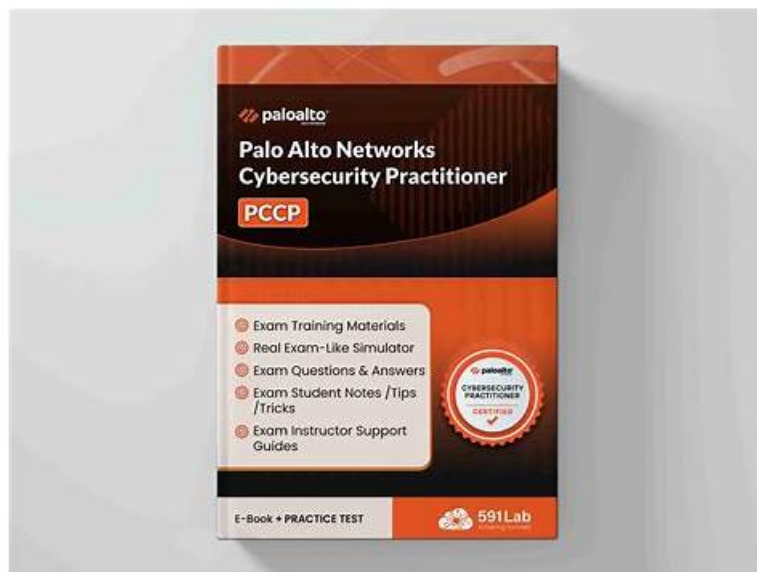


Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner

Examengine - Cybersecurity-Practitioner Deutsch



Die Fragenkataloge von EchteFrage enthalten die Lernmaterialien und Simulationsfragen zur Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Zertifizierungsprüfung. Noch wichtiger bieten wir die originalen Cybersecurity-Practitioner Fragen Und Antworten.

Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	Cloud Security: This domain covers cloud architectures, security challenges across application security, cloud posture, and runtime security, protection technologies like CSPM and CWPP, Cloud Native Application Protection Platforms, and Cortex Cloud functionality.
Thema 2	Cybersecurity: This domain covers foundational security concepts including AAA framework, MITRE ATT&CK techniques, Zero Trust principles, advanced persistent threats, and common security technologies like IAM, MFA, mobile device management, and secure email gateways.
Thema 3	- Network Security: This domain addresses network protection through Zero Trust Network Access, firewalls, microsegmentation, and security technologies like IPS, URL filtering, DNS security, VPN, and SSL - TLS decryption, plus OT - IoT concerns, NGFW deployments, Cloud-Delivered Security Services, and Precision AI.
Thema 4	Security Operations: This domain focuses on security operations including threat hunting, incident response, SIEM and SOAR platforms, Attack Surface Management, and Cortex solutions including XSOAR, Xpanse, and XSIAM.
Thema 5	- Endpoint Security: This domain addresses endpoint protection including indicators of compromise, limitations of signature-based anti-malware, UEBA, EDR - XDR, Behavioral Threat Prevention, endpoint security technologies like host firewalls and disk encryption, and Cortex XDR features.

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Die neuesten Cybersecurity-Practitioner echte Prüfungsfragen, Palo Alto

Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner originale fragen

Wir EchteFrage bieten alle mögliche Vorbereitungsunterlagen von Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Zertifizierungsprüfung. Sie können die Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsunterlagen in verschiedenen Webseiten und Büchern finden. Aber unsere Prüfungsfragen und Testantworten sind die besten und die umfassendsten. Unsere Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsfragen und-antworten können Ihnen helfen, nur einmal diese Prüfung zu bestehen. Und Sie können weniger Zeit verwenden.

Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity Practitioner Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q78-Q83):

78. Frage

On an endpoint, which method is used to protect proprietary data stored on a laptop that has been stolen?

- A. periodic data backups
- **B. full-disk encryption**
- C. endpoint-based firewall
- D. operating system patches

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Full-disk encryption is a method of protecting data on a laptop that has been stolen by encrypting the entire hard drive, making it unreadable without the correct password or key. This prevents unauthorized access to the proprietary data stored on the laptop, even if the thief removes the hard drive and connects it to another device. Full-disk encryption can be enabled using built-in features such as BitLocker on Windows or FileVault on macOS, or using third-party software such as Absolute Home & Office12.

