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ISTQB CT-AI Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">systems from those required for conventional systems.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Neural Networks and Testing: This section of the exam covers defining the structure and function of a neural network including a DNN and the different coverage measures for neural networks.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Machine Learning ML: This section includes the classification and regression as part of supervised learning, explaining the factors involved in the selection of ML algorithms, and demonstrating underfitting and overfitting.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ML Functional Performance Metrics: In this section, the topics covered include how to calculate the ML functional performance metrics from a given set of confusion matrices.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Testing AI-Specific Quality Characteristics: In this section, the topics covered are about the challenges in testing created by the self-learning of AI-based systems.

Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ML: Data: This section of the exam covers explaining the activities and challenges related to data preparation. It also covers how to test datasets create an ML model and recognize how poor data quality can cause problems with the resultant ML model.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Test Environments for AI-Based Systems: This section is about factors that differentiate the test environments for AI-based

ISTQB Certified Tester AI Testing Exam Sample Questions (Q90-Q95):

NEW QUESTION # 90

Which ONE of the following characteristics is the least likely to cause safety related issues for an AI system?

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. Self-learning
- B. High complexity
- C. Non-determinism
- D. Robustness**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The question asks which characteristic is least likely to cause safety-related issues for an AI system. Let's evaluate each option:

- * Non-determinism (A): Non-deterministic systems can produce different outcomes even with the same inputs, which can lead to unpredictable behavior and potential safety issues.
- * Robustness (B): Robustness refers to the ability of the system to handle errors, anomalies, and unexpected inputs gracefully. A robust system is less likely to cause safety issues because it can maintain functionality under varied conditions.
- * High complexity (C): High complexity in AI systems can lead to difficulties in understanding, predicting, and managing the system's behavior, which can cause safety-related issues.
- * Self-learning (D): Self-learning systems adapt based on new data, which can lead to unexpected changes in behavior. If not properly monitored and controlled, this can result in safety issues.

References:

- * ISTQB CT-AI Syllabus Section 2.8 on Safety and AI discusses various factors affecting the safety of AI systems, emphasizing the importance of robustness in maintaining safe operation.

NEW QUESTION # 91

"BioSearch" is creating an AI model used for predicting cancer occurrence via examining X-Ray images. The accuracy of the model in isolation has been found to be good. However, the users of the model started complaining of the poor quality of results, especially inability to detect real cancer cases, when put to practice in the diagnosis lab, leading to stopping of the usage of the model.

A testing expert was called in to find the deficiencies in the test planning which led to the above scenario.

Which ONE of the following options would you expect to MOST likely be the reason to be discovered by the test expert?

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. A lack of focus on non-functional requirements testing.
- B. A lack of focus on choosing the right functional-performance metrics.
- C. The input data has not been tested for quality prior to use for testing.
- D. A lack of similarity between the training and testing data.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The question asks which deficiency is most likely to be discovered by the test expert given the scenario of poor real-world performance despite good isolated accuracy.

* A lack of similarity between the training and testing data (A): This is a common issue in ML where the model performs well on training data but poorly on real-world data due to a lack of representativeness in the training data. This leads to poor generalization to new, unseen data.

* The input data has not been tested for quality prior to use for testing (B): While data quality is important, this option is less likely to be the primary reason for the described issue compared to the representativeness of training data.

* A lack of focus on choosing the right functional-performance metrics (C): Proper metrics are crucial, but the issue described seems

more related to the data mismatch rather than metric selection.

* A lack of focus on non-functional requirements testing (D): Non-functional requirements are important, but the scenario specifically mentions issues with detecting real cancer cases, pointing more towards data issues.

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ISTQB CT-AI Syllabus Section 4.2 on Training, Validation, and Test Datasets emphasizes the importance of using representative datasets to ensure the model generalizes well to real-world data.

Sample Exam Questions document, Question #40 addresses issues related to data representativeness and model generalization.

NEW QUESTION # 92

Which ONE of the following options does NOT describe an AI technology related characteristic which differentiates AI test environments from other test environments?

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. The challenge of mimicking undefined scenarios generated due to self-learning
- B. Challenges resulting from low accuracy of the models.
- C. The challenge of providing explainability to the decisions made by the system
- D. Challenges in the creation of scenarios of human handover for autonomous systems.

Answer: D

Explanation:

AI test environments have several unique characteristics that differentiate them from traditional test environments. Let's evaluate each option:

A . Challenges resulting from low accuracy of the models.

