correct target group for each domain. Include the X-Forwarded-For request header with traffic to the targets.
- D. Deploy a Network Load Balancer with a TLS listener for each domain. Use host-based routing rules to forward the traffic to the correct target group for each domain. Configure client IP address preservation for traffic to the targets.

Answer: A

Explanation:
An Application Load Balancer (ALB) can be used to route traffic to multiple target groups based on the URL in the request. The ALB can be configured with an HTTPS listener to ensure all traffic uses HTTPS. TLS processing can be offloaded to the ALB, which reduces the load on the web server. Path-based routing rules can be used to route traffic to the correct target group based on the URL in the request. The X-Forwarded-For request header can be included with traffic to the targets, which will allow the web server to know the user's IP address and keep accurate logs for security purposes.

NEW QUESTION # 290
An organization's Security team has a requirement that all data leaving its on-premises data center be encrypted at the network layer and use dedicated connectivity.
There is also a requirement to centrally log all traffic flow in Amazon VPC environments. An AWS Direct Connect connection has been ordered to build out this design.
What steps should be taken to ensure that connectivity to AWS meets these security requirements?
(Select TWO.)
Response:

- A. Provision a public virtual interface on AWS Direct Connect and set up a VPN to each VPC.
- B. Provision a private virtual interface for each VPC connection
- C. Enable VPC Flow Logs for each VPC
- D. Provision a VPN connection to each VPC over the internet
- E. Use AWS KMS to encrypt traffic between on-premises and AWS

Answer: A,C

NEW QUESTION # 291
A company is using custom DNS servers that run BIND for name resolution in its VPCs. The VPCs are deployed across multiple AWS accounts that are part of the same organization in AWS Organizations. All the VPCs are connected to a transit gateway. The BIND servers are running in a central VPC and are configured to forward all queries for an on-premises DNS domain to DNS servers that are hosted in an on-premises data center. To ensure that all the VPCs use the custom DNS servers, a network engineer has configured a VPC DHCP options set in all the VPCs that specifies the custom DNS servers to be used as domain name servers.
Multiple development teams in the company want to use Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS). A development team has created a new EFS file system but cannot mount the file system to one of its Amazon EC2 instances. The network engineer discovers that the EC2 instance cannot resolve the IP address for the EFS mount point fs-33444567d.efs.us-east-1.amazonaws.com. The network engineer needs to implement a solution so that development teams throughout the organization can mount EFS file systems.
Which combination of steps will meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Create an Amazon Route 53 Resolver inbound endpoint in the central VPUpdate all the VPC DHCP options sets to use the Route 53 Resolver inbound endpoint in the central VPC for name resolution.
- B. Create an Amazon Route 53 Resolver outbound endpoint in the central VPC. Update all the VPC DHCP options sets to use AmazonProvidedDNS for name resolution.

- C. Configure the BIND DNS servers in the central VPC to forward queries for efs.us-east-1.amazonaws.com to the Amazon provided DNS server (169.254.169.253).
- D. Create an Amazon Route 53 private hosted zone for the efs.us-east-1.amazonaws.com domain.Associate the private hosted zone with the VPC where the EC2 instance is deployed. Create an A record for fs-33444567d.efs.us-east-1.amazonaws.com in the private hosted zone. Configure the A record to return the mount target of the EFS mount point.
- E. Create an Amazon Route 53 Resolver rule to forward queries for the on-premises domain to the on-premises DNS servers. Share the rule with the organization by using AWS Resource Access Manager (AWS RAM). Associate the rule with all the VPCs.

Answer: B,E

Explanation:
https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/security/simplify-dns-management-in-a-multiaccount-environment- with-route-53-resolver/ You can mount an Amazon EFS file system on an Amazon EC2 instance using DNS names. The file system DNS name automatically resolves to the mount target's IP address in the Availability Zone of the connecting Amazon EC2 instance. To be able to do that, the VPC must use the default DNS provided by Amazon to resolve EFS DNS names.
If you plan to use EFS in your environment, I recommend that you resolve EFS DNS names locally and avoid sending these queries to central DNS because clients in that case would not receive answers optimized for their availability zone, which might result in higher operation latencies and less durability.

NEW QUESTION # 292
.....