Reference: How to Protect your Data if a Laptop is Lost or Stolen, What to do when your laptop is stolen, Palo Alto Networks Certified Cybersecurity Entry-level Technician

79. Frage

Which classification of IDS/IPS uses a database of known vulnerabilities and attack profiles to identify intrusion attempts?

- A. Behavior-based
- B. Anomaly-based
- **C. Knowledge-based**
- D. Statistical-based

Antwort: C

Begründung:

A knowledge-based system uses a database of known vulnerabilities and attack profiles to identify intrusion attempts. These types of systems have lower false-alarm rates than behavior-based systems but must be continually updated with new attack signatures to be effective.

* A behavior-based system uses a baseline of normal network activity to identify unusual patterns or levels of network activity that may be indicative of an intrusion attempt.

These types of systems are more adaptive than knowledge-based systems and therefore may be more effective in detecting previously unknown vulnerabilities and attacks, but they have a much higher false-positive rate than knowledge-based systems.

80. Frage

From which resource does Palo Alto Networks AutoFocus correlate and gain URL filtering intelligence?

- A. MineMeld
- **B. PAN-DB**
- C. Unit 52
- D. BrightCloud

Antwort: B

Begründung:

When you enable URL Filtering, all web traffic is compared against the URL Filtering database, PAN-DB, which contains millions of URLs that have been grouped into about 65 categories.

81. Frage

Which capability does Cloud Security Posture Management (CSPM) provide for threat detection within Prisma Cloud?

- A. Continuous monitoring of resources
- B. Integration with threat feeds
- C. Alerts for new code introduction
- D. Real-time protection from threats

Antwort: A

Begründung:

Cloud Security Posture Management (CSPM), including Prisma Cloud's offering, continuously monitors all cloud resources - such as compute instances, storage, network configurations, and identities - to detect misconfigurations, vulnerabilities, and potential threats in near real time.

82. Frage

With regard to cloud-native security in layers, what is the correct order of the four C's from the top (surface) layer to the bottom (base) layer?

- A. code, container, cluster, cloud
- B. container, code, cluster, cloud
- C. code, container, cloud, cluster
- D. container, code, cloud, cluster

Antwort: A

Begründung:

Cloud-native security is the integration of security strategies into applications and systems designed to be deployed and to run in cloud environments. It involves a layered approach that considers security at every level of the cloud-native application architecture. The four C's of cloud-native security are¹²³:

Code: This layer refers to the application code and its dependencies. Security at this layer involves ensuring the code is free of vulnerabilities, using secure coding practices, and implementing encryption, authentication, and authorization mechanisms.

Container: This layer refers to the lightweight, isolated units that encapsulate the application and its dependencies. Security at this layer involves scanning and verifying the container images, enforcing policies and rules for container deployment and runtime, and isolating and protecting the containers from unauthorized access.

Cluster: This layer refers to the group of nodes that host the containers and provide orchestration and management capabilities. Security at this layer involves securing the communication between the nodes and the containers, monitoring and auditing the cluster activity, and applying security patches and updates to the cluster components.

Cloud: This layer refers to the underlying infrastructure and services that support the cloud-native applications. Security at this layer involves configuring and hardening the cloud resources, implementing identity and access management, and complying with the cloud provider's security standards and best practices.

The correct order of the four C's from the top (surface) layer to the bottom (base) layer is code, container, cluster, cloud, as each layer depends on the security of the next outermost layer. Reference: What Is Cloud-Native Security? - Palo Alto Networks, What is Cloud-Native Security? An Introduction | Splunk, The 4C's of Cloud Native Kubernetes security - Medium

83. Frage

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EchteFrage ist eine professionelle Website, die jedem Kandidaten guten Service vor und nach dem Kauf bietet. Wenn Sie die Prüfungsfragen und Antworten zur Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Zertifizierungsprüfung von EchteFrage benötigen, können Sie im Internet die Demo herunterladen, um sicherzustellen, ob es Ihnen passt. So können Sie persönlich die Qualität unserer Produkte testen und dann kaufen. Fallen Sie in der Palo Alto Networks Cybersecurity-Practitioner Prüfung durch, zahlen wir Ihnen die gesamte Summe zurück. Und außerdem bieten wir Ihnen einen einjährigen kostenlosen Update-Service, bis Sie die Palo Alto

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