Low accuracy is a common challenge in AI systems, especially during initial development and training phases. Ensuring the model performs accurately in varied and unpredictable scenarios is a critical aspect of AI testing.

B . The challenge of mimicking undefined scenarios generated due to self-learning.

AI systems, particularly those that involve machine learning, can generate undefined or unexpected scenarios due to their self-learning capabilities. Mimicking and testing these scenarios is a unique challenge in AI environments.

C . The challenge of providing explainability to the decisions made by the system

Explainability, or the ability to understand and articulate how an AI system arrives at its decisions, is a significant and unique challenge in AI testing. This is crucial for trust and transparency in AI systems.

D . Challenges in the creation of scenarios of human handover for autonomous systems.

While important, the creation of scenarios for human handover in autonomous systems is not a characteristic unique to AI test environments. It is more related to the operational and deployment challenges of autonomous systems rather than the intrinsic technology-related characteristics of AI .

Given the above points, option D is the correct answer because it describes a challenge related to operational deployment rather than a technology-related characteristic unique to AI test environments.

NEW QUESTION # 93

A startup company has implemented a new facial recognition system for a banking application for mobile devices. The application is intended to learn at run-time on the device to determine if the user should be granted access. It also sends feedback over the Internet to the application developers. The application deployment resulted in continuous restarts of the mobile devices.

Which of the following is the most likely cause of the failure?

- A. The size of the application is consuming too much of the phone's storage capacity.
- B. Mobile operating systems cannot process machine learning algorithms.
- C. The training, processing, and diagnostic generation are too computationally intensive for the mobile device hardware to handle.
- D. The feedback requires a physical connection and cannot be sent over the Internet.

Answer: C

Explanation:

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Facial recognition applications involve complex computational tasks, including:

- * Feature Extraction- Identifying unique facial landmarks.
- * Model Training and Updates- Continuous learning and adaptation of user data.
- * Image Processing- Handling real-time image recognition under various lighting and angles.

In this scenario, the mobile device is experiencing continuous restarts, which suggests a resource overload caused by excessive processing demands.

- * Mobile devices have limited computational power.
- * Unlike servers, mobile devices lack powerful GPUs/TPUs required for deep learning models.
- * On-device learning is computationally expensive.
- * The model is likely performing real-time learning, which can overwhelm the CPU and RAM.
- * Continuous feedback transmission may cause overheating.
- * If the system is running multiple processes-training, inference, and network communication-it can overload system resources and cause crashes.
- * (A) The feedback requires a physical connection and cannot be sent over the Internet. #(Incorrect)
- * Feedback transmission over the internet is common for cloud-based AI services. This is not the cause of the issue.
- * (B) Mobile operating systems cannot process machine learning algorithms. #(Incorrect)
- * Many mobile applications use ML models efficiently. The problem here is the high computational intensity, not the OS's ability to run ML algorithms.
- * (C) The size of the application is consuming too much of the phone's storage capacity. #(Incorrect)
- * Storage issues typically result in installation failures or lag not device restarts. The issue here is processing overload, not storage space.
- * AI-based applications require significant computational power. "The computational intensity of AI-based applications can pose a challenge when deployed on resource-limited devices."
- * Edge devices may struggle with processing complex ML workloads. "Deploying AI models on mobile or edge devices requires optimization, as these devices have limited processing capabilities compared to cloud environments." Why is Option D Correct? Why Other Options are Incorrect? References from ISTQB Certified Tester AI Testing Study Guide Thus, option D is the correct answer, as the computational demands of the facial recognition system are too high for the mobile hardware to handle, causing continuous restarts.

NEW QUESTION # 94

Arihant Meditation is a startup using AI to aid people in deeper and better meditation based on analysis of various factors such as time and duration of the meditation, pulse and blood pressure, EEG patterns etc. among others. Their model accuracy and other functional performance parameters have not yet reached their desired level.

Which ONE of the following factors is NOT a factor affecting the ML functional performance?

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. The data pipeline
- B. The number of classes
- C. The quality of the labeling
- D. Biased data

Answer: B

Explanation:

- * Factors Affecting ML Functional Performance: The data pipeline, quality of the labeling, and biased data are all factors that significantly affect the performance of machine learning models. The number of classes, while relevant for the model structure, is not a direct factor affecting the performance metrics such as accuracy or bias.
- * Reference: ISTQB_CT-AI_Syllabus_v1.0, Sections on Data Quality and its Effect on the ML Model and ML Functional Performance Metrics.

NEW QUESTION # 95

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